

SHOP MANUAL 2023



Enduro

MONTESA 4RIDE

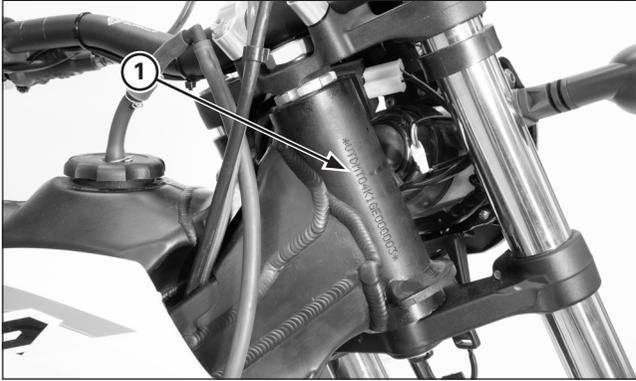
Shop Manual

The following diagram shows the version of the 4RIDE MST260 2023 model:

(ED) Street version, 4RIDE MST260



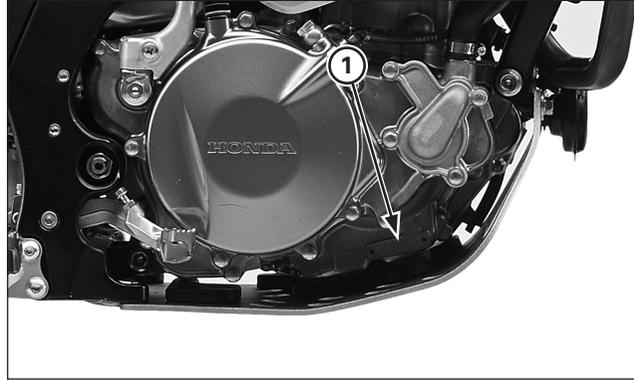
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(1) FRAME NUMBER

Serial numbers

The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is stamped on the right side of the steering head.



(1) ENGINE NUMBER

The serial number of the engine is stamped on the lower right side of the crankcase.

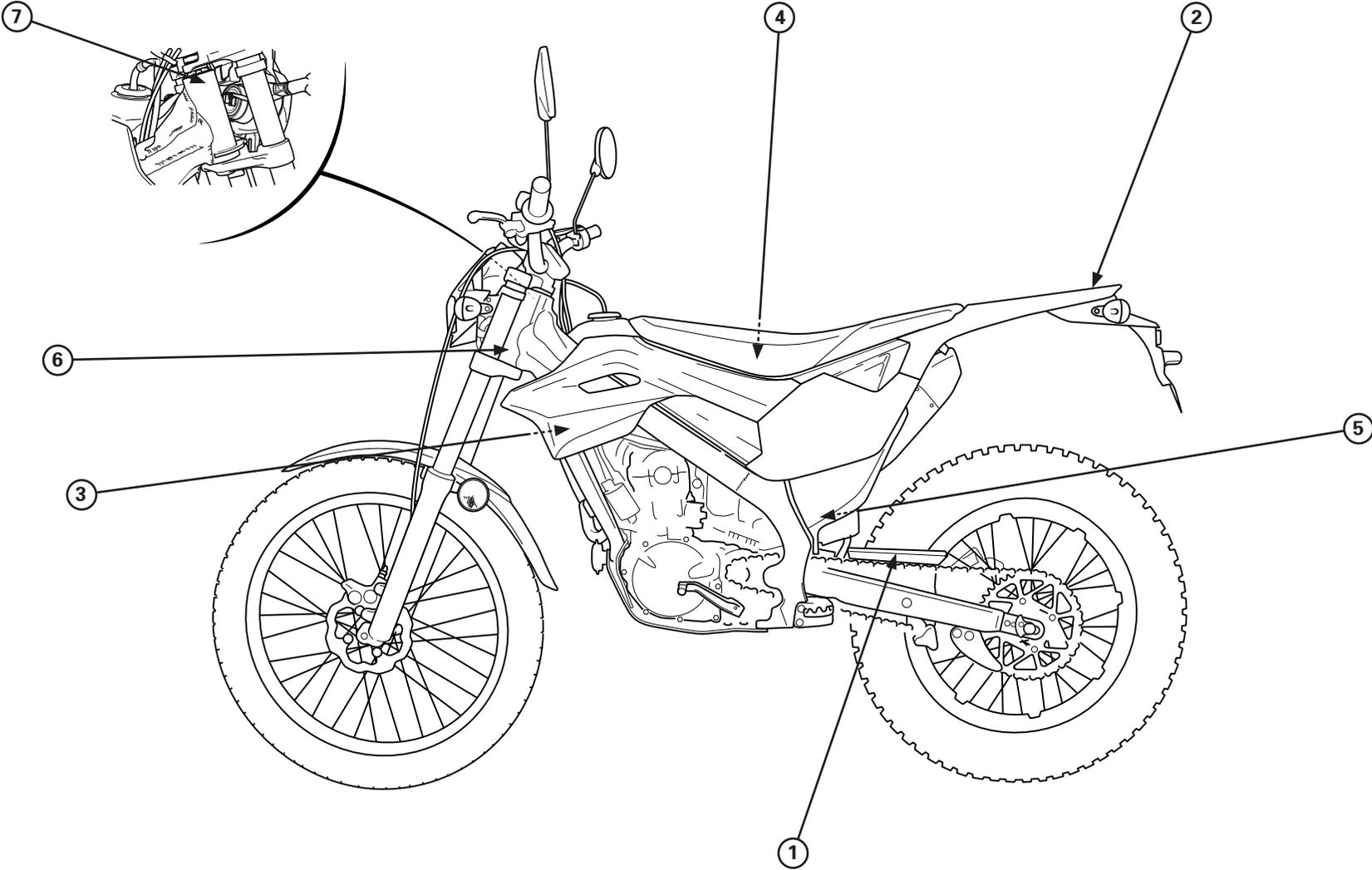
MODEL	TYPE	FRAME No.	ENGINE No.
MST 260 P	ED	VTDND14A?PE000001	NN4E6010001

Labels

The following pages show the meanings and locations of the labels on your 4RIDE.
There is a specific symbol on each label. The meanings of each symbol and label are as follows.

1		<p>Tire information Cold tire pressure (driver only)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Front: 100 kPa • Rear: 100 kPa <p>Keep chain adjusted and lubricated 25 - 35 Mm (1.0 - 1.4 In)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read owners manual
2		<p>Caution label</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This motorcycle is not designed to transport a passenger. • Read the shop manual carefully • For your protection always wear a helmet and protective gear while riding. • Petrol fuel containing up to 10% ethano. • Use unleaded gasoline, octane number 95 (RON) or higher.
3		<p>Radiator cap label Danger</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Never open when hot. • Hot coolant will scald you. • Relief pressure valve begins to open at 1.1 Kgf/cm²
4		<p>Loading and accessories warning label Warning Loading and accessories</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The stability and handling of this motorcycle can be affected by the addition of accessories and luggage. • The total weight of the accessories and luggage, added to the rider's own weight, must not exceed 111 kg, which is the aximum weight capacity. • The addition of large fairings mounted on the fork or handlebars is not recommended. • It is totally prohibited to transport cargo on the rear fender. The motorcycle has not been designed for this purpose.
5		<p>Rear damper label Gas refueling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not open. • Do not heat.
6		<p>Authorised Representative label</p>
7		<p>UK Importer label</p>

Labels



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Memo

Specifications

Item	Specification
Dimensions	
Overall length	2,035 mm
Overall width	835 mm
Overall height	1,160 mm
Wheelbase	1,335 mm
Seat height	910 mm
Ground clearance	330 mm
Frame	
Type	Aluminium twin tube
Front suspension	Telescopic
Rear suspension	Swingarm PRO-LINK
Front tire	DUNLOP D803FGP (80/100-21 M/C 51M) MICHELIN TRIAL COMPETITION (2.75-21 M/C 45L) / (2,75-21 M/C 45M)*
Rear tire	DUNLOP D803GP (120/100R18 M/C 68M) MICHELIN TRIAL COMPETITION X11 (4.00 R18 M/C 64L) / (4.00 R18 M/C 64M)*
Front brake, diameter	Single disc, 185 mm
Rear brake, diameter	Single disc, 185 mm
Fuel capacity	4.2 litres
Caster angle	24° 34'
Engine	
Type	Liquid cooled 4-stroke engine
Cylinder arrangement	Single cylinder, 3.5° inclined from vertical
Bore and stroke	78.0 x 54.2 mm
Displacement	259 cm ³
Compression ratio	10.5 : 1
Valve timing	
Intake valve opens	9° BTDC
Intake valve closes	27° ABDC
Exhaust valve opens	37° BBDC
Exhaust valve closes	5° ATDC
Lubrication system	Forced pressure and wet sump
Starting system	Primary kickstarter

Item	Specification	
Fuel System		
Type	PGM-FI	
Identification number	GQPMA	
Throttle bore	28 mm	
Drive Train		
Clutch operating system	Hydraulic operated	
Clutch type	Wet, multi-plate	
Transmission	5 speed constant mesh	
Primary reduction	3.167 (57/18T)	
Gear ratio	1st	2.385 (31/13T)
	2nd	1.933 (29/15T)
	3rd	1.500 (27/18T)
	4th	1.130 (26/23T)
	5th	0.815 (22/27T)
Final reduction	4.100 (41/10T)	
Gearshift pattern	1 - N - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5	
Electrical		
Alternator	Triple phase output alternator	
Ignition system	PGM-IGN	
Regulator type	SCR shorted/triple phase, full wave rectification	

* Minimum speed rating "L"

Service data

Service data

Unit: mm (in)

Item	Specification
Lubrication	
Specified engine oil	Repsol 4T oil-stroke motorcycle oil SAE 10W-30 or equivalent
Engine oil capacity after draining	0.41 liter (0.43 US qt, 0.36 Imp qt)
after oil filter change	0.44 liter (0.46 US qt, 0.39 Imp qt)
after disassembly	0.60 liter (0.63 US qt, 0.53 Imp qt)
Specified transmission oil	REPSOL MOTO TRANSMISSION (75W) ELF HTX740 (75W)
Transmission oil capacity after draining	0.54 liter (0.57 US qt, 0.48 Imp qt)
after disassembly	0.57 liter (0.60 US qt, 0.50 Imp qt)
Fuel System	
Throttle body identification No.	GQPMA
Throttle grip free play	3 mm.
Engine idle speed	1,800 ± 100 min-1 (rpm)
Fuel pressure	314 - 382 kPa (3.2 - 3.9 kgf/cm ²)
Fuel pump flow at 12 V	125 cm ³ minimum/10 seconds
Injector resistance	11.1 – 12.3 Ω (20 °C/68 °F)
Cooling System	
Recommended coolant	50/50 mixture coolant and distilled water
Radiator cap relief pressure	108 kPa (1.1 kgf/cm ²)

Item	Standard	Service limit
Cylinder Head/Valves		
Cylinder compression	1300 kPa (13.2 kgf/cm ² , 189 psi)	–
Cylinder head warpage	–	0.05 (0.002)
Valve stem O.D.	IN 0.12 ± 0.03 (0.005 ± 0.001) EX 0.30 ± 0.03 (0.012 ± 0.001)	– –
	IX 4.475 – 4.490 (0.1762 – 0.1768) EX 4.465 – 4.480 (0.1758 – 0.1764)	4.470 (0.1760) 4.460 (0.1756)
Valve guide I.D.	IN/EX 4.500 – 4.512 (0.1772 – 0.1776)	4.552 (0.1792)
Valve stem-to-guide clearance	IN 0.010 – 0.037 (0.0004 – 0.0015) EX 0.020 – 0.047 (0.0008 – 0.0019)	– –
Valve guide projection above cylinder head	IN 8.0 – 8.3 (0.31 – 0.33) EX 8.2 – 8.5 (0.32 – 0.33)	– –
Valve spring free length	Inner 25.41 (1.000) Outer 28.32 (1.115)	24.9 (0.98) 27.6 (1.09)
Rocker arm I.D.	10.000 – 10.015 (0.3937 – 0.3943)	10.051 (0.3957)
Rocker arm shaft O.D.	9.972 – 9.987 (0.3926 – 0.3932)	9.925 (0.3907)
Rocker arm-to-shaft clearance	0.013 – 0.043 (0.0005 – 0.0017)	0.11 (0.04)
Cam lobe height	AD 32.011 – 33.051 (1.2603 – 1.3012) ES 32.855 – 32.935 (1.2935 – 1.2967)	31.871 (1.2548) 32.748 (1.2893)

Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service limit
Cylinder/Piston			
Cylinder	I.D	78.000 – 78.015 (3.0709 - 3.0715)	78.04 (3.0724)
	Taper	–	0.05 (0.002)
	Out-of- round	–	0.05 (0.002)
	Warpage	–	0.05 (0.002)
Piston	O.D.	77.970 – 77.980 (3.0696 - 3.07008)	77.89 (3.0665)
	Measurement point	5 (0.2) from bottom of skirt	–
	Pin bore I.D.	16.002 – 16.008 (0.6300 – 0.6302)	16.03 (0.631)
Piston pin	O.D.	15.994 – 16.000 (0.6297 – 0.6299)	15.98 (0.629)
Piston ring End gap			
	Top	0.15 – 0.25 (0.008 - 0.0098425)	0.39 (0.01535)
	Second	0.30 – 0.45 (0.012 - 0.0018)	0.59 (0.02323)
	Oil (side rail)	0.20 – 0.70 (0.008 – 0.028)	0.90 (0.035)
Ring-to-groove clearance			
	Top	0.065 – 0.100 (0.0026 – 0.0039)	0.15 (0.0059)
	Second	0.015 – 0.050 (0.0006 – 0.0020)	0.065 (0.0026)
Cylinder-to-piston clearance		0.020 – 0.045 (0.008 – 0.0018)	0.18 (0.007)
Piston-to-piston pin clearance		0.002 – 0.014 (0.0001 – 0.0006)	0.04 (0.002)
Connecting rod small end I.D.		16.016 – 16.038 (0.6305 – 0.6314)	16.04 (0.631)
Clutch/Gearshift Linkage			
Recommended clutch fluid		DOT 4 brake fluid	–
Clutch spring free length		27.6 (1.09)	26.8 (1.06)
Clutch disc thickness		3.22 – 3.38 (0.127 – 0.133)	3.15 (0.124)
Clutch plate warpage		–	0.10 (0.004)
Clutch slave cylinder I.D.		27.000 – 27.021 (1.0630 – 1.0638)	–
Clutch slave piston O.D.		26.940 – 26.960 (1.0606 – 1.0614)	–
Kickstarter	Spindle O.D.	16.466 – 16.484 (0.6483 – 0.6490)	16.46 (0.648)
	Pinion gear I.D.	16.516 – 16.534 (0.6502 – 0.6509)	16.55 (0.652)
	Idle gear I.D.	17.016 – 17.034 (0.6699 – 0.6706)	17.06 (0.672)
	Countershaft O.D. at kickstarter idle gear	16.983 – 16.994 (0.6686 – 0.6691)	16.97 (0.668)

Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service limit
Crankshaft/Transmission			
Crankshaft runout	Right	–	0.03 (0.001)
	Left	–	0.05 (0.002)
Connecting rod big end			
Side clearance		0.30 – 0.75 (0.012 – 0.030)	0.8 (0.03)
Radial clearance		0.06 – 0.18 (0.002 – 0.007)	0.05 (0.002)
Transmission gear I.D.	M4	23.020 – 23.041 (0.9063 – 0.9071)	23.07 (0.908)
	M5	23.020 – 23.041 (0.9063 – 0.9071)	23.07 (0.908)
	C1	20.020 – 20.041 (0.7882 – 0.7890)	20.06 (0.790)
	C2	25.020 – 25.041 (0.9850 – 0.9859)	25.06 (0.987)
	C3	25.020 – 25.041 (0.9850 – 0.9859)	25.06 (0.987)
Gear bushing D.I.	M5	20.000 – 20.021 (0.7866 – 0.7882)	20.05 (0.789)
	C1	17.000 – 17.018 (0.6693 – 0.6700)	17.04 (0.671)
	C2	22.000 – 22.021 (0.8661 – 0.8670)	22.04 (0.868)
	C3	22.000 – 22.021 (0.8661 – 0.8670)	22.04 (0.868)
O.D.	M4	22.979 – 23.000 (0.9047 – 0.9055)	22.96 (0.904)
	M5	22.979 – 23.000 (0.9047 – 0.9055)	22.96 (0.904)
	C1	19.979 – 20.000 (0.7866 – 0.7874)	19.95 (0.785)
	C2	24.979 – 25.000 (0.9834 – 0.9843)	24.95 (0.982)
	C3	24.979 – 25.000 (0.9834 – 0.9843)	24.95 (0.982)
Countershaft O.D.			
at C1 bushing		16.983 – 16.994 (0.6686 – 0.6691)	16.97 (0.668)
at C2/C3 bushing		21.959 – 21.980 (0.8645 – 0.8654)	21.94 (0.864)
at kickstarter idle gear		16.983 – 16.994 (0.6686 – 0.6691)	16.97 (0.668)
Shift fork I.D.	C	11.003 – 11.024 (0.4332 – 0.4330)	11.04 (0.435)
	R, L	12.035 – 12.056 (0.4738 – 0.4746)	12.07 (0.475)
Shift fork claw thickness	C	4.93 – 5.00 (0.194 – 0.197)	4.8 (0.19)
	R, L	4.93 – 5.00 (0.194 – 0.197)	4.8 (0.19)
Shift fork shaft O.D.	C	10.983 – 10.994 (0.4324 – 0.4328)	10.97 (0.432)
	R, L	11.966 – 11.984 (0.4711 – 0.4718)	11.95 (0.470)
Oil pump			
Tip clearance		–	0.20 (0.008)
Body clearance		0.15 – 0.20 (0.006 – 0.008)	–
Side clearance		0.05 – 0.12 (0.002 – 0.004)	–

Service data

Unit: mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Wheels/Tires		
Axle runout		0.20 (0.008)
Cold tyre pressure:		
For road use	100 kPa (1.02 kgf/cm ²)	-
Off Road use only		
Front	70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm ²)	-
Rear	60 kPa (0.6 kgf/cm ²)	-
Wheel rim runout		
Radial	-	2.0 (0.08)
Axial	-	2.0 (0.08)
Drive chain slack	25 – 35 (1.0 – 1.4)	-
Drive chain slider thickness	-	2.0 (0.08) from upper surface
Front Suspension TECH		
Left fork spring free length	445 (17.5)	438 (17.2)
Fork tube runout	0.35 – 0.50 (0.014 – 0.020)	0.20 (0.008)
Recommended fork fluid	OJ Racing Special Fork Oil Type 01 (SAE 5W) or equivalent	
Pre-load adjuster setting	4 ± 0.5 turns out from full soft	-
Damping adjuster setting	Tension adjuster: 16 ± 2 clicks from full hard	-
Fork oil level		
Right	60 (2.3)	-
Left	125 (4.9)	-
Fork oil capacity		
Right	385 cm ³	-
Left	375 cm ³	-

Unit: mm (in)

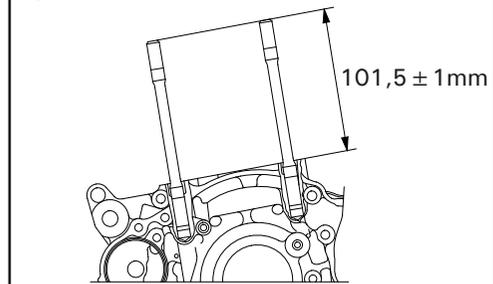
Item	Standard	Service Limit
Rear Suspension R16V		
Shock absorber spring pre-load	126 (4.96)	-
Spring free length	130 (5.1)	-
Tension adjuster setting	10 ± 2 clicks from full hard	-
Brakes		
Recommended brake fluid	DOT 4 brake fluid	-
Front		
Brake disc thickness	3.5 (0.14)	2.9 (0.11)
Brake disc runout	-	0.15 (0.006)
Rear		
Brake disc thickness	3.5 (0.14)	3.0 (0.12)
Brake disc runout	-	0.15 (0.006)
Electrical		
Spark plug	Standard: NGK: CR6EH-9	-
Spark plug gap	0.80 – 0.90 (0.031 – 0.035)	-
Ignition coil resistance		
Primary	2.6 -3.2 Ω (20° C)	-
Secondary with plug cap	17.3 -22.8 kΩ (20° C)	-
Secondary without plug cap	13.5 – 16.5 KΩ (20° C)	-
Ignition pulse generator		
Resistance	85 -115 Ω (20° C)	-
Alternator		
Regulated voltage	13.5 – 14.5 V/1,800 min-1 (rpm)	-
Charging coil resistance	0.7 -1,0 Ω (20° C)	-
ECT sensor resistance	2,3 -2,6 kΩ (20° C)	-
Bulbs		
Headlight	12V – 35/35W HS1	-
Position light	12V – 5W	-
Brake/tail light	6 LED DIODES	-
Turn signal light	12V – 10W X 4	-
Speedometer	12V	-

Torque Values

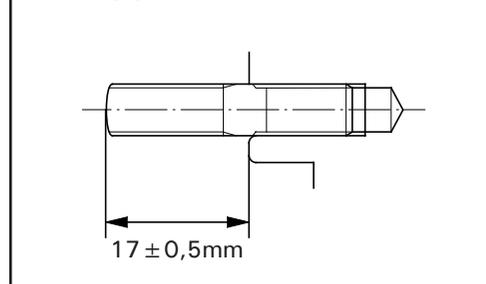
Standard

Item	Torque N·m (kgf·m / lbf·ft)
5 mm bolt and nut	5 (0,52 / 3,5)
6 mm bolt and nut	10 (1,0 / 7)
8 mm bolt and nut	22 (2,2 / 16)
10 mm bolt and nut	33 (3,4 / 25)
12 mm bolt and nut	53 (5,4 / 40)
5 mm screw	4 (0,42 / 3)
6 mm screw and flange bolt (SH type)	9 (0,9 / 7)
6 mm flange bolt and nut	12 (1,2 / 9)
8 mm flange bolt and nut	26 (2,7 / 20)
10 mm flange bolt and nut	38 (3,9 / 29)

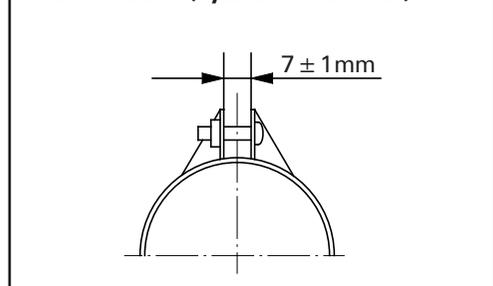
Cylinder stud bolt:



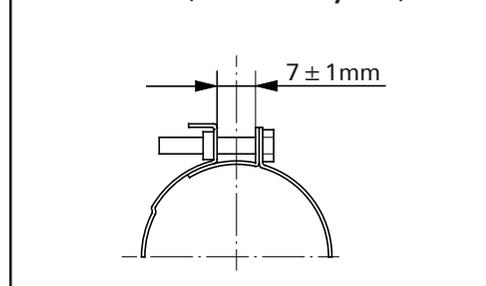
Exhaust pipe stud bolt:



Insulator band (cylinder head side):



Insulator band (throttle body side):



Engine

Item	Q'ty	Thread Dia. (mm)	Torque N·m (kgf·m / lbf·ft)	Remarks
Transmission oil drain bolt	1	8	22 (2,2 / 16)	Note 1
Engine oil drain bolt	1	8	22 (2,2 / 16)	Note 1
Right crankcase cover joint pipe	1	18	18 (1,8 / 13)	Note 2
Timing hole cap	1	14	7 (0,7 / 5,1)	Note 3
Bearing set plate socket bolt	4	6	9,8 (1,0 / 7)	Note 4
Bearing set plate screw	2	6	12 (1,2 / 9)	Note 4
Bearing set plate flat screw	2	6	9,8 (1,0 / 7)	Note 4
Cylinder head sealing bolt	1	12	32 (3,3 / 24)	Note 4
Cylinder head mounting nut	2	9	39 (4,0 / 29)	Note 1
Cylinder head joint pipe	1	18	18 (1,8 / 13)	Note 2
Vacuum port joint	1	5	2,5 (0,25 / 1,8)	
Primary drive gear special bolt	1	12	108 (11,0 / 80)	Note 1
Flywheel nut	1	18	167 (17,0 / 123)	Note 1
Cam chain tensioner bolt	1	6	12 (1,2 / 9)	Note 4
Valve clearance adjusting nut	4	6	14 (1,4 / 10)	Note 1
Injector holder socket bolt	2	6	9,8 (1,0 / 7)	
Fuel hose banjo bolt (holder side)	1	18	24 (2,4 / 17,7)	
Water pump impeller	1	7	12 (1,2 / 9)	
Clutch oil bleeder screw	1	8	6 (0,6 / 4,3)	
Clutch spring bolt	6	6	12 (1,2 / 9)	
Clutch center lock nut	1	18	69 (7,0 / 51)	Note 1
Drive sprocket UBS bolt	1	8	31 (3,2 / 23)	
Shift drum center special bolt	1	8	22 (2,2 / 16)	Note 4
Shift drum stopper arm bolt	1	6	12 (1,2 / 9)	
Shift return spring pin	1	8	22 (2,2 / 16)	
Ignition pulse generator bolt	2	5	5,4 (0,55 / 4,0)	Note 4
Stator mounting bolt	3	5	5,4 (0,55 / 4,0)	Note 4
Spark plug	1	10	16 (1,6 / 12)	Note 2

- Notes:
1. Apply clean engine oil to the threads and seating surface.
 2. Apply sealant to the threads.
 3. Apply grease to the threads.
 4. Apply a locking agent to the threads.

Service data

Frame

Item	Q'ty	Thread Dia. (mm)	Torque N·m (kgf·m, lbf·ft)	Remarks
Handlebar holder bolt	4	8	22 (2,2 / 16)	Note 1
Front axle	1	17	69 (7,0 / 51)	Note 1
Rear axle nut	1	17	69 (7,0 / 51)	Note 1
Final driven sprocket nut	4	8	32,5 (3,3 / 23,9)	
Shock absorber:				
Upper mounting bolt/nut	1	10	39 (4,0 / 29)	
Lower mounting bolt/nut	1	10	39 (4,0 / 29)	
Fork top pinch bolt	2	8	21 (2,1 / 15,4)	Note 1
Fork bottom pinch bolt	4	8	21 (2,1 / 15,4)	Note 1
Swingarm pivot nut	1	14	69 (7,0 / 51)	Note 1
Front brake disc mounting bolt	4	6	19 (1,9 / 14)	Note 2
Rear brake disc mounting bolt	4	6	17 (1,7 / 12,5)	Note 2
Side stand pivot nut	1	10	23 (2,3 / 17)	
Side stand bracket mounting bolt	2	8	27 (2,8 / 20)	Note 2
Exhaust pipe flange nut	2	6	12 (1,2 / 9)	
Engine hanger:				
Upper hanger bolt/nut	2	8	24 (2,4 / 17)	
Front hanger bolt	1	10	50 (5,1 / 37)	Note 1
Down tube mounting bolt	4	8	26 (2,7 / 19)	Note 1
Rear lower bolt	1	10	39 (4,0 / 29)	Note 1
Skid plate:				
Front mounting bolt	4	8	27 (2,8 / 20)	
Throttle housing bolt	2	5	4,2 (0,43 / 3,1)	
Clutch lever holder bolt	2	5	5,5 (0,56 / 4)	
Front brake master cylinder holder bolt	2	5	5,5 (0,56 / 4)	
Front brake caliper mounting bolt	2	8	27 (2,8 / 20)	Note 2
Brake hose:				
Front master cylinder	1	10	14 (1,4 / 10,3)	
Front caliper	1	8	20 (2,0 / 14)	
Rear master cylinder	1	10	26 (2,7 / 19)	
Rear brake caliper	1	10	26 (2,7 / 19)	
Brake pedal pivot bolt	1	8	29 (3,0 / 22)	Note 2

Frame

Item	Q'ty	Thread Dia. (mm)	Torque N·m (kgf·m, lbf·ft)	Remarks
Steering head top thread	1	26	5 (0,5 / 3,6)	Note 1
Steering stem nut	1	20	99 (9,9 / 73)	Note 1
Clutch hose (master cylinder)	1	10	14 (1,4 / 10,3)	
Clutch hose (secondary cylinder)	1	10	26 (2,7 / 20)	
Rear master cylinder mounting bolt	2	6	9 (0,8 / 6,6)	
ECT sensor	1	12	23 (2,3 / 17)	
Fuel hose banjo bolt	1	12	22 (2,2 / 16)	
Fuel pump mounting bolt	7	5	8 (0,8 / 5,9)	
Front spoke nipple	32	BC 3,5	3,7 (0,38 / 2,8)	
Rear spoke nipple	32	4	2,5 (0,26 / 1,9)	
Shock absorber spring lock nut	1	50	49 (5,0 / 36)	
Shock arm bolt/nut	1	10	39 (4,0 / 29)	
Shock link bolt/nut	2	10	39 (4,0 / 29)	
Rim lock nut	1	8	13 (1,3 / 9)	
Fork cap	2	36	13 (1,3 / 9)	
Right fork adjuster case lock nut	1	10	15 (1,5 / 11)	
Right fork lower bolt	1	14	25 (2,6 / 18,4)	
Left fork lower bolt	1	14	25 (2,6 / 18,4)	

- Notes: 1. Apply grease to the sliding surface.
2. Apply a locking agent to the threads.

Tools

Special

Description	Tool number	Applicability
Bearing remover, 12 mm Remover shaft Remover weight	Generic tool 07936-1660120 07741-0010201	Water pump bearing
Water seal driver	07945-KA30000	Water seal
Attachment, 28 x 30 mm	07946-1870100	Water pump bearing
Clutch center holder	07JMB-MN50302	Clutch center lock nut
Fork seal driver set	07947-4630100	Fork oil seal
Fork damper holder	Generic tool	Right fork socket bolt
Fork damper holder	07930-KA50100	Left fork socket bolt
Ball race remover	07948-4630100	Stem bearing race
Steering stem driver	07946-4300000	Stem lower bearing
Bearing driver	07946-KA50000	Swingarm pivot bearing
Bearing remover	07946-MJ00100	Shock link needle bearing Swingarm link bearing
Spherical bearing driver	07HMF-KS60100	Shock absorber bearing
Snap ring pliers	07914-SA50001	Master cylinder snap ring
Flywheel holder	89020-NN4-003	Flywheel
Flywheel puller	Generic tool	Flywheel
Compressor attachment	07959-MB10000	Shock absorber spring

Common

Description	Tool number	Applicability
Spoke nipple wrench	07701-0020300	Front spoke nipple
Gear holder	07724-0010100	Primary drive gear bolt
Bearing remover head	07746-0050600	Wheel bearing
Bearing remover shaft	07746-0050100	Wheel bearing
Driver	07749-0010000	Bearing removal/installation
Attachment, 24 x 26 mm	07746-0010700	Swingarm pivot bearing
Attachment, 32 x 35 mm	07746-0010100	Right countershaft bearing Left mainshaft bearing
Attachment, 37 x 40 mm	07746-0010200	Left shift drum bearing
Attachment, 42 x 47 mm	07746-0010300	Right mainshaft bearing Left countershaft bearing Right shift drum bearing Wheel bearing Ball race
Attachment, 52 x 55 mm	07746-0010400	Crankshaft oil seal
Attachment, 62 x 68 mm	07746-0010500	Left crankshaft bearing
Attachment, 72 x 75 mm	07746-0010600	Right crankshaft bearing
Pilot, 12 mm	07746-0040200	Water pump bearing
Pilot, 17 mm	07746-0040400	Right countershaft bearing Left mainshaft bearing
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0040500	Left countershaft bearing Wheel bearing Swingarm pivot bearing
Pilot, 22 mm	07746-0041000	Right mainshaft bearing
Pilot, 25 mm	07746-0040600	Right shift drum bearing
Pilot, 30 mm	07746-0040700	Right crankshaft bearing
Pin spanner	07702-0020001	Shock spring adjuster (2 required)
Shock absorber compressor	07GME-0010100	Shock absorber spring

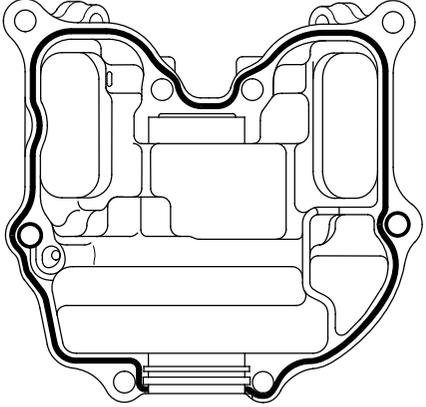
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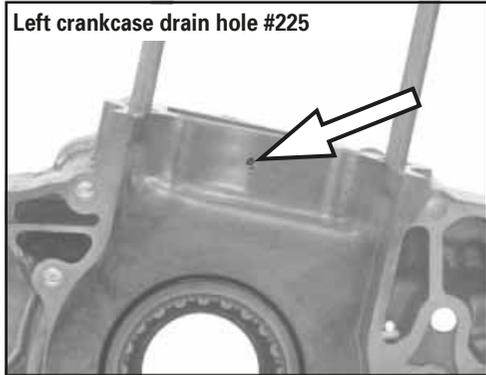
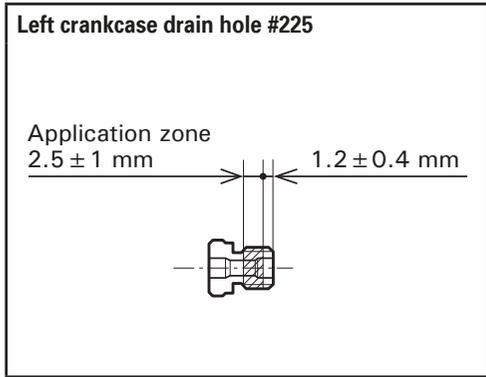
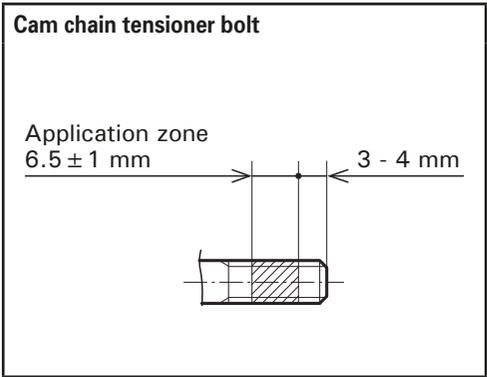
Lubrication & Seal Points

Engine

Item	Material	Remarks
Crankcase sealing bolt threads and seating surface	Repsol 4T-stroke engine oil	
Cylinder bore inner surface		
Cylinder head nut threads and seating surface		
Piston inner area, piston pin area		
Piston pin outer surface		
Piston ring surface		
Crankshaft oil seal lips		
Decompressor weight sliding surface		
Valve adjusting nut threads		
Oil pump rotor sliding surface		
Clutch outer sliding surface		
Clutch friction disc surface		
Clutch center nut threads and seating surface		
Clutch lifter piece needle bearing area		
Primary drive gear bolt threads and seating surface		
Shift drum grooves		
Gearshift spindle serration		
Flywheel nut threads and seating surface		
Each bearing		
Each O-ring		
Crankcase inside (transmission oil)	REPSOL MOTO TRANSMISSION (75W) ELF HTX740 (75W)	
Crankcase inside (engine oil)	Repsol 4T-stroke engine oil 10W-30 or equivalent	600 cm ³

Item	Material	Remarks
Connecting rod small end I.D.	Molybdenum oil solution (A 50/50 mixture of molybdenum disulfide grease and engine oil)	
Connecting rod big end		
Camshaft outer surface		
Rocker arm I.D.		
Valve stem sliding surface		
Valve stem end sliding surface		
Clutch outer collar sliding surface		
Mainshaft spline and gear sliding surface		
Countershaft spline and gear sliding surface		
Shift fork I.D. and gear contact area		
Shift fork shaft surface		
Kickstarter spindle spline area and gear sliding surface		
Each gear		
Right crankshaft bearing set plate bolt threads		
Right mainshaft bearing/shift drum bearing set plate bolt threads		
Left countershaft bearing set plate bolt threads	3.5 ± 1 mm	
Left crankcase sealing bolt threads	6.5 ± 1 mm	
Cylinder mounting bolt threads		
Cylinder head sealing bolt threads		
Cam chain tensioner bolt threads		
Shift drum center bolt threads		
Ignition pulse generator bolt threads		
Stator mounting bolt threads		

Item	Material	Remarks
Clutch slave cylinder piston/O-ring	Silicone grease	
Left crankcase cover cap threads	Lithium based multipurpose grease	
Each oil seal lips		
Water seal lips		
Right crankcase and cylinder head cover water hose joint thread	Sealant	
Cylinder head cover mating surface	Three Bond 1207B o equivalent	
		



Wheel

Item	Material	Remarks
Rear wheel nipple	Locking agent Candar C73R	

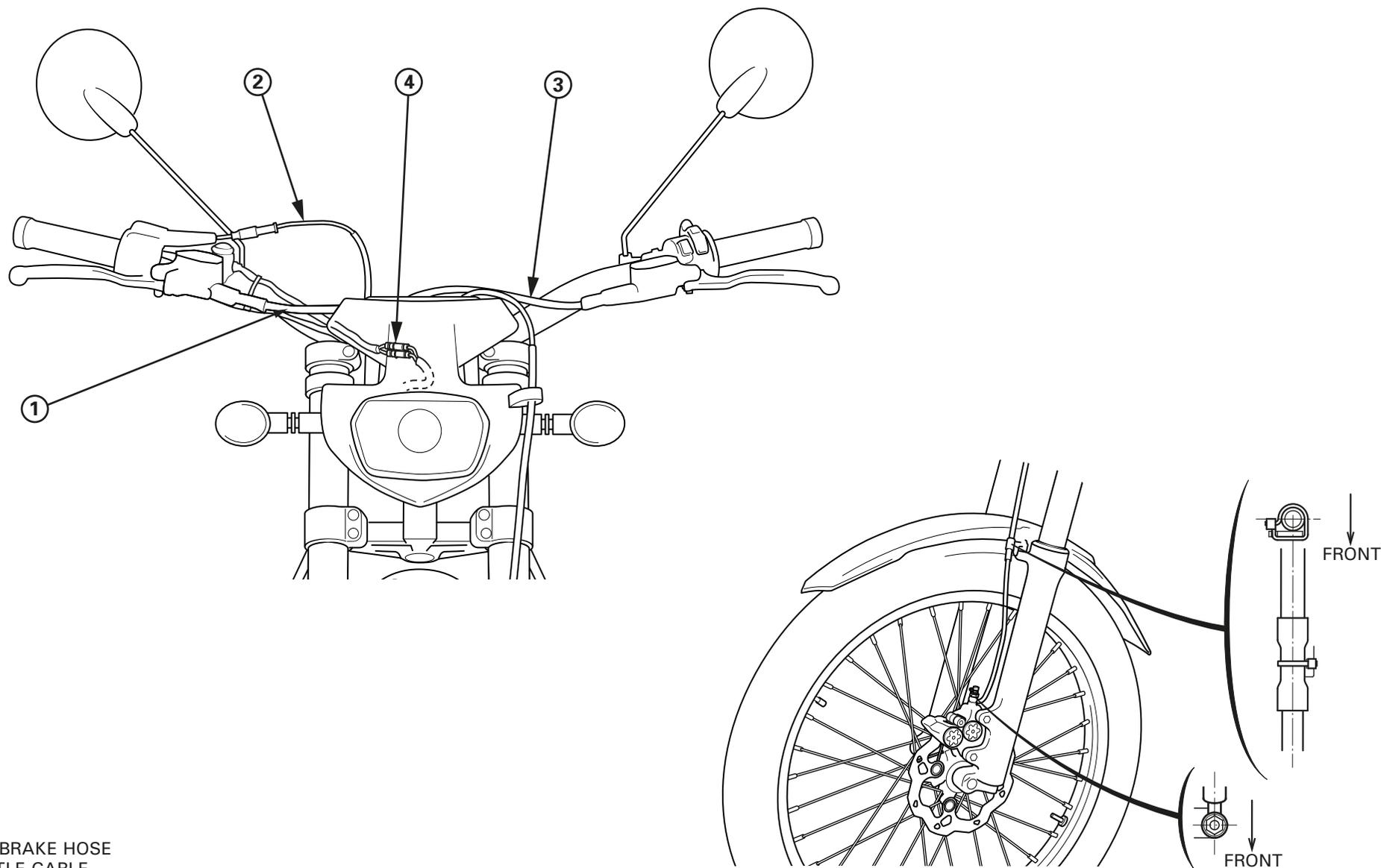
Service data

Frame

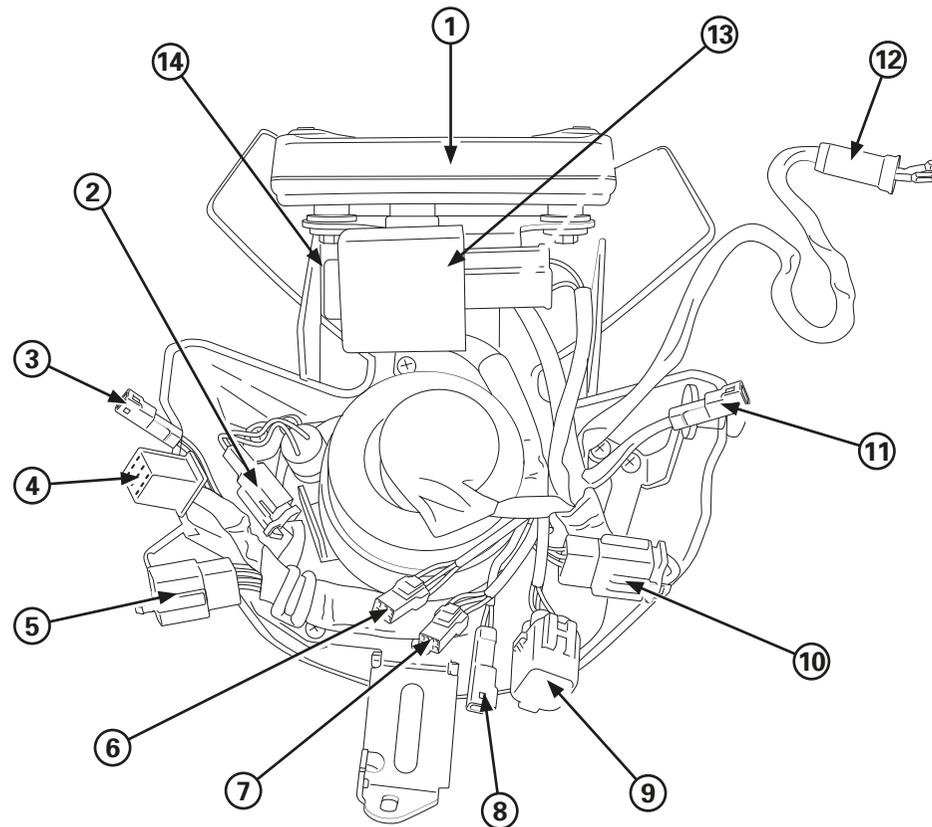
Item	Material	Remarks
Steering head bearing race and bearings	Multi-purpose grease	
Steering head dust seal lips		
Swingarm pivot needle bearing		
Swingarm pivot dust seal lips		
Shock link/shock arm needle bearings		
Shock link/shock arm dust seal lips		
Kickstarter arm joint sliding		
Brake lever pivot sliding surface		
Side stand pivot sliding surface		
Brake pedal pivot sliding surface		
Chain tensioner roller bearings		
Clutch lever pivot sliding surface		
Front and rear wheel axle thread		
Step joint pin surface		
Throttle pipe sliding surface and throttle wire drum	4-stroke engine oil	
Brake hydraulic system inside	DOT 4 brake fluid	
Clutch hydraulic system inside		
Air cleaner element	Specific oil for air filters	
Throttle cable sliding surface	Cable lubricant	
Handlebar grip	Honda bond A or equivalent	

Item	Material	Remarks
Drive chain adjuster stopper screws threads	Locking agent	
Side stand bracket bolt threads		
Drive chain slider mounting screw threads		
Rear brake hose clamp screw threads		
Cooling fan screws threads		

Cable & Harness Routing

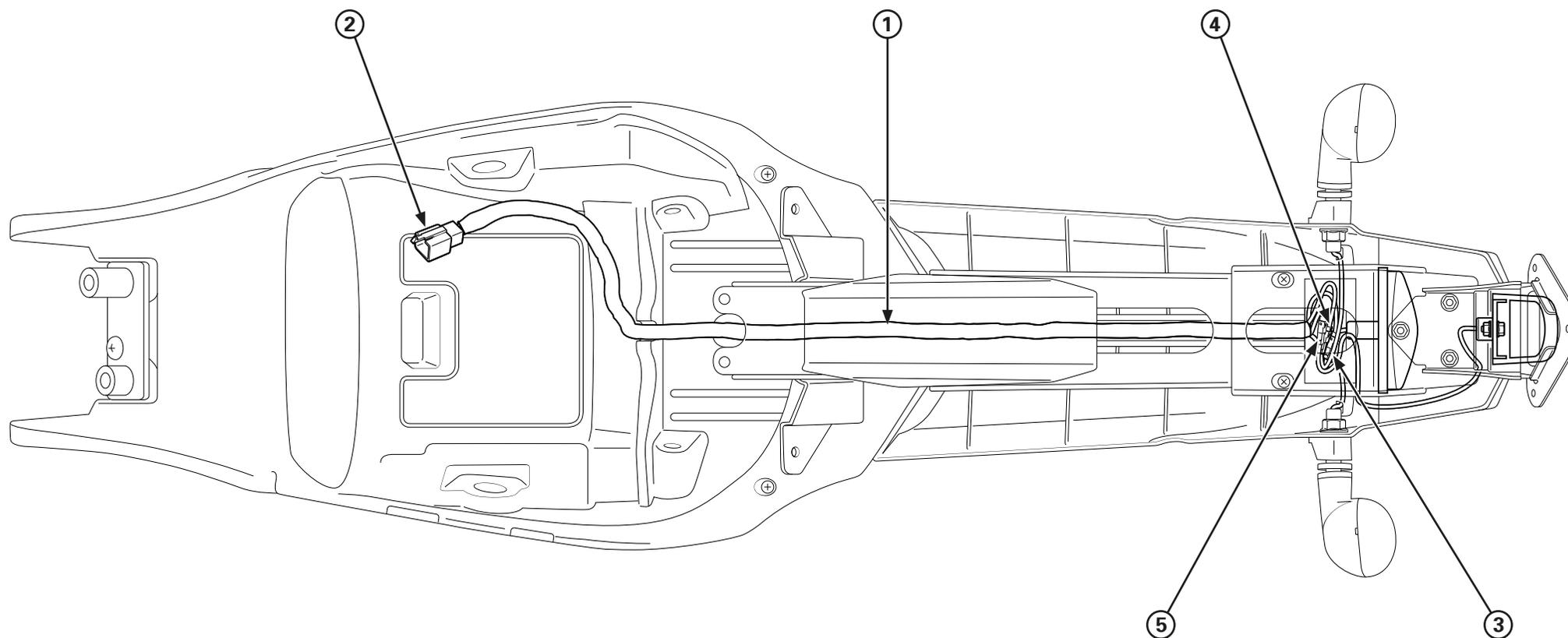


- (1) FRONT BRAKE HOSE
- (2) THROTTLE CABLE
- (3) CLUTCH HOSE
- (4) ENGINE STOP SWITCH CONNECTOR

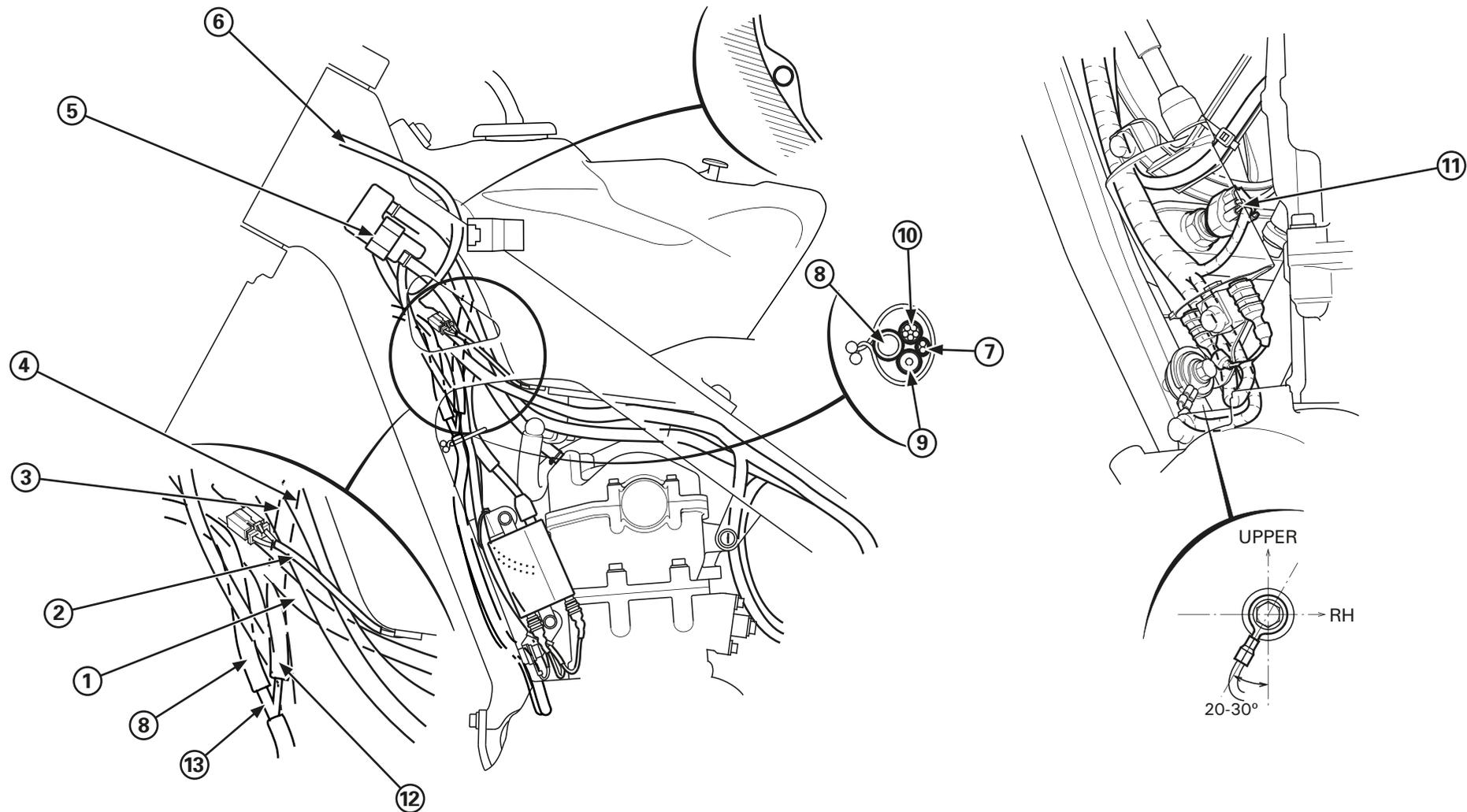


- (1) SPEEDOMETER
- (2) 2P CONNECTOR (POSITION LIGHT)
- (3) LEFT FRONT TURN SIGNAL CONNECTORS
- (4) 9P CONNECTOR (LIGHT SWITCH)
- (5) 9P CONNECTOR (SUB-HARNESS)
- (6) 3P CONNECTOR (SPEED SENSOR)
- (7) 4P CONNECTOR (MIL)

- (8) 2P CONNECTOR (FUEL LEVEL)
- (9) CONNECTOR (OBD)
- (10) 6P CONNECTOR (SPEEDOMETER)
- (11) RIGHT FRONT TURN SIGNAL CONNECTORS
- (12) FRONT BRAKE SWITCH
- (13) WINKER RELAY
- (14) POWER RELAY

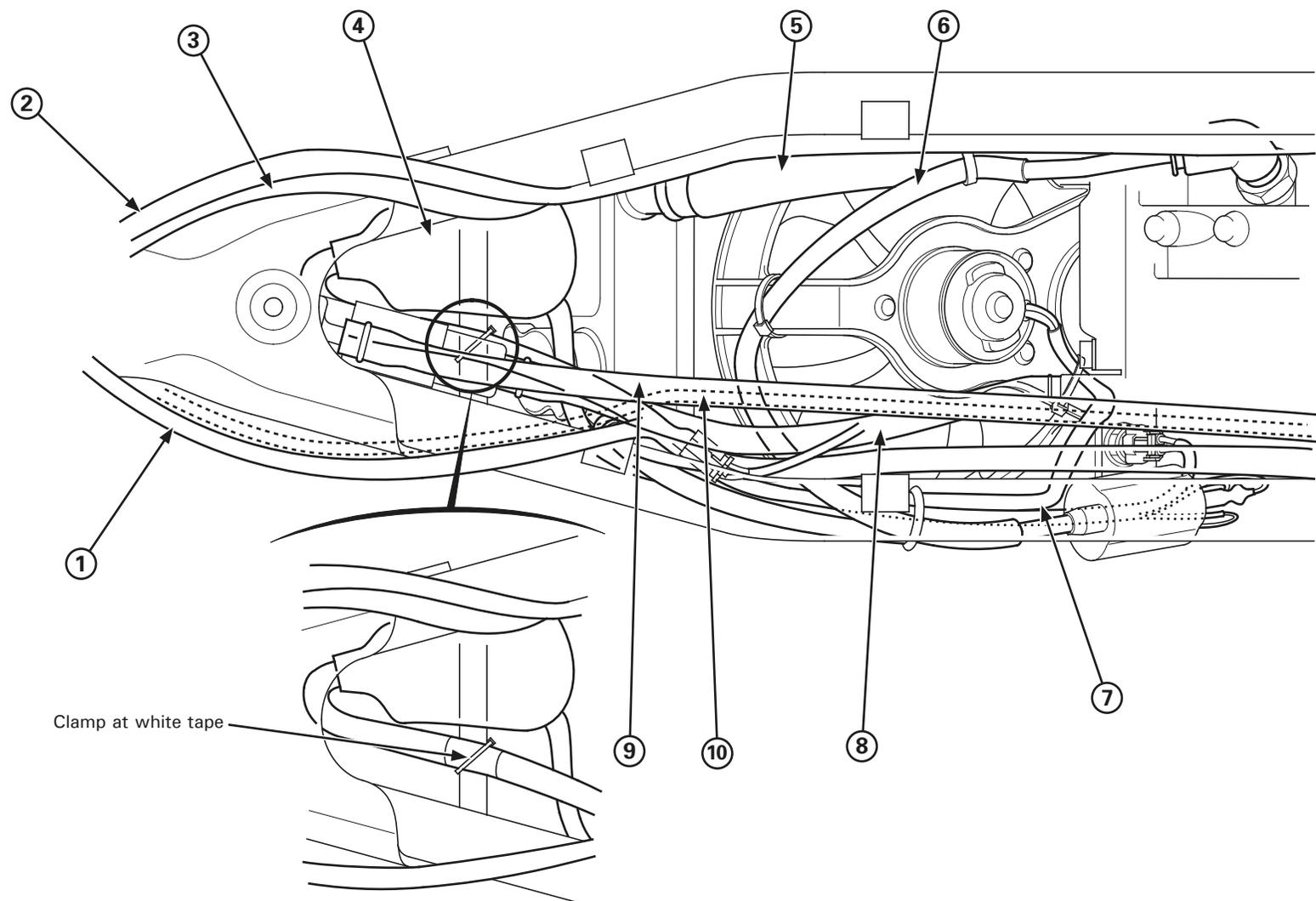


- (1) INDICATOR LIGHT INSTALLATION
- (2) INDICATOR LIGHT INSTALLATION CONNECTOR
- (3) RIGHT REAR TURN SIGNAL CONNECTORS
- (4) LEFT REAR TURN SIGNAL CONNECTORS
- (5) REGISTRATION PLATE LIGHT CONNECTOR



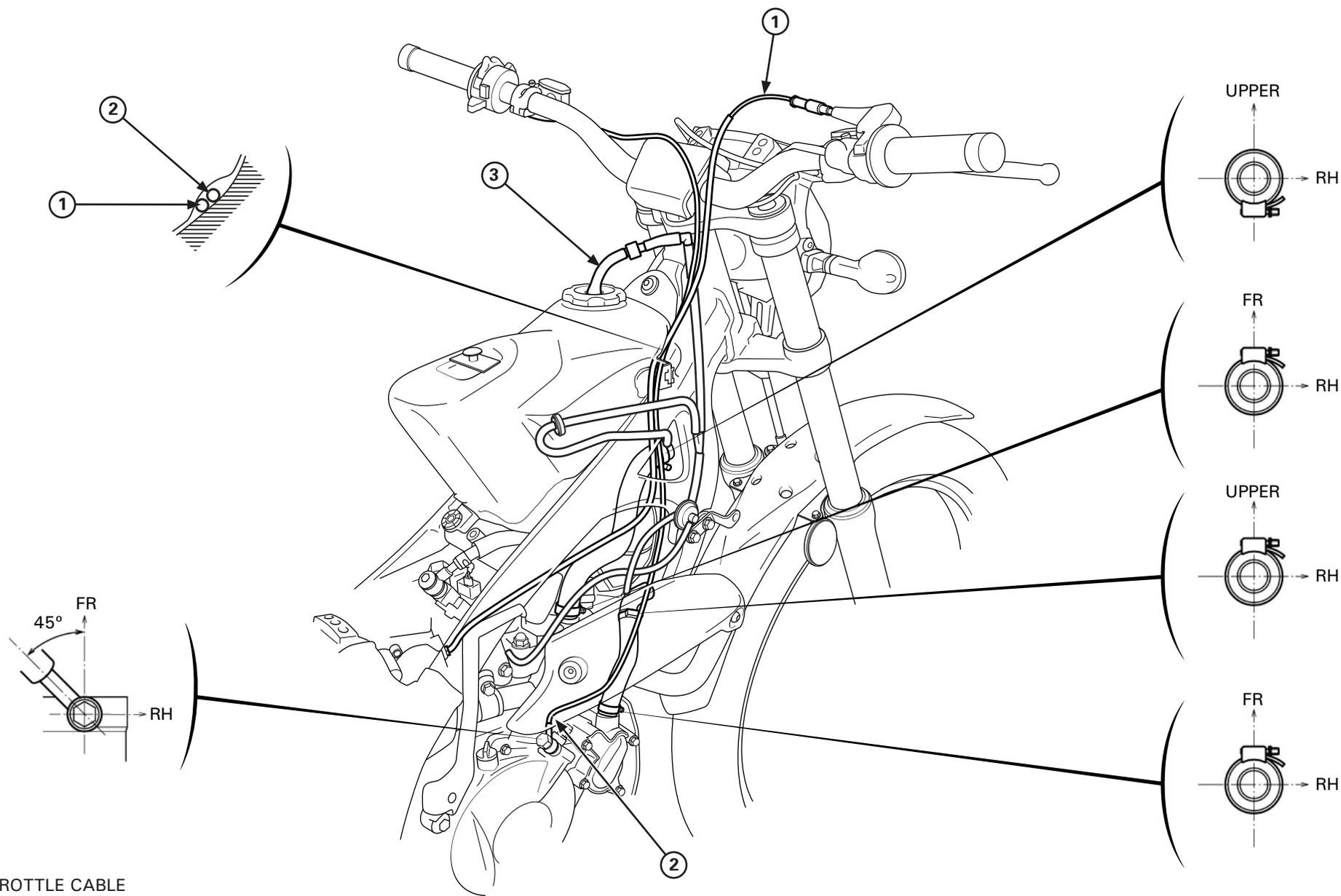
- (1) MAIN WIRE HARNESS
- (2) FUEL PUMP WIRE
- (3) CYLINDER HEAD BREATHER HOSE
- (4) AIR FILTER BOX BREATHER HOSE
- (5) STORAGE TANK
- (6) ENGINE STOP SWITCH WIRE
- (7) FAN MOTOR WIRE

- (8) FUEL CAP BREATHER HOSE
- (9) SPARK PLUG WIRE
- (10) WIRE HARNESS (TO IGNITION COIL)
- (11) ECT SENSOR
- (12) FUEL TANK BREATHER HOSE
- (13) HOSE CONNECTOR

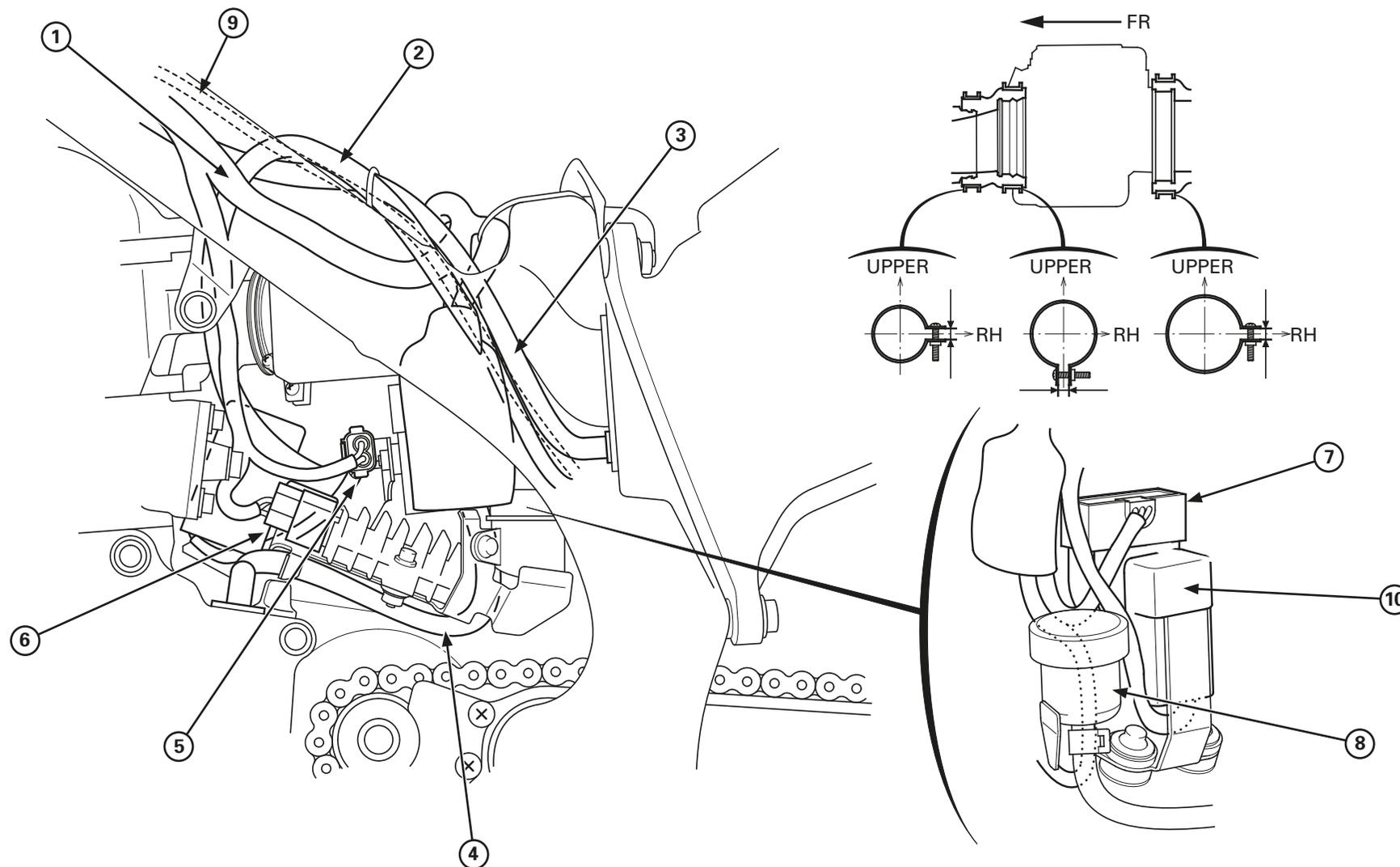


- (1) WIRE HARNESS
- (2) THROTTLE CABLE
- (3) CLUTCH HOSE
- (4) CONNECTOR BOOT
 - FAN MOTOR 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
 - POWER CONNECTOR
 - LIGHT RELAY CONNECTOR
 - COOLANT TEMPERATURE 2P CONNECTOR

- (5) UPPER RADIATOR HOSE
- (6) SPARK PLUG WIRE
- (7) FAN MOTOR WIRE
- (8) FILTER BOX BREATHER HOSE
- (9) CYLINDER HEAD BREATHER HOSE
- (10) SPEED SENSOR CABLE

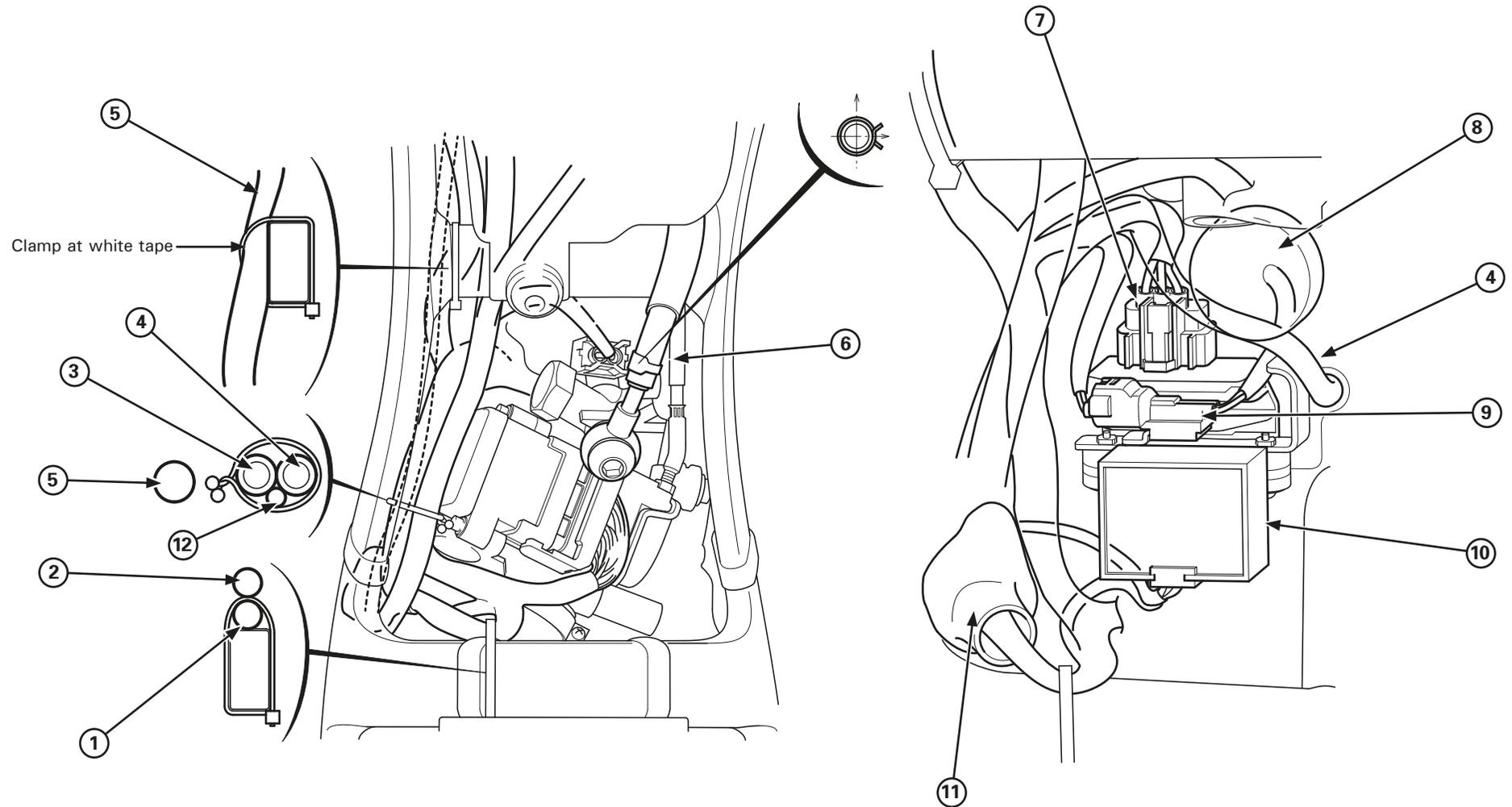


- (1) THROTTLE CABLE
- (2) CLUTCH HOSE
- (3) FUEL TANK BREATHER HOSE



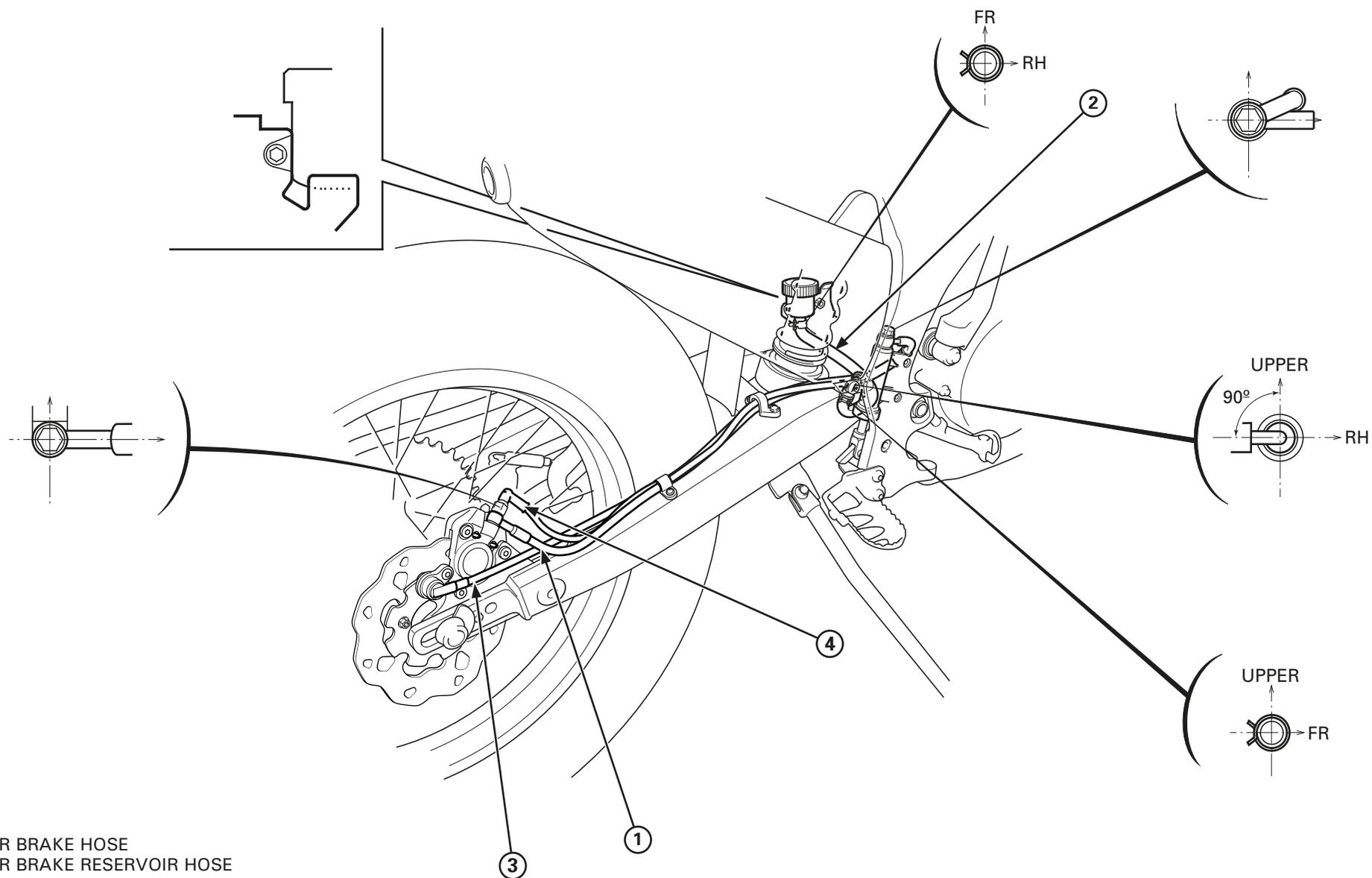
- (1) MAIN WIRE HARNESS
- (2) TRANSMISSION BREATHER HOSE
- (3) FILTER BOX BREATHER HOSE
- (4) ALTERNATOR WIRE
- (5) CONDENSER 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR

- (6) REGULATOR/RECTIFIER 5P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
- (7) BANK ANGLE SENSOR
- (8) REAR BRAKE RESERVOIR TANK
- (9) SPEED SENSOR CABLE
- (10) FAN MOTOR RELAY

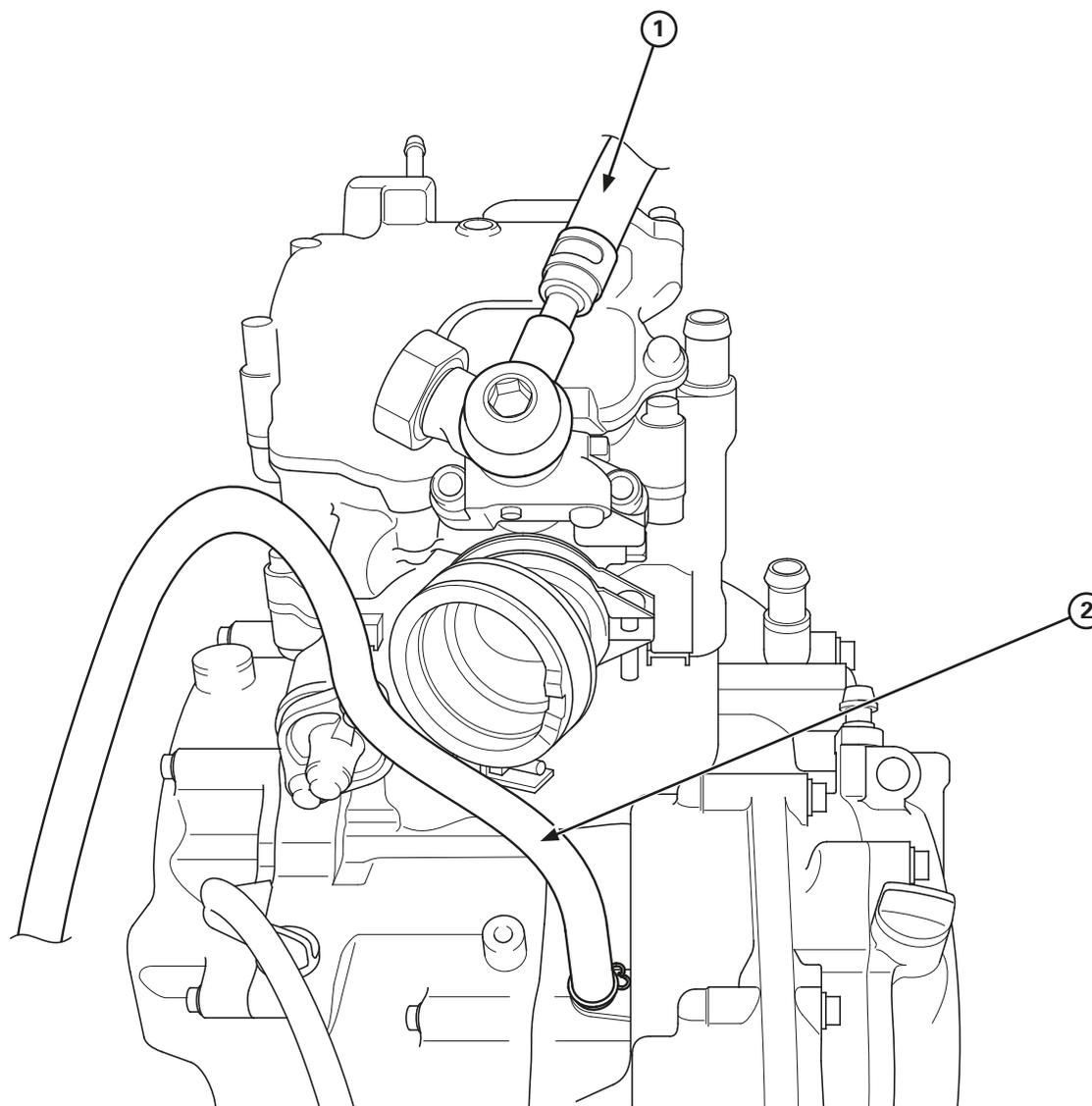


- (1) MAIN WIRE HARNESS (TO CONNECTOR COVER)
- (2) MAIN WIRE HARNESS (TO ECU)
- (3) AIR FILTER BOX BREATHER HOSE
- (4) TRANSMISSION BREAHTER HOSE
- (5) WIRE HARNESS
- (6) FUEL FEED HOSE

- (7) REGULATOR/RECTIFIER 5P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
- (8) CONDENSOR
- (9) CONDENSOR 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
- (10) BANK ANGLE SENSOR
- (11) CONNECTOR COVER
- (12) SPEED SENSOR CABLE



- (1) REAR BRAKE HOSE
- (2) REAR BRAKE RESERVOIR HOSE
- (3) SPEED SENSOR
- (4) REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH



- (1) FUEL FEED HOSE
- (2) TRANSMISSION BREATHER HOSE

2. Service and maintenance

Maintenance schedule

Perform pre-ride Inspection at each scheduled maintenance period.

Maintenance level

: Intermediate.

We recommend that the service be performed by your dealer, unless you have the necessary tools and technical capacities. The procedures are included in an official Montesa Shop Manual.

: Technical.

In the interest of safety, have your motorcycle serviced by your dealer.

Maintenance legend

I: Inspect (clean, adjust, lubricate or replace, if necessary)

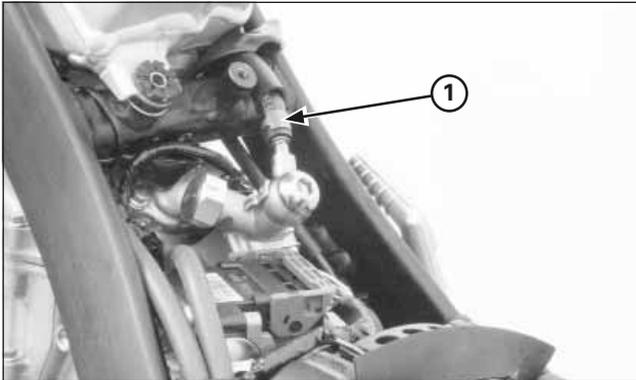
R: Replace

C: Clean

ITEM	FREQUENCY	Pre-ride check	500 Km.	1.500 Km.	3.000 Km.	4.500 Km.	6.000 Km.	Every 6 months	Yearly check	Every 2 years	Remarks
Fuel level		I									Make sure that you have enough fuel for the trip planned.
Throttle operation		I	I	I	I	I	I		I		
Engine oil		I	R	R	R	R	R		R		
Transmission Oil			R	R	R	R	R		R		
Drive Chain		I	I	I	I	I	I				Check the item after riding in adverse conditions and dusty areas.
Brake Fluid		I	I	I	I	I	I		I	R	
Brake Pad Wear		I	I	I	I	I	I				
Clutch system		I	I	I	I	I	I		I		
Wheels / tyres		I	I	I	I	I	I		I		
Side stand		I	I	I	I	I	I		I		Check the item after riding in adverse conditions and dusty areas.
Lights / horn		I	I	I	I	I	I		I		
Engine stop switch		I	I	I	I	I	I				
Fuel Line			I	I	I	I	I		I		

Service and maintenance

ITEM	FREQUENCY	Pre-ride check	500 Km.	1.500 Km.	3.000 Km.	4.500 Km.	6.000 Km.	Every 6 months	Yearly check	Every 2 years	Remarks
Fuel filter									I		
Clean under the front suspension fender								I			
Air cleaner			C	R	R	R	R				Check the air cleaner after riding in dusty areas.
Fuel evaporative emission control system				I	I	I	I	I			Check the item after riding in adverse conditions and dusty areas.
Spark Plug					I		R				
Valve clearance			I		I		I				
Crankcase breather				C	C	C	C		C		
Engine oil filter			R	R	R	R	R		R		
Engine oil filter screen			C	C	C	C	C				
Engine idle speed			I	I	I	I	I		I		
Radiator coolant			I	I	I	I	I		I	R	
Cooling system			I	I	I	I	I		I		
Drive chain slider / tensioner			I	I	I	I	I				Check the item after riding in adverse conditions and dusty areas.
Drive / driven sprocket			I	I	I	I	I				
Drive chain slider			I	I	I	I	I				
Brake system			I	I	I	I	I		I		
Clutch fluid			I	I	I	I	I		I	R	
Rear suspension			I	I	I	I	I		I		Check the items more often when riding in adverse conditions and dusty areas.
Damper linkage / rods			I	I	I	I	I		I		
Fork oil										R	
Steering pipe bearing			I	I	I	I	I		I		
Wheel bearings					R		R				
Nuts, bolts and fasteners			I	I	I	I	I		I		

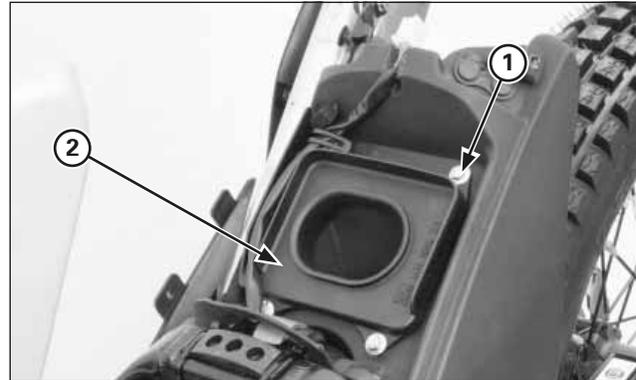


(1) FUEL FEED HOSE

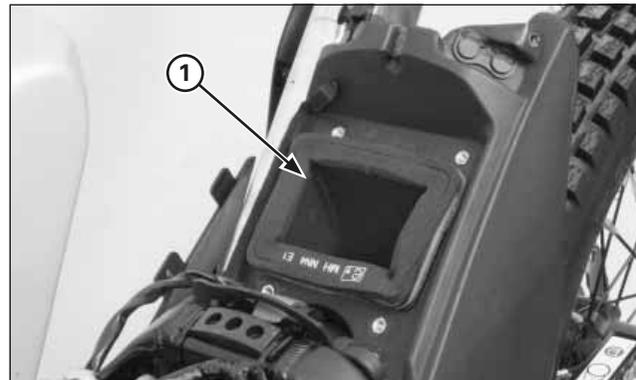
Fuel Line

Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Check the fuel feed hose for cracks, deterioration or leakage.



(1) BOLTS
(2) AIR CLEANER HOUSING COVER

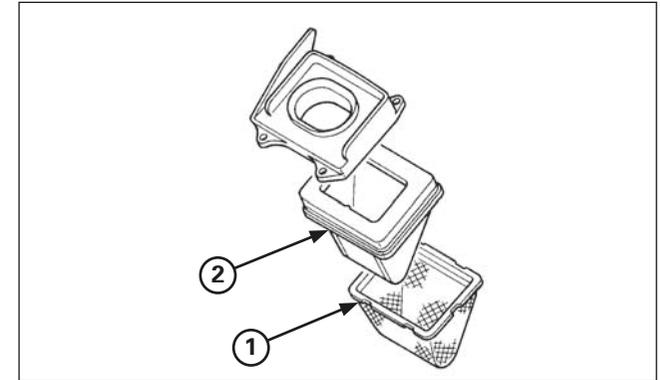


(1) AIR CLEANER ELEMENT

Air Cleaner

Remove the four bolts and air cleaner housing cover.

Remove the air cleaner element assembly from the air cleaner housing.



(1) FLAME TRAP
(2) AIR CLEANER ELEMENT

Remove the flame trap from the air cleaner element. Check the frame trap for damage, replace if necessary.

Thoroughly wash the element in clean non-flammable cleaning solvent, then wash in a solution of hot water and dish-washing liquid soap.

Apply specific oil for air filters to the element, and squeeze out excess oil.

Clean the inside of the air cleaner housing.

WARNING

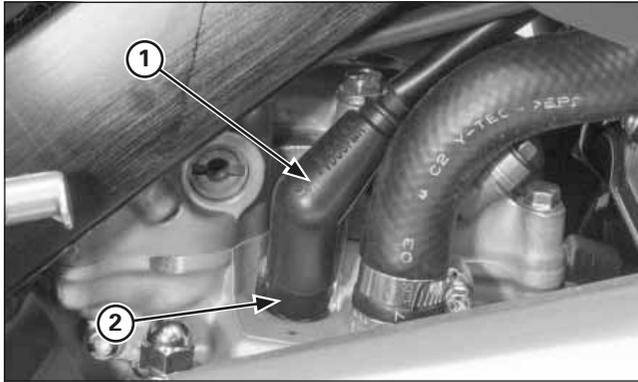
Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner element. A fire or explosion could result. Soak the element in engine oil and squeeze out the excess.

NOTICE

Do not twist the element to squeeze out the excess. Failure to follow this precaution can result in a damaged element.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Service and maintenance



(1) SPARK PLUG CAP
(2) SPARK PLUG

Spark Plug

Using a spark plug with the wrong heat range can damage the engine or cause the plugs to foul. Be careful to select the correct spark plug for the conditions.

Standard plug: NGK: CR6EH-9

Plug Gap

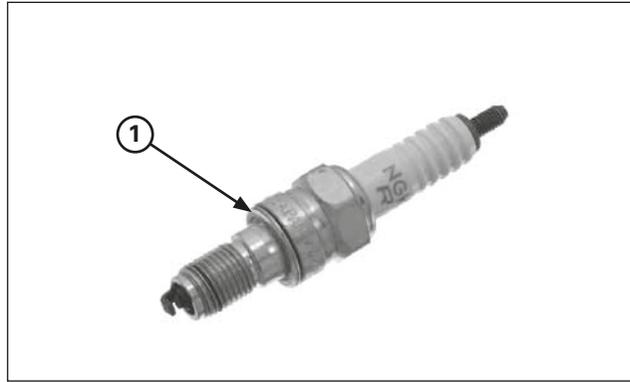
Remove the spark plug and measure the spark plug gap.

Standard: 0.8 – 0.9 mm (0.031 – 0.035 in)

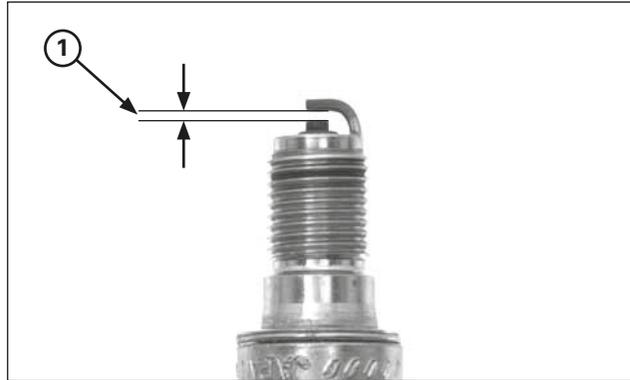
Replace the spark plug if the spark plug gap is out of specification.

Install and tighten the spark plug.

Torque: 16 N·m (1.6 kgf·m, 12 lbf·ft)



(1) INSULATOR



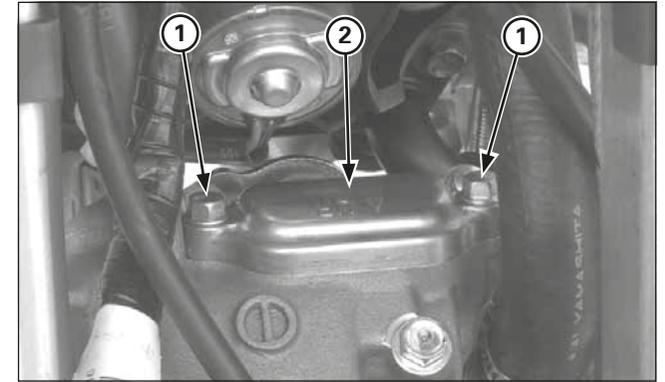
(1) SPARK PLUG GAP

Flash Over

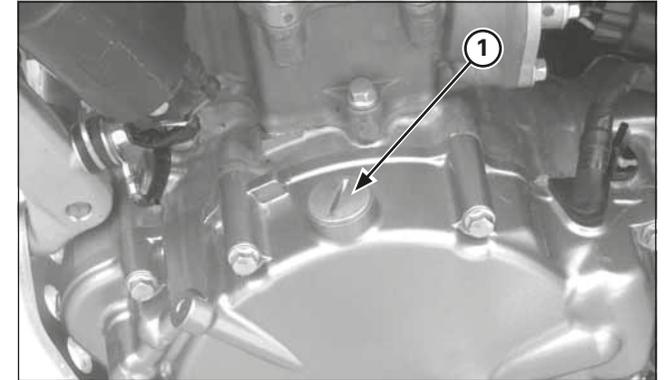
If engine misfire occurs due to arcing, replace both the spark plug and the cap.

Spark Plug Cap

Remove the spark plug cap from the spark plug. Clean the inside of the plug cap with electrical contact cleaner to prevent misfire.



(1) BOLTS
(2) TAPPET ADJUSTING HOLE COVER



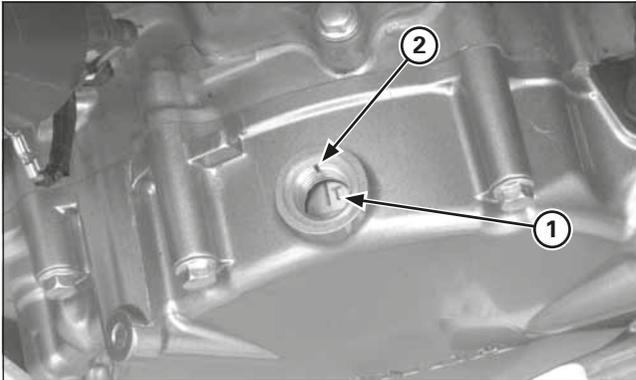
(1) TIMING HOLE CAP/O-RING

Valve Clearance

Inspection

Inspect and adjust the valve clearance while the engine is cold (below 35°C/95°F).

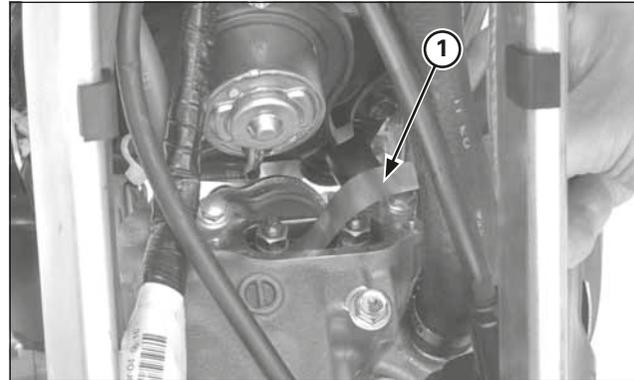
Remove the fuel tank/injector assembly.
Remove the bolts and tappet adjusting hole covers from the cylinder head cover.
Remove the timing hole cap and O-ring.



(1) "T" MARK
(2) INDEX MARK

Operate the kickstarter pedal and align the "T" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Make sure the piston is at TDC (Top Dead Center) on the compression stroke by moving the rocker arms.



(1) FEELER GAUGE

Insert a feeler gauge between the rocker arm and valve stem and measure the intake and exhaust valve clearances.

Valve clearance:

Intake: 0.12 ± 0.03 mm (0.005 ± 0.001 in)
Exhaust: 0.30 ± 0.03 mm (0.012 ± 0.001 in)

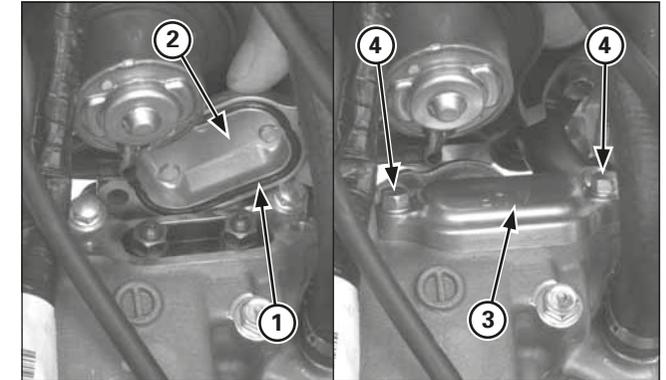
Adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting screw until there is a slight drag on a feeler gauge.

Tools:

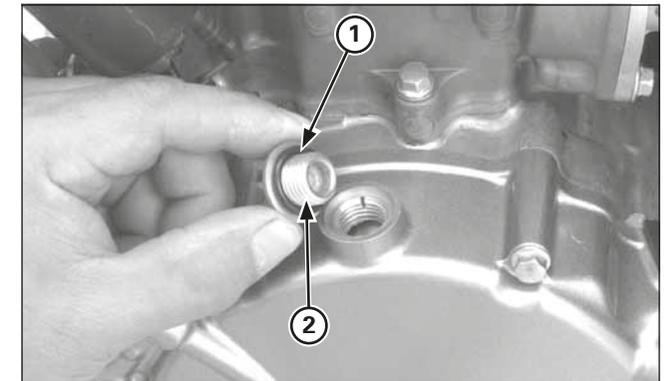
Valve adjusting wrench, 10x12 mm 07708-0030200
(equivalent commercially available)
Valve adjuster B 07708-0030400

After adjustment, tighten the lock nut while holding the adjusting screw.
Recheck the valve clearance.

Torque: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10 lbf·ft)



(1) O-RING
(2) VALVE ADJUSTING HOLE COVER
(3) "UP" MARK (4) BOLTS



(1) O-RING
(2) TIMING HOLE CAP

Check that the valve adjusting hole cover O-ring is in good condition, replace if necessary.

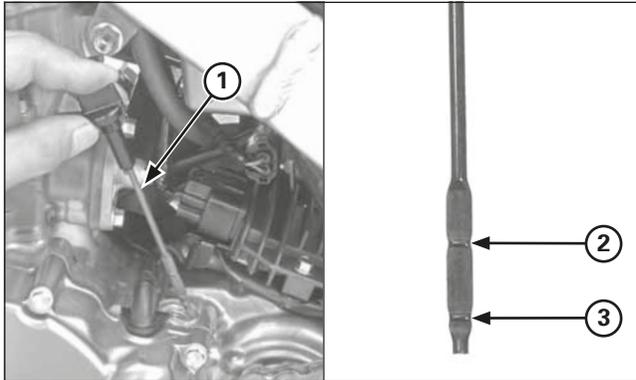
Coat the O-rings with clean engine oil and install them in the valve adjusting hole cover grooves.

Install the valve adjusting hole cover with their "UP" mark facing up and then install and tighten the bolts securely.

Check the timing hole cap O-ring is in good condition, replace if necessary.

Install and tighten the timing hole cap.

Service and maintenance



- (1) OIL FILLER CAP/DIPSTICK
- (2) UPPER LEVEL LINE
- (3) LOWER LEVEL LINE

Engine Oil/Oil Filter

Oil Level Inspection

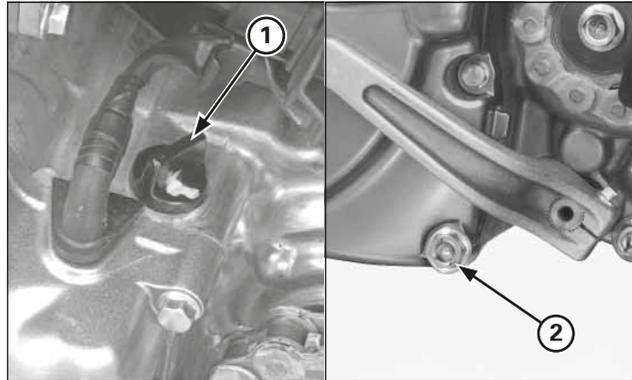
Start the engine and let it idle for a 3 minutes.
Stop the engine and wait 3 minutes.
Support the motorcycle upright on a level surface.

Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick on left crankcase and wipe the oil with a clean cloth.
Insert the dipstick without screwing it in, remove it and check the oil level.

If the oil level is below or near the lower level line on the dipstick, add the recommended engine oil to the upper level line through the oil filler hole.

Specified engine oil:

**Repsol 4-stroke motorcycle oil (10W-30)
or equivalent**



- (1) OIL FILLER CAP/DIPSTICK
- (2) DRAIN BOLT/SEALING WASHER

Oil Change

Change the engine oil with the engine warm.
Support the motorcycle with its side stand.
Remove the bolts and skid plate.

1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick.
2. Place an oil drain pan under the engine and remove the drain bolt on the left crankcase cover.
3. After the oil has completely drained, make sure that the sealing washer is in good condition and reinstall the drain bolt. Tighten the drain bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m, 16 lbf·ft)

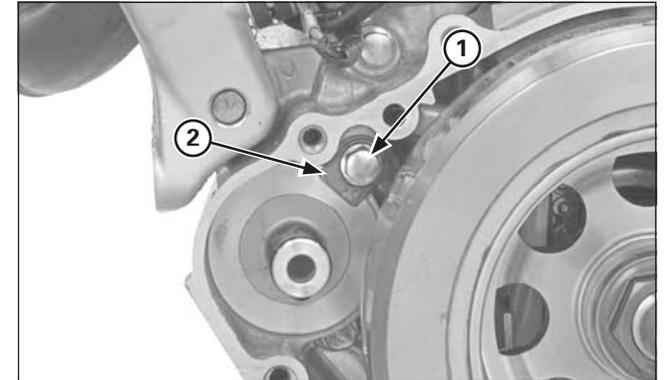
4. Pour recommended engine oil slowly through the oil filler hole.

Specified engine oil:

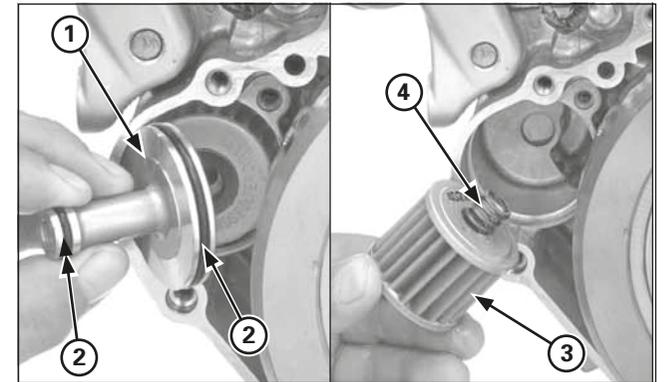
**Repsol 4-stroke motorcycle oil (SAE: 10W-30) or
equivalent**

**Capacity: 0.41 liter (0.43 US qt, 0.36 Imp qt) after draining
0.44 liter (0.46 US qt, 0.39 Imp qt) after oil filter
change
0.60 liter (0.63 US qt, 0.53 Imp qt) after
disassembly**

Install the oil filler cap/dipstick.



- (1) BOLT
- (2) RETAINING PLATE



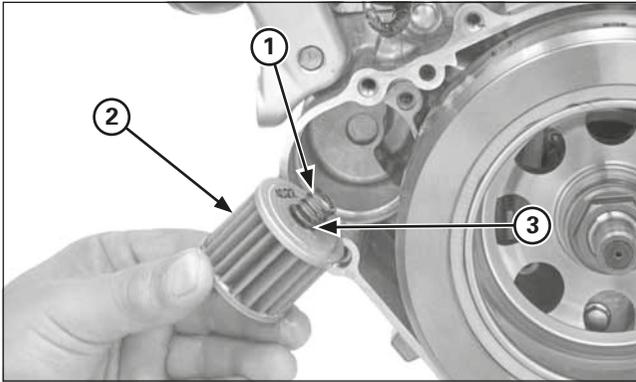
- (1) OIL FILTER COVER
- (2) O-RINGS
- (3) OIL FILTER
- (4) SPRING

Oil Filter Change

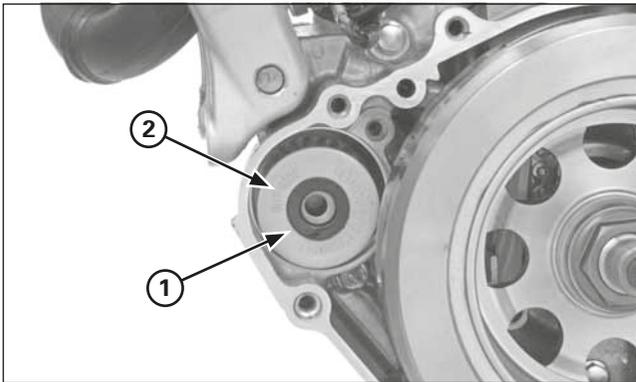
Remove the left crankcase cover (page 3-50).

Remove the oil filter cover retaining plate bolt and plate.
Remove the oil filter cover and O-rings.

Remove the oil filter and spring.



- (1) SPRING
- (2) OIL FILTER
- (3) APPLY GREASE

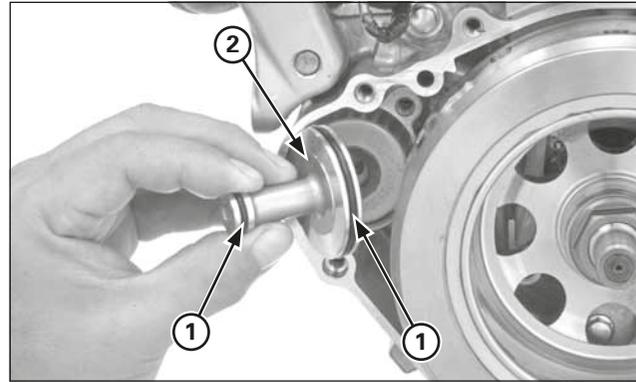


- (1) OIL FILTER
- (2) "OUT SIDE" MARK

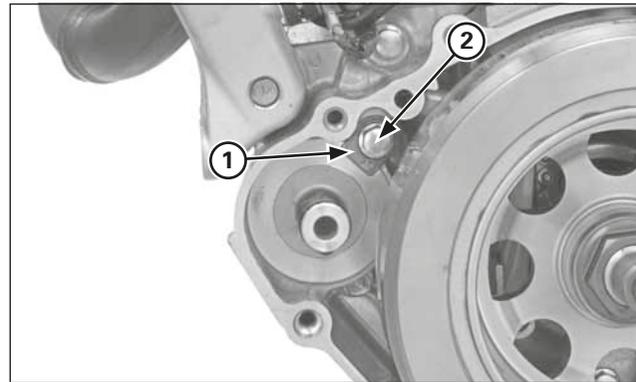
Apply grease to the oil filter spring end (filter side).
Install the spring into the new oil filter.

Install the new oil filter into the left crankcase with its "OUT SIDE" mark facing out.

Installing the oil filter backwards will result in severe engine damage.



- (1) NEW O-RINGS
- (2) OIL FILTER COVER

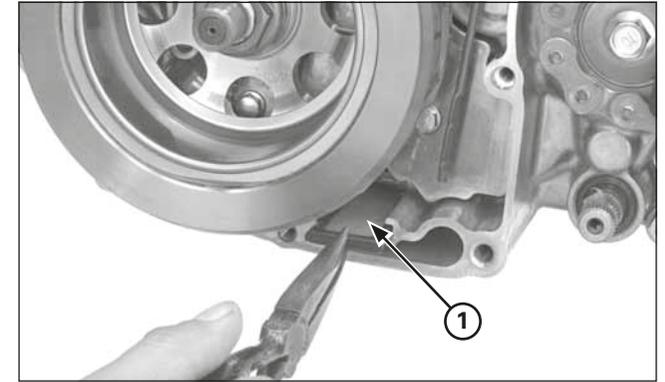


- (1) RETAINING PLATE
- (2) BOLT

Install new O-rings into the oil filter cover grooves.

Install the oil filter cover into the left crankcase while aligning the cover flange with the oil filter groove. Make sure that the oil filter cover seats properly in the crankcase.

Install the retaining plate and tighten the bolt securely.



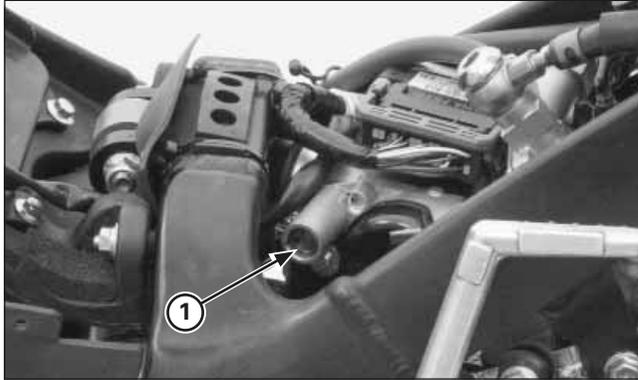
- (1) OIL STRAINER SCREEN

Oil Strainer Screen Cleaning

Remove the oil strainer screen from the left crankcase groove.
Clean the strainer.
Reinstall the oil strainer screen.
Note the direction of the screen.

Install the left crankcase cover being careful not to damage the O-ring and oil seal.

Service and maintenance



(1) IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT SCREW

Engine Idle Speed

Inspect and adjust the idle speed after all other engine adjustments are within specification.

The engine must be warm for an accurate idle inspection and adjustment.

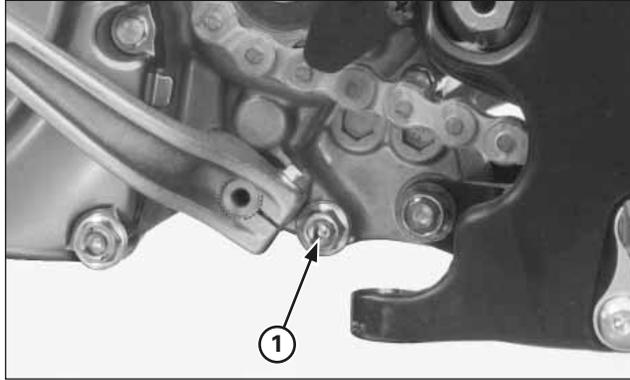
Warm up the engine until the fan starts, shift the transmission into neutral, and hold the motorcycle upright position.

Connect a tachometer according to its manufacturer's operating instruction.

Idle speed: 1,800 ± 100 min-1 (rpm)

NOTICE

A low idling speed may cause starting problems.



(1) DRAIN BOLT

Transmission Oil

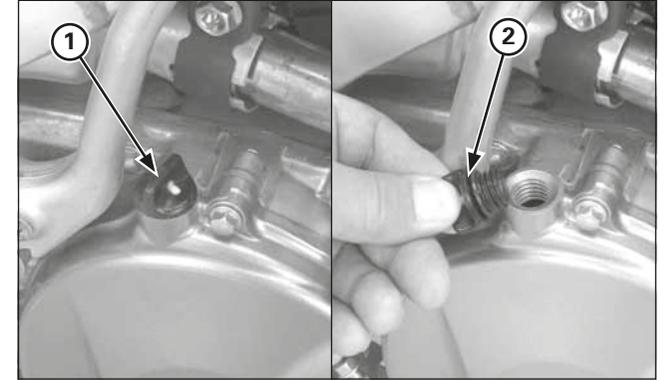
Oil Change

- Transmission oil should be changed at least every six competitions to ensure consistent performance and maximum service life of both transmission and clutch components.
- Warm-up the engine before draining the oil. This will ensure complete and rapid draining.

Remove the bolts and skid plate.

1. Support the motorcycle in an upright position on level surface.
2. Remove the oil filler cap from the clutch cover.
3. Place an oil drain pan under the engine to catch the oil, then remove the drain bolt and sealing washer from the left crankcase.
4. After the oil has drained completely, install the drain bolt with a new sealing washer. Tighten the drain bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m, 16 lbf·ft)



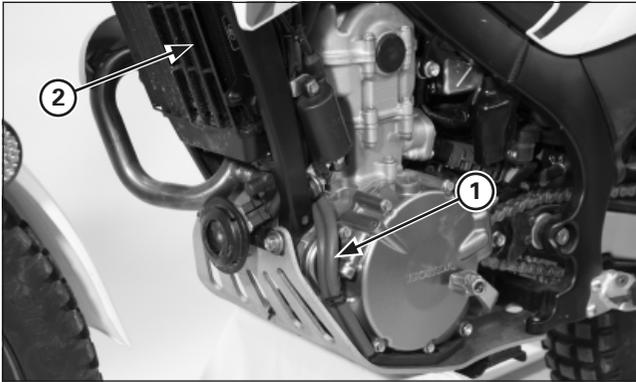
(1) FILLER CAP
(2) O-RING

5. Pour specified transmission oil.

Specified transmission oil:
REPSOL MOTO TRANSMISSION (75W)
ELF HTX740 (75W)

Capacity: 0.54 liter (0.57 US qt, 0.48 Imp qt) after draining
0.57 liter (0.60 US qt, 0.50 Imp qt) after
disassembly

Check the O-ring is in good condition, install the oil filler cap.

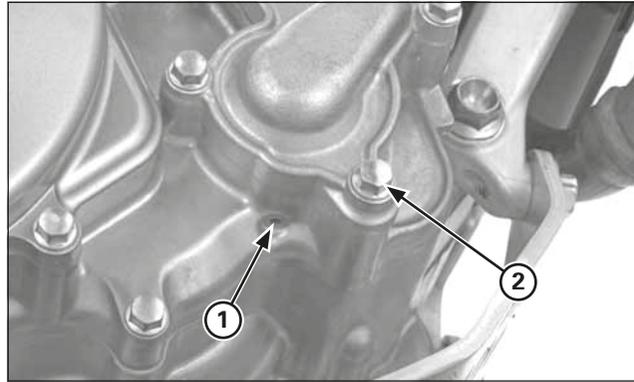


(1) OVERFLOW HOSE
(2) RADIATOR

Coolant

Cooling System Inspection

1. Check the cooling system for leaks.
2. Check water hoses for cracks, deterioration, and clamp bands for looseness.
3. Check the radiator mount for looseness.
4. Make sure the overflow hose is connected and not clogged.
5. Check radiator fins for obstructions or damage.



(1) INSPECTION HOLE
(2) COOLANT DRAIN BOLT/SEALING WASHER

6. Check the water pump inspection hole bottom of the water pump for leakage. Make sure the hole remains open.
If water leaks through the check hole, the water seal is damaged. If oil leaks through the check hole, the oil seal is damaged.
Replace the water seal or the oil seal (page 3-16).

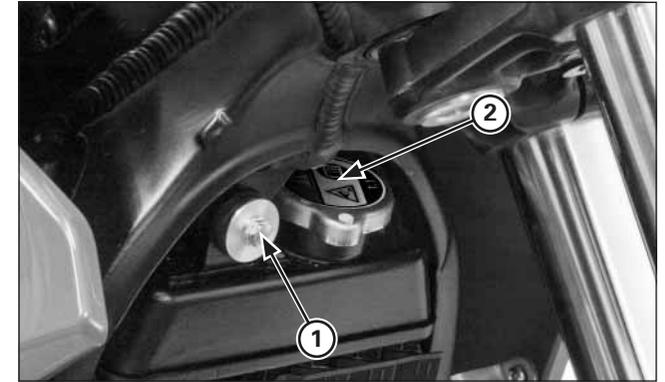
Coolant Replacement

WARNING

Removing the radiator cap while the engine is hot will allow the coolant to spray out, seriously scalding you.

Always let the engine and radiator cool down before removing the radiator cap.

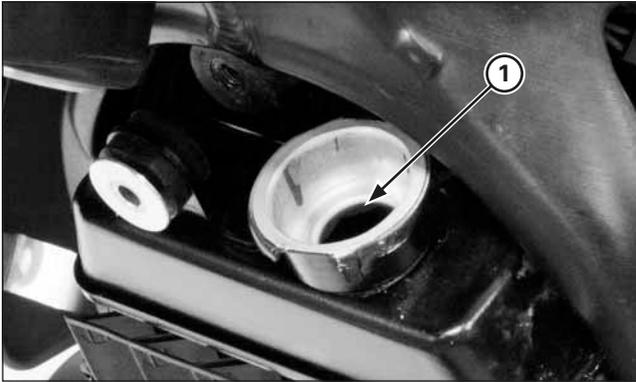
1. Remove the coolant drain bolt and sealing washer.



(1) BOLT
(2) RADIATOR CAP

2. Remove the radiator upper mounting bolt and move the radiator forward, then remove the radiator cap and drain the coolant.
3. Install the new sealing washer, drain bolt and tighten it to the specified torque.

Torque: 9.8 N•m (1.0 kgf•m, 7 lbf•ft)



(1) FILLER NECK

4. Fill the radiator with coolant up to the filler neck.
5. Squeeze the radiator hoses alternately. If the coolant level drops, fill the coolant again.
6. Fill the radiator with coolant up to the filler neck.
7. After this first filling, start the engine, check the coolant level..



(1) CLUTCH FLUID RESERVOIR

Clutch System

System Inspection

1. Operate the clutch lever and check that no air has entered in the system. If the clutch is not disengaged properly, or the lever feels soft or spongy, bleed the air from the system.
2. Remove the reservoir cover and diaphragm, check the clutch fluid level. If the level is low, inspect the clutch hose and fittings for damage, deterioration, cracks or sign of leakage. Tighten any loose fittings. Replace hose and fittings as require.



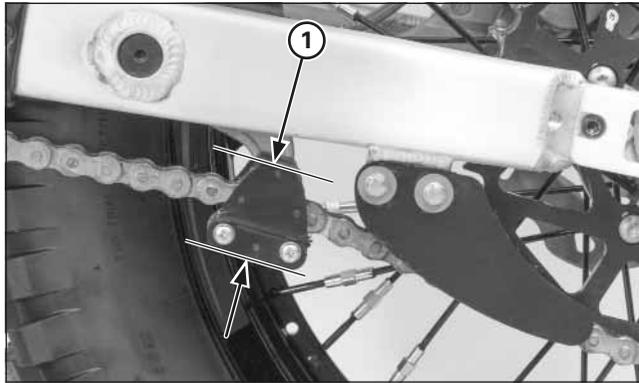
(1) EXHAUST PIPE
(2) MUFFLER
(3) LAMBDA-SONDE

Exhaust Pipe And Muffler

Inspection

Check the muffler for clogging.
Check for loose or missing bolts and nuts.
Check the exhaust pipe and muffler for cracks or deformation.
Check the exhaust pipe gasket.
Check the muffler gasket.

Loss of power will result if the exhaust pipe is broken.



(1) DRIVE CHAIN SLACK

Drive Chain

Drive Chain Slack Inspection

During the break-in period, drive chain slack should be checked and adjusted often. Also check the drive chain slack after the drive chain replacement.

Regular cleaning, lubrication, and proper adjustment will help to extend the service life of the drive chain.

Shift the transmission into neutral, turn the engine off and support the motorcycle on its side stand. Unhook the drive chain tensioner spring to remove any load on the chain.

Measure chain slack at the lower section midway between the sprockets.

Drive chain slack: 25 – 35 mm (1.0 – 1.4 in)

Rotate the wheel and chain slack in several sections. If slack in one section increases beyond the standard measurement, this indicates the chain has stretched and needs to be replaced.

Take care to prevent catching your fingers between the chain and sprocket.



(1) AXLE NUT
(2) ADJUSTER

Drive Chain Slack Adjustment

Loosen the rear axle nut just enough to move the rear wheel in fore-aft direction.

Turn the adjuster equally on both sides until the correct drive chain tension is obtained.

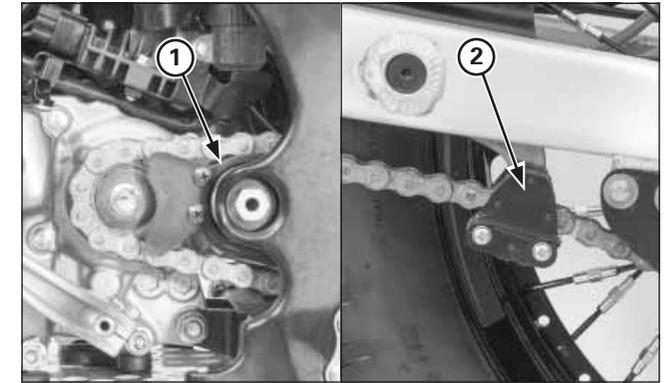
Turn the adjuster counterclockwise will decrease slack and turning it clockwise will increase slack.

- Adjust the chain with the chain adjusters so that it is parallel with the center line of the frame.
- Check that the stopper is between the teeth of the adjuster.

Recheck the drive chain slack and free wheel rotation. After adjustment, tighten the axle nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 69 N·m (7.0 kgf·m, 51 lbf·ft)

Lubricate the drive chain.
Hook the drive chain tensioner spring.



(1) DRIVE CHAIN SLIDER
(2) DRIVE CHAIN TENSIONER SLIDER

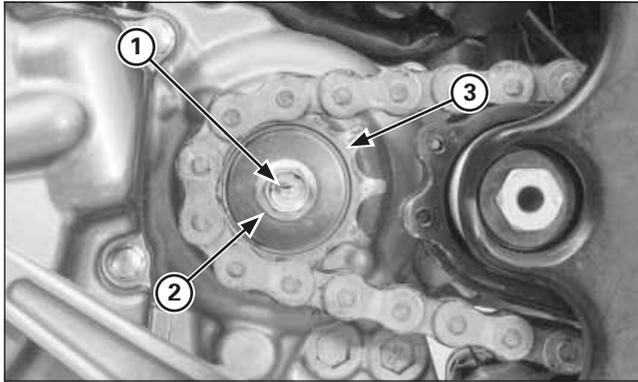
Drive Chain Slider

Inspection/Replacement

Check the drive chain slider for wear or damage. If the wear is 2.0 mm (0.08 in) or more, replace the slider. Check the drive chain tensioner slider for wear or damage. If the wear is 2.0 mm (0.08 in) or more, replace the slider.

The drive chain slider and tensioner screws must be retightened after break-in.

Service and maintenance



- (1) BOLT
- (2) SPRING WASHER
- (3) DRIVE SPROCKET

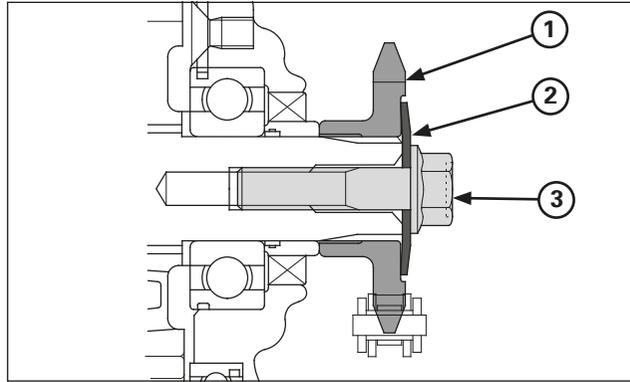
Drive/Driven Sprockets

Drive Sprocket Replacement

Remove the drive sprocket cover.
Loosen the drive chain fully.

Insert 1st gear

Remove the screw drive pinion and spring washer.

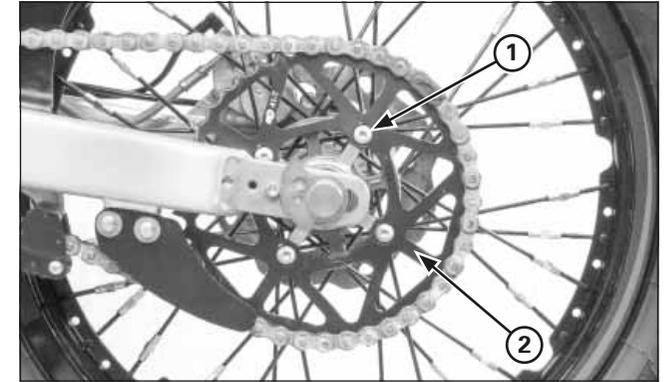


- (1) DRIVE SPROCKET
- (2) SPRING WASHER
- (3) BOLT

Install the drive sprocket onto the countershaft as shown.
Install the spring washer and bolt, then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 31 N·m (3.2 kgf·m, 23 lbf·ft)

Put the transmission in neutral.



- (1) BOLTS/NUT
- (2) DRIVEN SPROCKET

Driven Sprocket Replacement

Remove the rear wheel (page 4-14).

Remove the bolts/nuts and driven sprocket.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Hold the bolts and tighten the nuts to the specified torque.

Torque:

30 - 35 N·m (3,0 - 3,5 kgf·m, 22.1 - 25.8 lbf·ft)

Adjust the drive chain slack (page 2-11).



(1) "MIN" LEVEL

Brake Fluid

Front Brake Master Cylinder

Always inspect the brake fluid level.

Remove the screws, master cylinder cover and diaphragm.

If the fluid level is lower than the "MIN" line, check for the brake pad wear.

Replace the brake pad if necessary.

Refer to page 4-24 for brake pad replacement.

Also check the brake system for leaks.



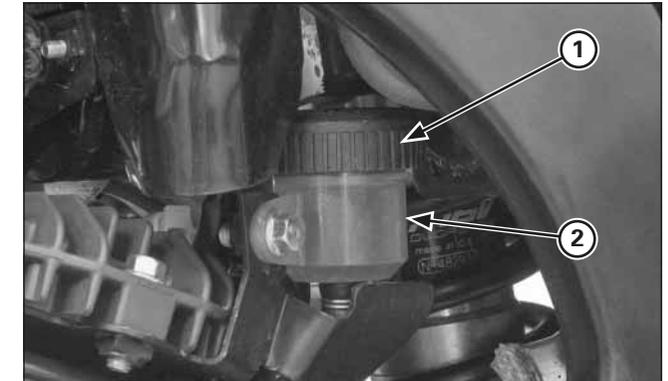
(1) BRAKE HOSE

Check that the brake hose do not bind or kink in all steering position, and is not pulled when the suspension is extended.

Replace the brake fluid every 2 months.

Do not service the brake system in high humidity.

Brake fluid: DOT 4 only



(1) COVER
(2) "MIN" LEVEL

Rear Master Cylinder

Always inspect the brake fluid level.

Remove the master cylinder reservoir cover, set plate and diaphragm.

If the fluid level is lower than the "MIN" level, check for brake pad wear.

Replace the brake pad if necessary.

Refer to page 4-24 for brake pad replacement.

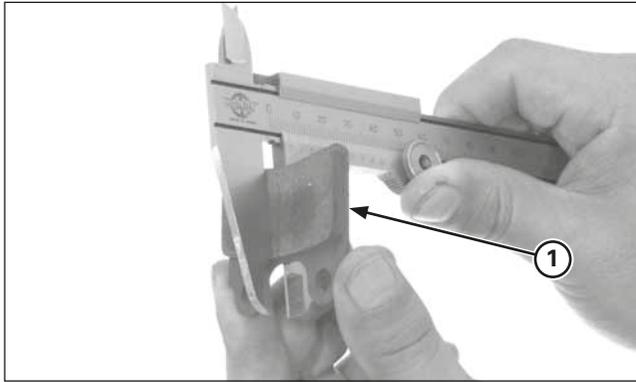
Also check the brake system for leaks.

Replace the brake fluid every 2 months.

Do not service the brake system in high humidity.

Brake fluid: DOT 4 only

Service and maintenance



(1) BRAKE PAD

Brake Pad Wear

Measure the brake pad thickness.

Front brake pad:

Minimum thickness (subtracting the metal support):
0.5 mm (0.02 in)

Rear brake pad:

Minimum thickness (subtracting the metal support):
1.0 mm (0.04 in)

If either pad is worn, both pads must be replaced.



(1) BRAKE DISC

Brake System

Brake Discs

Measure the rear brake disc runout with a dial gauge.

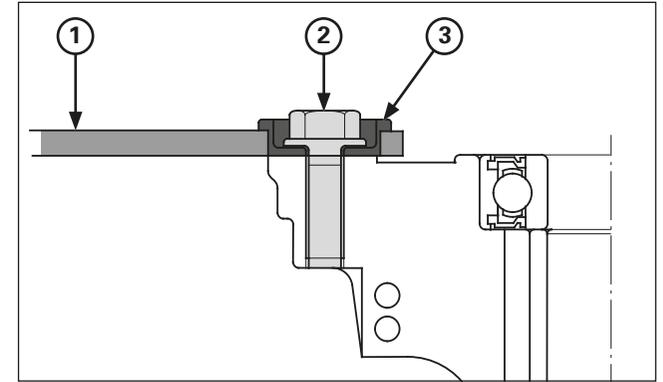
Service limit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

Replace the brake disc if the runout exceeds the service limit.

Measure the brake disc thickness.

Service limit: Front: 2.9 mm (0.11 in)
Rear: 3.0 mm (0.12 in)

Replace the brake disc if necessary.
Refer to pages 4-1 and 4-14 for removal.



(1) BRAKE DISC
(2) DISC BOLT
(3) COLLAR

The front brake is floating type disc.

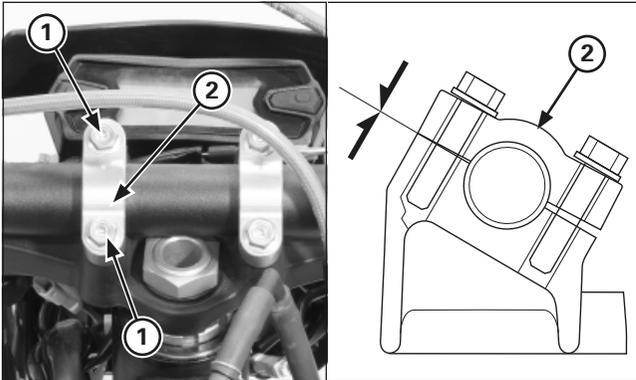
Replace the disc and disc bolts if the play in the rotating direction exceeds 2.0 mm (0.08 in), as measured at its periphery. The standard play is from 0.3 – 1.0 mm (0.01 – 0.04 in).

Apply a locking agent to the threads of the brake disc bolts before installation.

Torque:

Front: 18 - 20 N·m (1.8 - 2 kgf·m, 13-15 lbf·ft)
Rear: 16 - 18 N·m (1.6 - 1.8 kgf·m, 11-13 lbf·ft)

On the front brake, replace the collar with new ones if the disc starts to wobble right and left.



(1) HOLDER BOLTS
(2) UPPER HOLDER

Handlebar And Steering Head Bearings

Handlebar

Check the handlebar for bends or cracks.

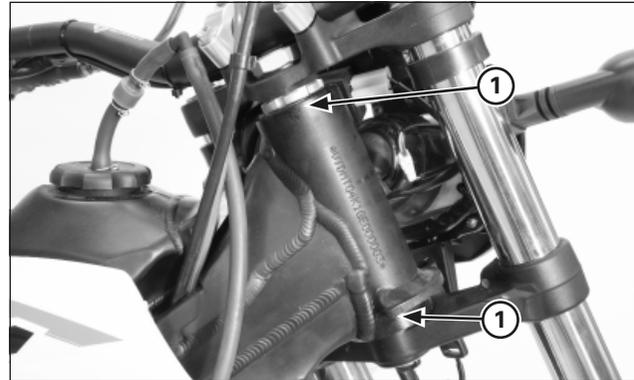
Check that the handlebar has not moved from its proper position.

Check that the handlebar holder bolts are tight.

If necessary, tighten the holder bolts.

First tighten the forward bolts, then tighten the rear bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m, 16 lbf·ft)



(1) STEERING HEAD BEARINGS

Steering Head Bearings

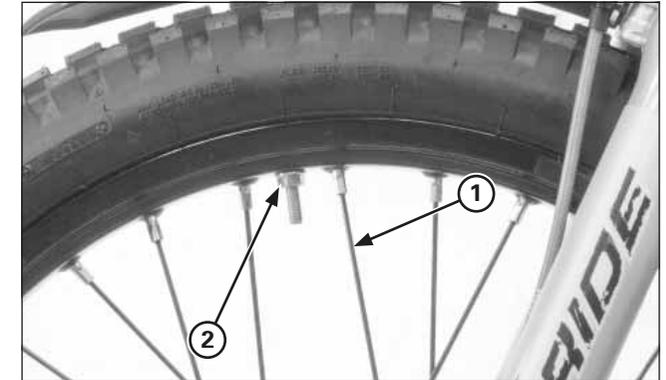
Support the motorcycle using the maintenance stand with its front wheel off the ground.

Turn the handlebar to the right and left to check for roughness in the steering head bearings. Stand in front of the motorcycle and grab the fork (at the axle), then push the fork in and out (toward the engine) to check for play in the steering head bearings. If any roughness or play is felt, adjust or replace the steering head bearings.

Wheels And Tires

Proper air pressure will provide maximum stability and tire life.

Check tire pressure frequently and adjust if necessary.



(1) SPOKE NIPPLE
(2) RIM LOCK

Tire air pressure should be checked when the tires are COLD.

Standard tyre air pressure for ROAD USE:

Front: 100 kPa (1.02 kgf/cm², 14.5 psi)

Rear: 100 kPa (1.02 kgf/cm², 14.5 psi)

Standard tyre air pressure for OFF ROAD:

Front: 70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm², 5.6 – 10.1 psi)

Rear: 60 kPa (0.6 kgf/cm², 4.3 – 8.7 psi)

Inspect the wheel for damage.

Check the wheel runout. If runout is noticeable, check the spokes are tight, or replace the wheel.

Check the axle for runout.

Check the condition of the front and rear wheel bearings. Check the trueness of the wheel, spoke tension and the tightness of the rim lock nut.

Tool:

Spoke nipple wrench (front) 07701-0020300

Torque:

Spoke nipple:

Front: 2.45 - 4.9 N·m (0.24 - 0.49 kgf·m, 1.8-3.6 lbf·ft)

Rear: 2 - 3 N·m (0.2 - 0.3 kgf·m, 1.5-2.2 lbf·ft)

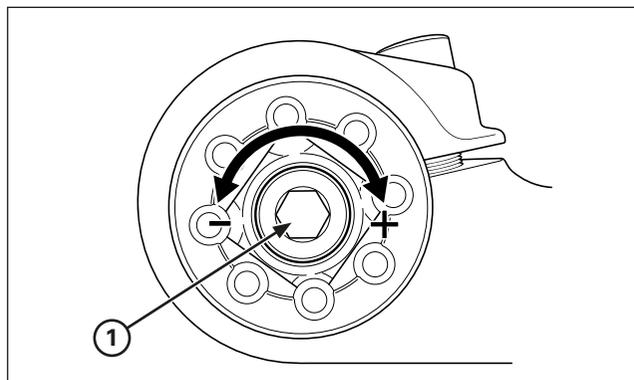
Rim lock nut: 13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m, 9 lbf·ft)



Front Suspension

Inspection

1. Make sure that the fork surfaces and dust seals are clean.
 2. Check for signs of oil leakage. Damaged or leaking fork seals should be replaced before you ride the motorcycle.
 3. Make a quick check of fork operation by locking the front brake and pushing down on the handlebar several times.
- When your 4RIDE is new, break in your 4RIDE to ensure that the suspension has worked in.
 - After break-in, test ride your 4RIDE with the front suspension at the standard setting before attempting any adjustments.



(1) PRE-LOAD ADJUSTER

Fork

The motorcycle is shipped with a light coating of grease on the forks. This is not an indication of a leak.

The fork should always be adjusted for the rider's weight and track conditions by using one or more of the following methods.

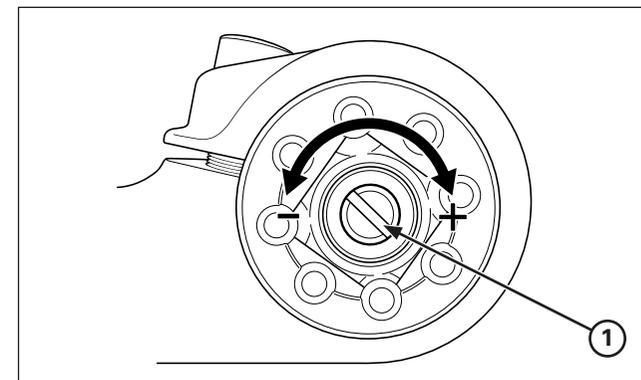
Basically, there are two adjustments you can make to the front suspension:

- Rebound damping (right fork)
Turning the rebound damping adjuster adjusts how quickly the fork extends.
- Spring pre-load (left fork)
Turning the spring pre-load adjuster adjusts the spring initial pre-load length.

Standard position:

4 ± 0.5 turns out from full soft

Replace the fork fluid every 2 months. See page 4-8, 4-10 for oil level adjustment after changing the fork fluid.



(1) REBOUND ADJUSTER

Use specified fork fluid which additives to assure maximum performance of your 4RIDE's front suspension.

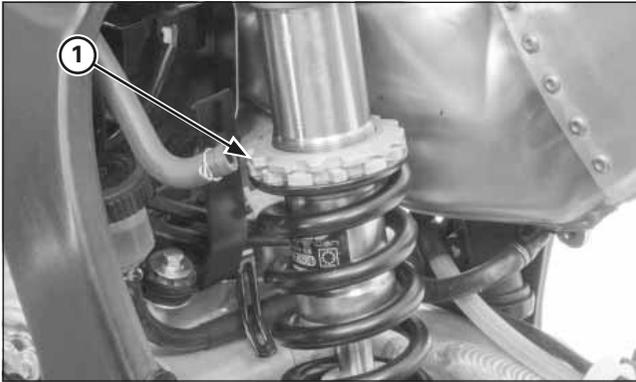
Specified fork fluid:

OJ Racing Special Fork Oil Type 01 (SAE 5W) or equivalent

- Periodically check and clean all front suspension parts to assure top performance. Check the dust seals for dust, dirt and foreign materials. Check the fluid for any contamination.
- Make rebound damping adjustments in one-click increments. Adjusting two or more clicks at a time may cause you to pass over the best adjustment. Test ride after each adjustment.
- If you become confused about adjustment settings, return to the standard position and start over.

Standard position:

16 ± 2 clicks from full hard

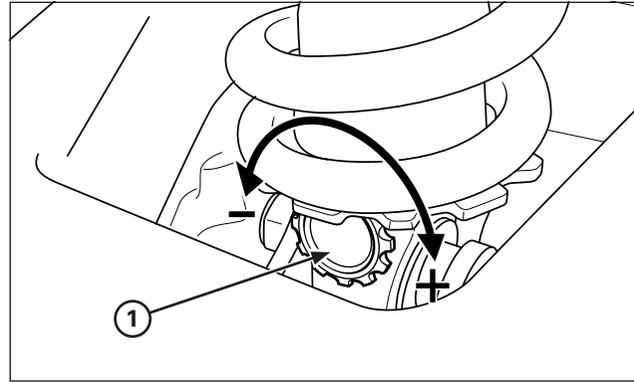


(1) PRE-LOAD ADJUSTER

Rear Suspension

The swingarm is controlled by a shock absorber. The rear shock absorber should always be adjusted for the rider's weight and track conditions by using one or more of the following methods.

- Spring pre-load
Turning the spring pre-load adjuster adjusts the spring initial pre-load length.
- Rebound damping
Turning the rebound damping screw adjusts how quickly the shock absorber extends.



(1) REBOUND ADJUSTER

- When your 4RIDE is new, your suspension will break-in as you ride.
- After break-in is completed, test ride your 4RIDE with the rear suspension at the standard setting before attempting any adjustments.
- Make all rebound damping adjustment in one-click increments. Adjusting two or more clicks at a time may cause you to pass over the best adjustment. Test ride after each adjustment.
- If you become confused about adjustment settings, return to the standard position and start over.

Standard position:
10 ± 2 clicks from full hard



Inspection

1. Check for a broken or collapsed spring.
2. Bounce the rear of the machine up and down and check for smooth suspension action.
3. Check the rear shock absorber for a bent shaft or oil leaks.
4. Push the rear wheel sideways to check for worn or loose swingarm bearings. There should be no movement. If movement is felt, replace the pivot bearings (page 4-18).

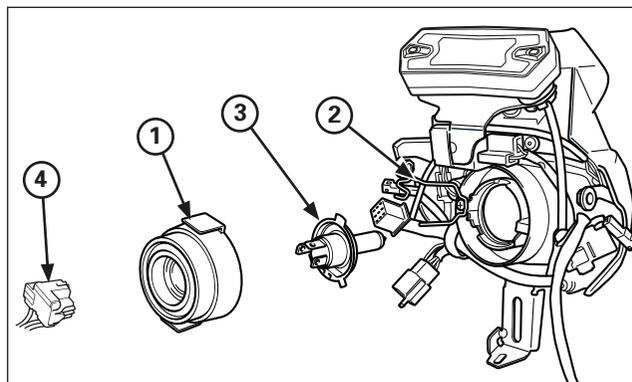


- (1) SCREWS
(2) THE HOUSING FOR THE UPPER HEADLIGHT

Front headlight and front position light.

Replacing the bulbs

- Bear in mind the following when replacing the front headlight bulb.
 - Use clean gloves when replacing the bulb. Do not touch the front headlight bulb with your fingertips, since this could produce hot spots on the bulb and cause it to break.
 - If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
- Ensure that you replace the dust cover after changing the front headlight bulb.
- The bulb for the front headlight gets very hot when it is on and remains hot for a while after the front headlight has been turned off. Ensure that you leave it to cool before carrying out any maintenance work.



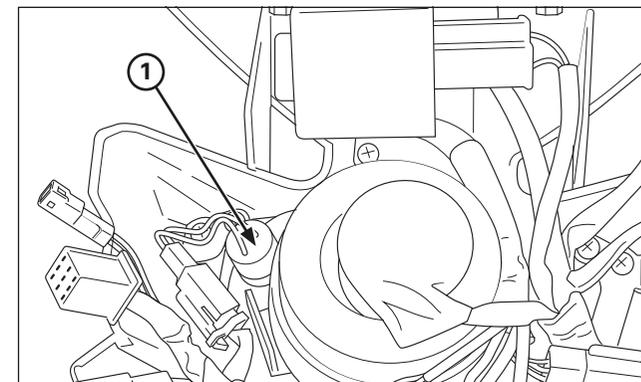
- (1) DUST COVER
(2) BULB PAWL
(3) BULB
(4) CONNECTORS

- Remove the housing for the headlight.
- Disconnect the connector.
- Remove the dust cover.
- Press down on the pin.
- Pull out the bulb without turning it

AVISO

Do not touch the bulb. Fingerprints may create hot spots that cause the bulb to break.

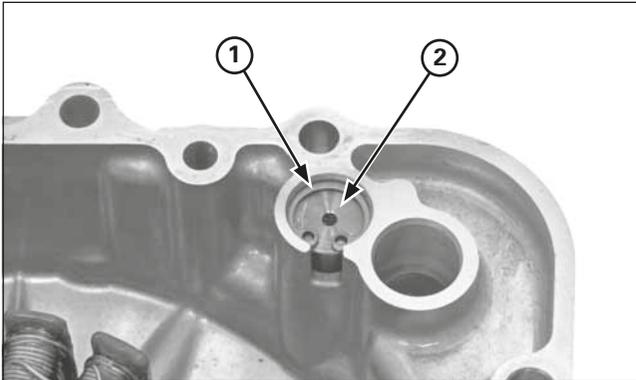
Fit the bulb, while aligning its tabs with the slots on the front headlight unit.
Hook the bulb pawl in the slot of the front headlight unit.
Firmly replace the dust cover on the headlight.
Install the bulb connector.
Replace the housing for the headlight.



- (1) HEADLIGHT POSITION LIGHT

Position light bulb

- Remove the socket without turning.
- Pull out the bulb without turning.
- Install a new bulb and the socket in the reverse order of removal.



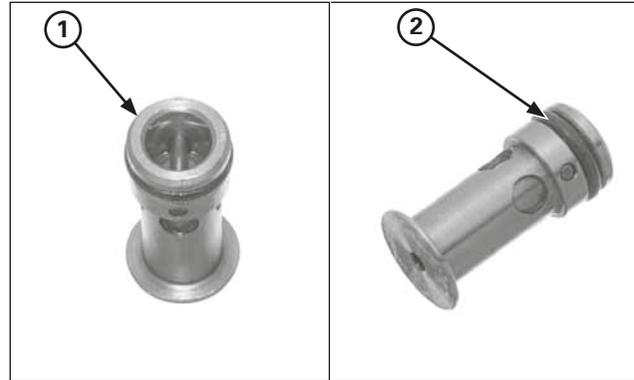
(1) SNAP RING
(2) PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

Oil Pressure Relief Valve

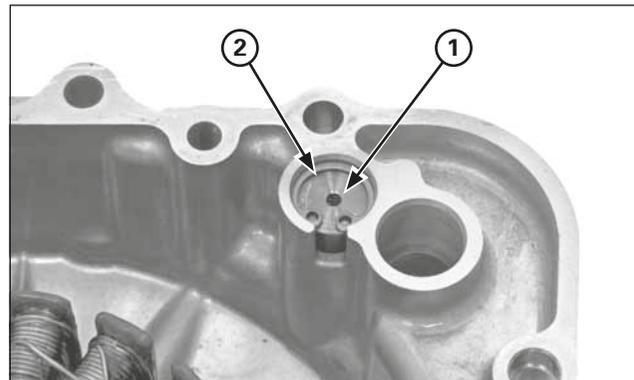
Removal/Inspection

Drain the engine oil.
Remove the left crankcase cover (page 3-50).

Remove the snap ring.
Remove the pressure relief valve from the left crankcase cover.



(1) RELIEF VALVE
(2) O-RING

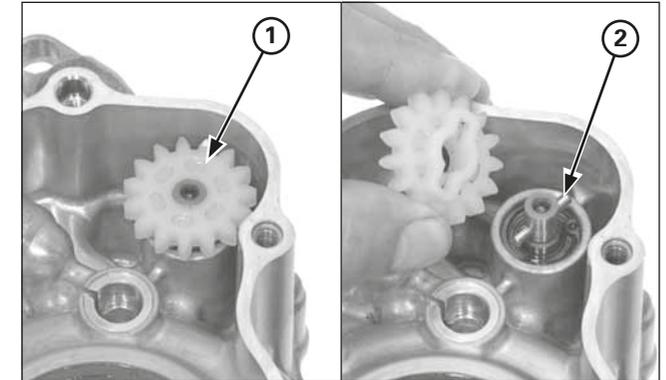


(1) PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE
(2) SNAP RING

Check the relief valve operation by pushing the relief valve piston.

Installation

Apply oil to a new O-ring and install it onto the relief valve groove.
Install the relief valve into the left crankcase cover.
Install the snap ring into the crankcase cover groove securely.
Install the left crankcase cover (page 3-52).



(1) DRIVEN GEAR
(2) DRIVE PIN

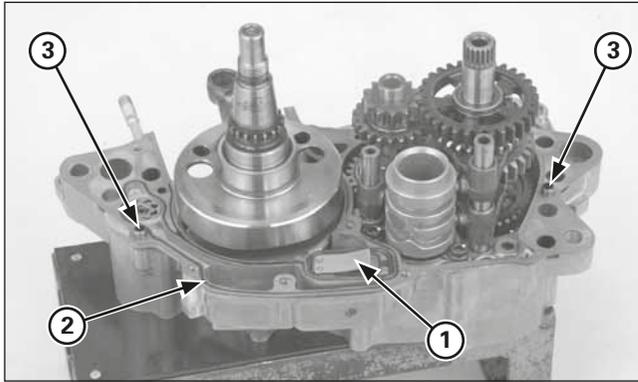
Oil Pump

Disassembly

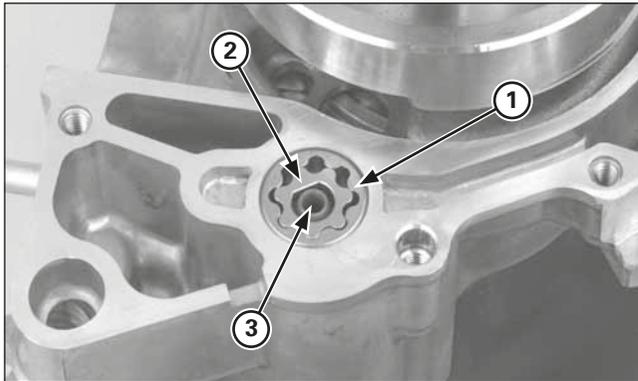
Remove the engine from the frame.
Separate the crankcase halves (page 3-55).

Remove the oil pump driven gear and drive pin.

Engine servicing



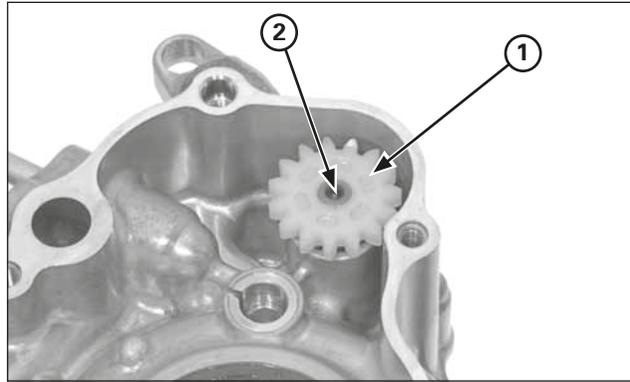
- (1) ONE-WAY REED VALVE
- (2) GASKET
- (3) DOWEL PINS



- (1) OUTER ROTOR
- (2) INNER ROTOR
- (3) OIL PUMP SHAFT

Remove the one-way reed valve, gasket and dowel pins.

Remove the oil pump shaft, outer and inner rotors.



- (1) DRIVEN GEAR
- (2) OIL PUMP SHAFT

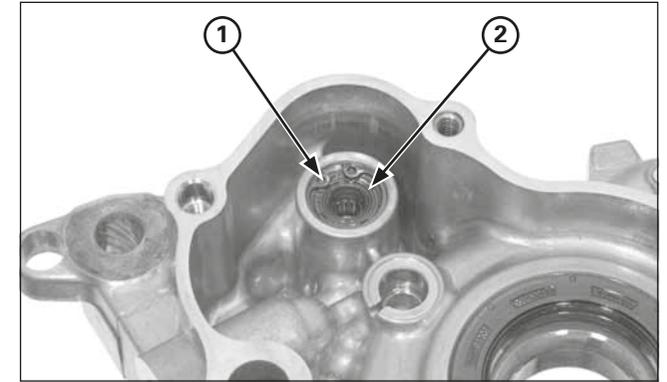


- (1) ONE-WAY REED VALVE

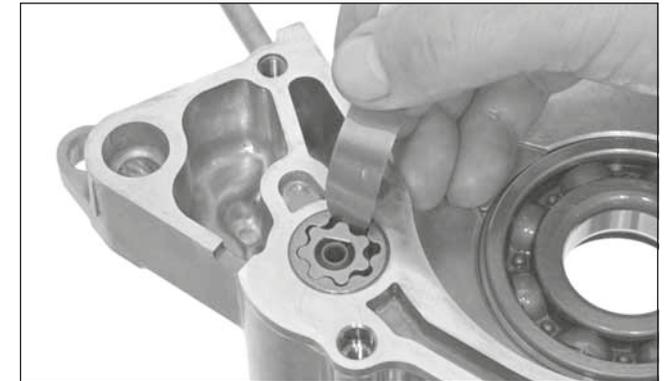
Inspection

Check the oil pump driven gear for wear or damage.
Check the oil pump shaft for wear or damage.

Check the one-way reed valve for damage, replace if necessary.



- (1) SNAP RING
- (2) OIL SEAL

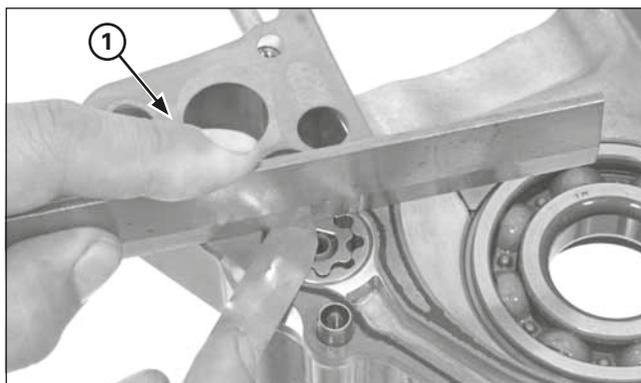


Check the oil pump shaft oil seal in the left crankcase for damage or deterioration, replace if necessary.

Temporarily install the oil pump shaft, inner and outer oil pump rotors into the right crankcase.

Measure the oil pump tip clearance.

Service limit: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)



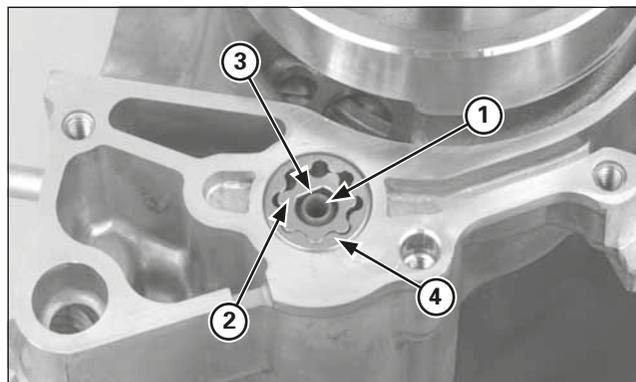
(1) GASKET

Measure the oil pump body clearance.

Standard: 0.15 – 0.20 mm (0.006 – 0.008 in)

Temporarily install the crankcase gasket. Measure the side clearance using a straight edge and feeler gauge.

Standard: 0.05 – 0.12 mm (0.002 – 0.004 in)

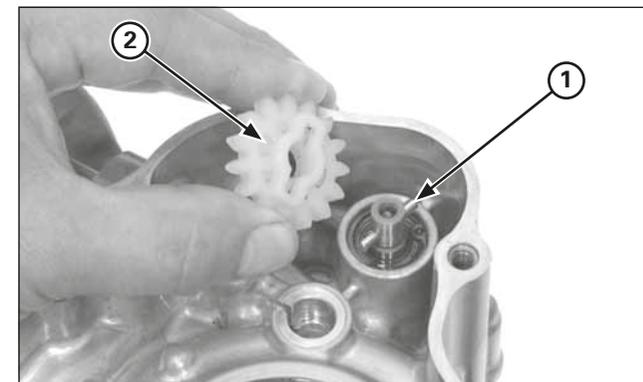


(1) OIL PUMP SHAFT
(2) INNER ROTOR (3) FLAT SURFACES
(4) OUTER ROTOR

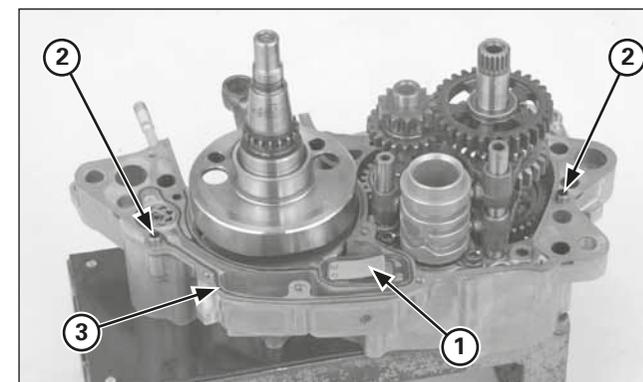
Assembly

Apply clean engine oil to the oil pump rotors and shaft.

Install the oil pump shaft into the right crankcase. Install the inner rotor aligning the flat surface between the rotor and pump shaft. Install the outer rotor.



(1) DRIVE PIN
(2) DRIVEN SPROCKET

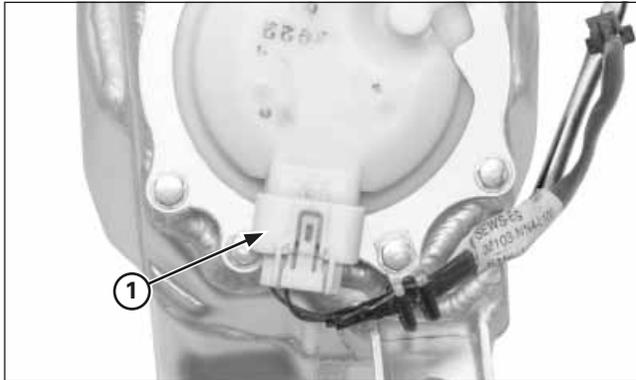


(1) ONE-WAY REED VALVE
(2) DOWEL PINS
(3) NEW GASKET

Install the drive pin into the oil pump shaft hole. Install the oil pump driven sprocket aligning its groove with the drive pin.

Install the one-way reed valve into the right crankcase. Note the direction of the reed valve. Install the dowel pins and new gasket. Assemble the crankcase.

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



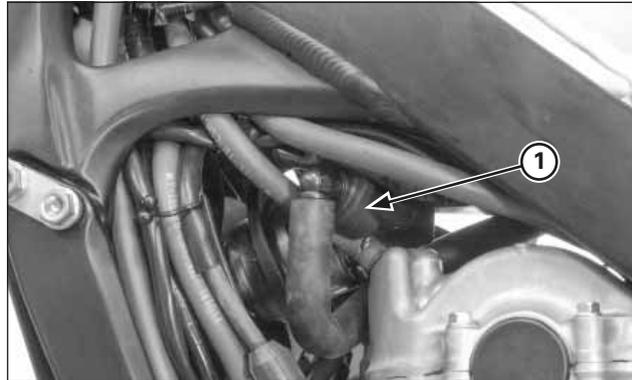
(1) 5P CONNECTOR

Disassembly / Installation of fuel feed hose

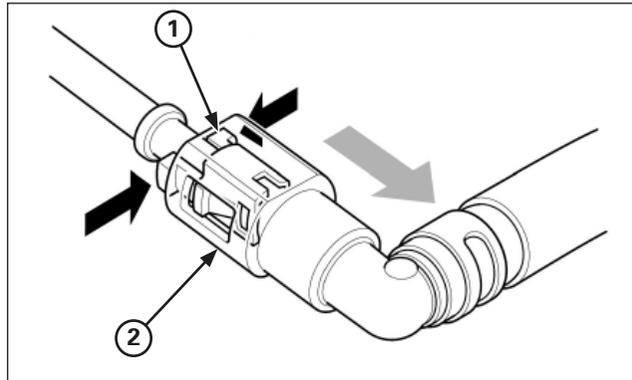
The pawl of the fast connector must be changed every time the fuel feed hose is disconnected.

Disassembly of fuel pump side

Stop the engine.
Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.
Remove the rear fender
Pull up the fuel tank
Disconnect the fuel pump's 5P connector.
Turn on the engine until it stops.

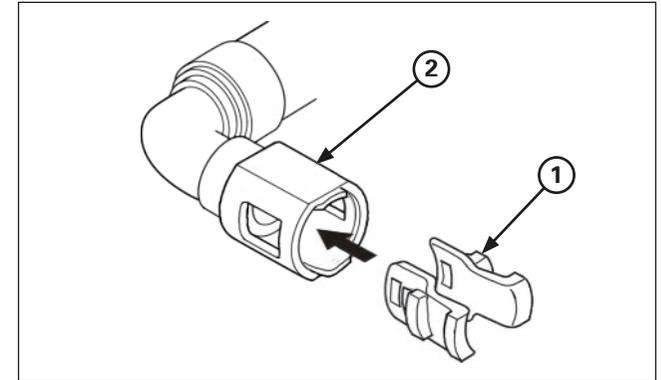


(1) FAST CONNECTOR PROTECTOR

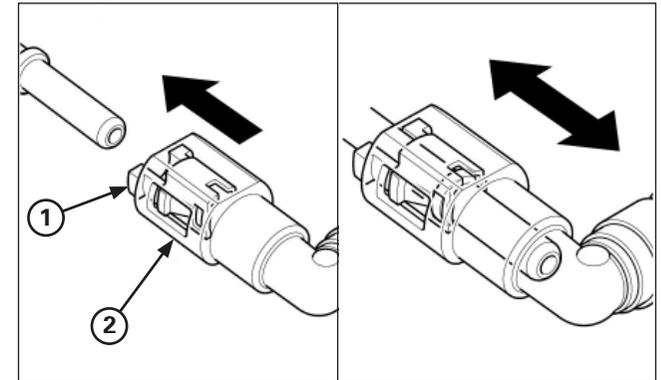


(1) PAWL
(2) FAST CONNECTOR

1. Remove the protective housing from the fast connector.
2. Check whether the connector is dirty and clean if necessary. Cover the fast connector with a cloth.
3. Hold fast connector with one hand and tighten the two pins of the pawl with the other hand while pulling the connector backwards. Disconnect the fast connector and remove the pawl.



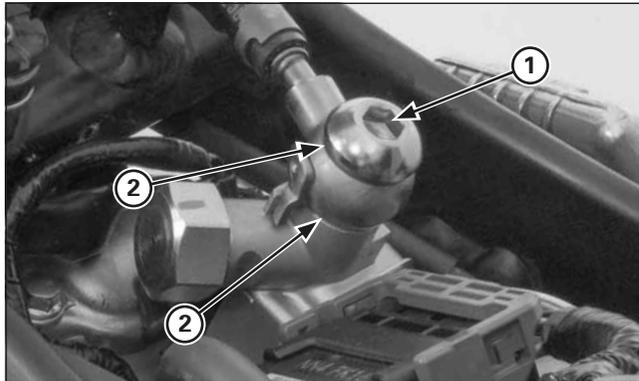
(1) PAWL
(2) FAST CONNECTOR



(1) PAWL
(2) FAST CONNECTOR

Installation of fuel pump side

1. Insert a new pawl in the fast connector. Insert the fast connector in the fuel pump feed hose until it clicks. If this is hard to do, apply a small amount of motor oil to the fuel pump feed hose.
2. Move the fast connector backwards to check that it does not come out and is firmly connected.
3. Place the protective housing over the fast connector.



(1) BANJO BOLT
(2) SEALING WASHER

Fuel Line Inspection

Fuel Pressure Inspection

WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and is explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured.

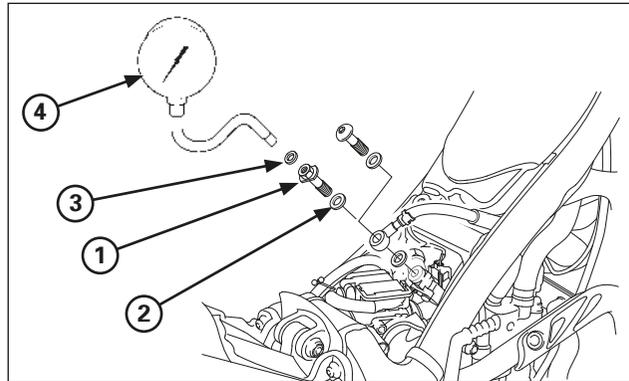
- Stop engine and keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- Refuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

NOTICE

- Before disconnecting the fuel hoses, release the fuel pressure by loosening the fuel feed hose banjo bolt at the injector holder.
- Always replace the sealing washers when the fuel hose banjo bolt is removed or loosened.

Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Cover the fuel feed hose banjo bolt with a rag or shop towel. Slowly loosen the banjo bolt and catch the remaining fuel using a approved gasoline container.

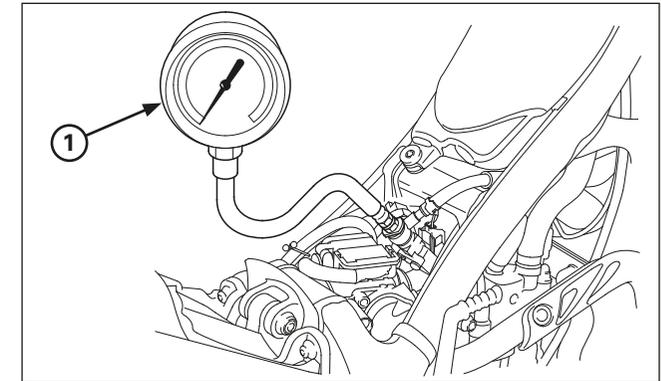


(1) MANOMETER ADAPTER, 12 MM
(2) SEALING WASHER, 12 MM
(3) SEALING WASHER, 6 MM
(4) F. PRESSURE GAUGE

Remove the fuel feed hose banjo bolt and attach the fuel pressure gauge with the following Montesa Genuine parts.

Manometer adapter, 12 mm
part No. 90008-PP4-E02
Sealing washer, 12 mm
part No. 90428-PD6-003
Sealing washer, 6 mm
part No. 90430-PD6-003

Tool:
Fuel pressure gauge 07406-0040003 or
 07406-0040002



(1) FUEL PRESSURE GAUGE

Start the engine.
Read the fuel pressure at idle speed.

Idle Speed: 1,800 ± 100 min⁻¹ (rpm)
Standard: 230 kPa - 320 kPa
(2,34 kgf/cm² - 3,26 kgf/cm²)
(33 psi - 46 psi)

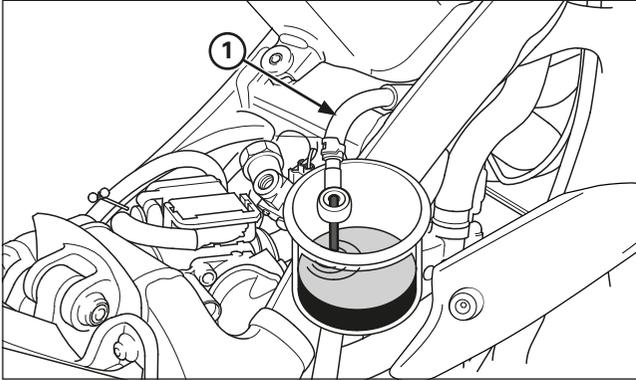
If the fuel pressure is higher than specified, inspect the following:

- Fuel pump (page 3-7)

If the fuel pressure is lower than specified, inspect the following:

- Fuel line leaking
- Clogged fuel filter
- Fuel pump (page 3-7)

Engine servicing



(1) FUEL RETURN HOSE

Fuel Pump Flow Inspection

Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Disconnect the banjo bolt and insert the eyelet of the hose in a homologated fuel container.

Raise the fuel tank.

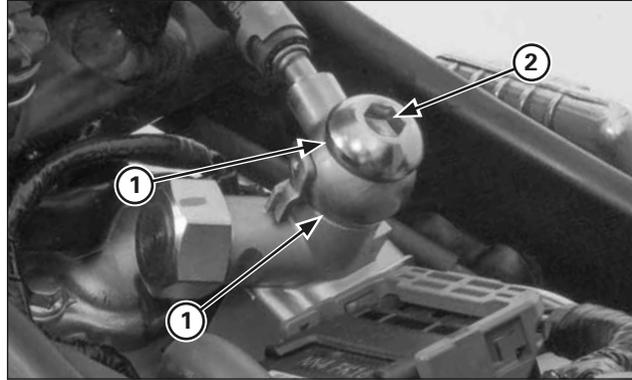
Connect the 12 V battery to the fuel pump 2P connector terminals, check amount of fuel flow for 10 seconds.

Amount of flow:

0.749 l/min (125 cm³ / minimum 10 seg)

If the fuel flow is less than specified, inspect the following:

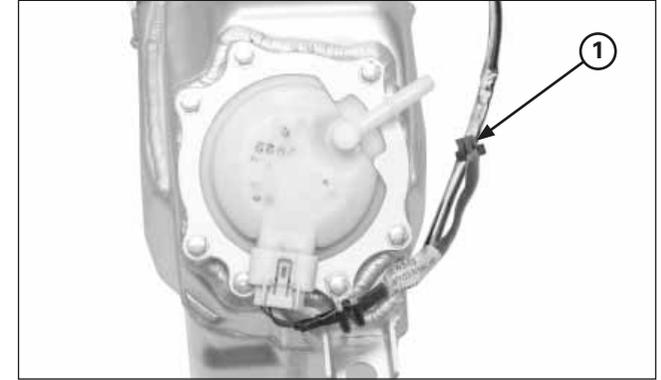
- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Clogged fuel filter
- Fuel pump (page 3-7)



(1) SEALING WASHER
(2) BANJO BOLT

After inspection, re-insert the banjo bolt in the fuel feed hose using a new sealing washer.

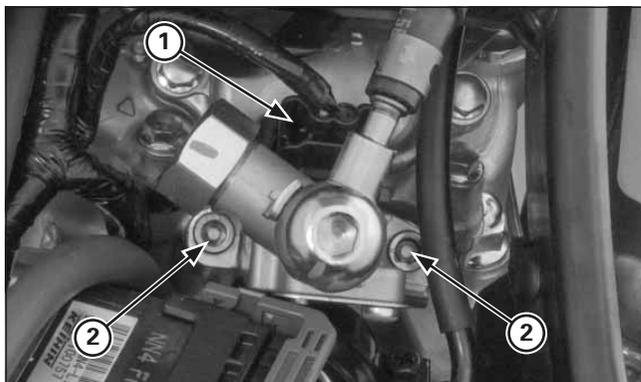
Torque: 22 N·m (2,2 kgf·m, 16,2 lbf·ft)



(1) 2P CONNECTOR

Connect the fuel pump 2P connector.

Start the engine and check for fuel leaks.



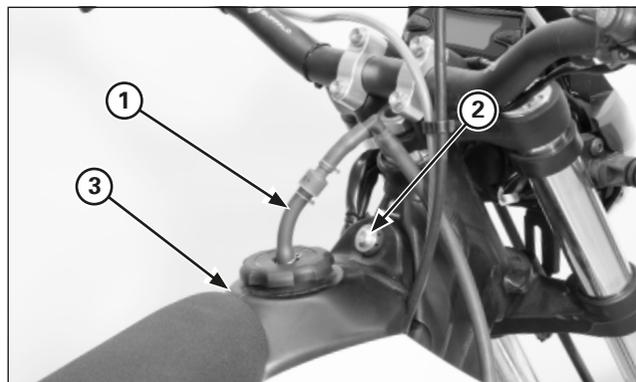
(1) 2P CONNECTOR
(2) SOCKET BOLTS

Fuel Tank/Fuel Pump

Removal

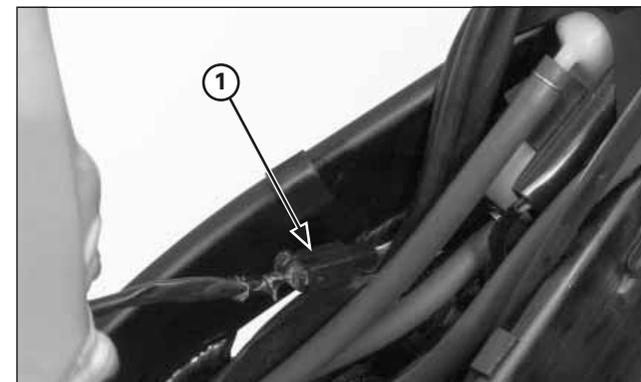
Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Disconnect the injector 2P connector.
Remove the injector holder socket bolts.



(1) BREATHER HOSE
(2) BOLT
(3) FUEL TANK

Disconnect the fuel tank breather hose.
Remove the fuel tank mounting bolts.



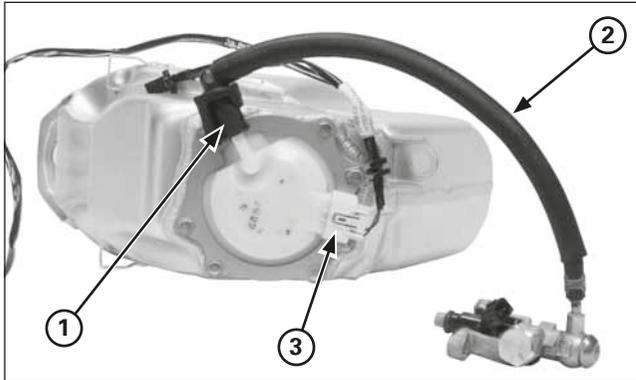
(1) 2P CONNECTOR

Pull up the fuel tank and disconnect the fuel pump 2P connector.

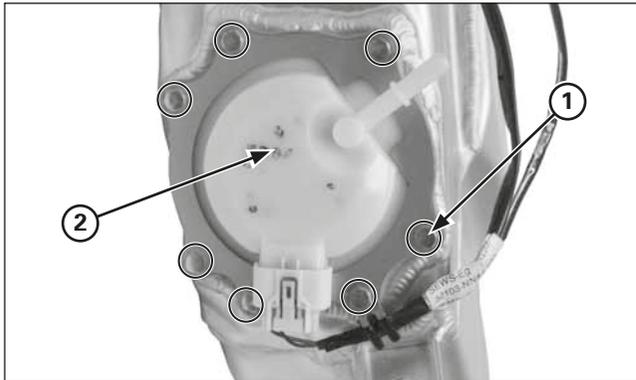
Remove the fuel tank and injector as an assembly being careful not to damage the injector especially tip of the injector.

After removing the fuel tank/injector assembly, protect tip of the injector.
Also cover the cylinder head injector hole to prevent dust and dirt fall into the combustion chamber.

Engine servicing



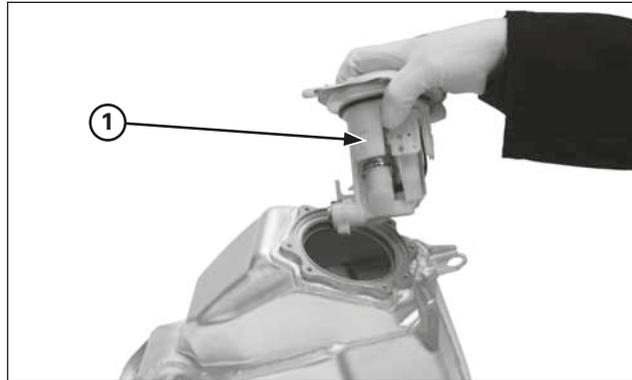
- (1) QUICK CONNECTOR
- (2) FUEL FEED HOSE
- (3) 5P CONNECTOR



- (1) BOLTS
- (2) FUEL PUMP

Remove the 5P connector and fuel feed hose.

Remove the fuel pump base mounting bolts.
Remove the fuel pump assembly being careful not to damage the pump.



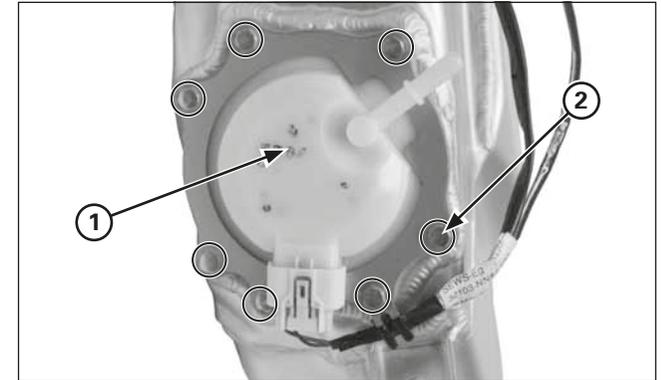
- (1) FUEL PUMP

Installation

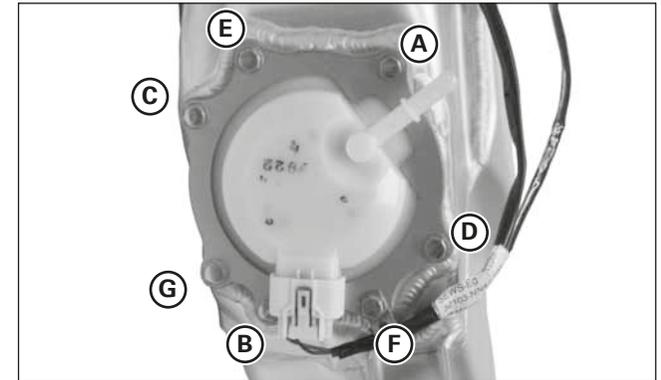
NOTICE

Always replace the packing with a new one when the fuel pump is removed.

Clean any oil off from the mating surface of the fuel pump base and fuel tank.
Install a new packing onto the fuel pump base.
Install the fuel pump assembly into the fuel tank (as pictures shows).
Be careful not to damage the fuel pump wire.
Make sure the packing is seated against the fuel tank.
Also check that the packing is not placed on the fuel tank boss.



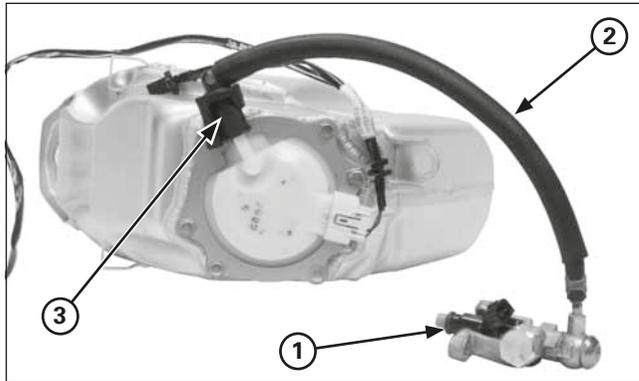
- (1) FUEL PUMP
- (2) BOLTS



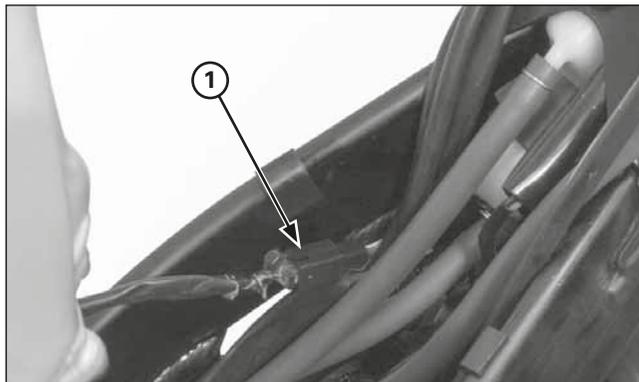
Install the fuel pump mounting bolts.

Tighten the fuel tank mounting bolts in the alphabetical order shown in the illustration.

Torque: 7 - 9 N•m (0.7 - 0.9 kgf•m, 5.1 - 6.6 lbf•ft)



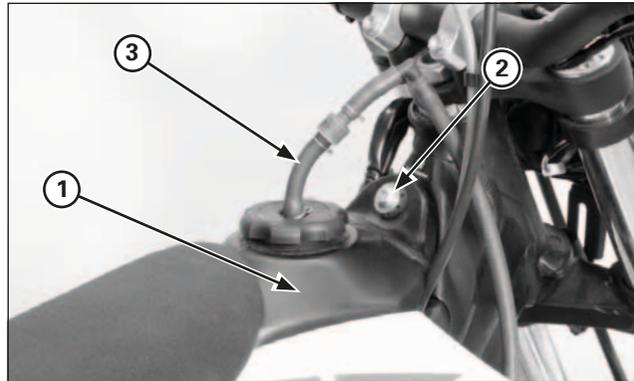
- (1) O-RING (NEW)
- (2) FUEL FEED HOSE
- (3) QUICK CONNECTOR



- (1) 2P CONNECTOR

Always replace the injector O-ring with a new one whenever the injector is removed from the cylinder head. Install a new O-ring into the injector groove. Install the fuel feed hose.

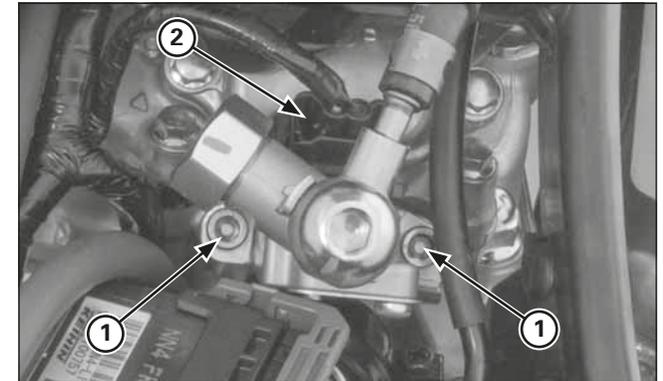
Install the fuel tank onto the frame and connect the fuel pump 2P connector.



- (1) FUEL TANK
- (2) BOLT
- (3) BREATHER HOSE

Install the fuel tank into the frame being careful not to pinch the throttle cable.

Install and tighten the fuel tank mounting bolts. Connect the fuel tank breather hose to the hose clip.



- (1) SOCKET BOLTS
- (2) 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR

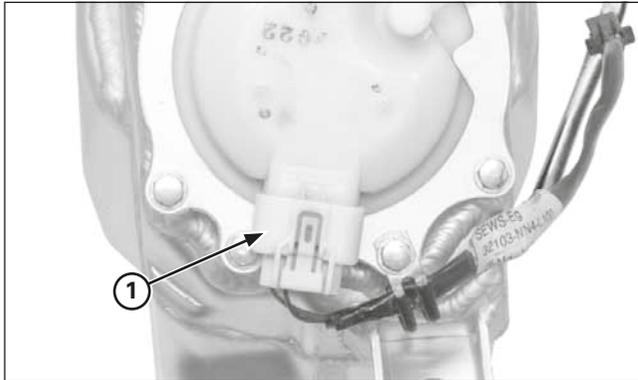
Install and tighten the injector holder socket bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 8 - 12 N·m (0.8 - 1.2 kgf·m, 5.9 - 8.8 lbf·ft)

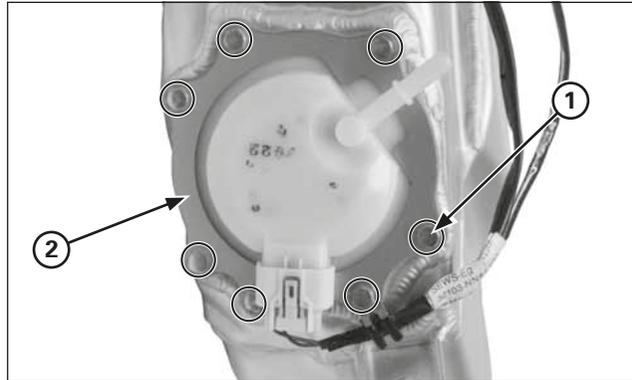
Connect the fuel injector 2P (Black) connector.

Install the seat-rear fender assy, side covers, front covers and the seat.

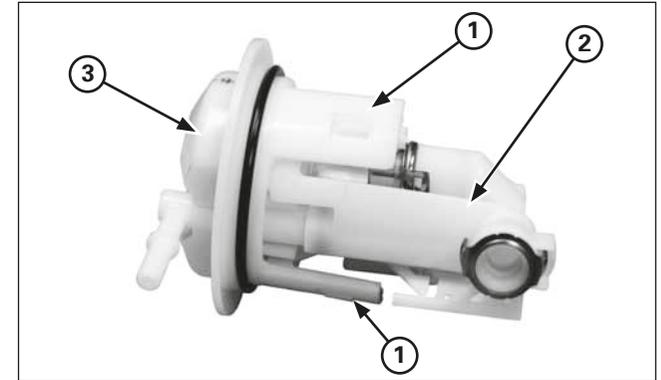
Engine servicing



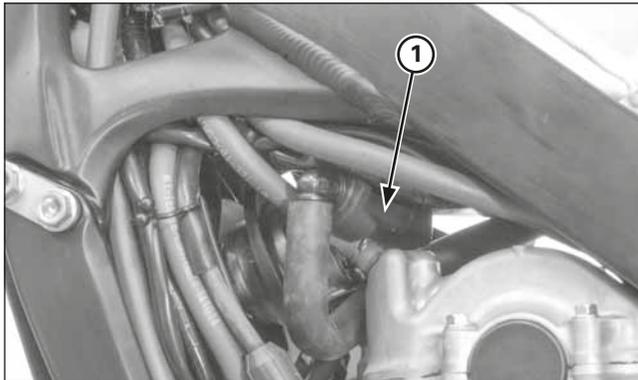
(1) 5P CONNECTOR



(1) BOLTS
(2) FUEL PUMP BASE



(1) PAWL
(2) PUMP BODY
(3) PUMP

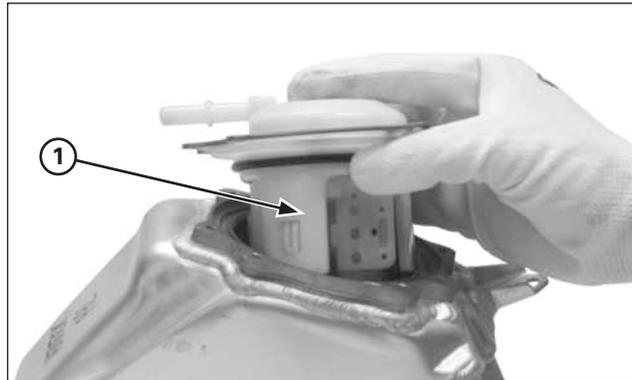


(1) FAST CONNECTOR

Disassembly of the fuel filter

Disconnect the 5P connector from the fuel pump.

Disconnect the fuel feed hose (page 3-4).

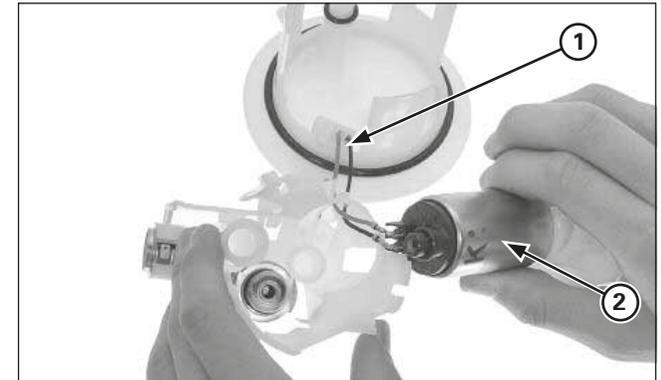


(1) FUEL PUMP

Remove the fuel tank.

Remove the bolts from the fuel pump base and remove the base.

Take the fuel pump out of the fuel tank, taking care not to damage the pump or electric cables.



(1) CABLE TERMINALS
(2) PUMP ENGINE/FILTER

Cleaning the fuel filter

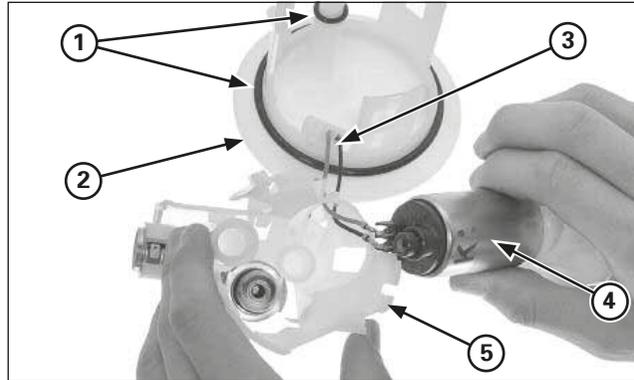
Press the three pawls between the pump body and the pump. Remove the body from the pump.

Disconnect the cable terminals (take note initial position). Disassemble the engine/filter system from the pump body.



(1) FILTER SURFACE

Clean the surface of the filter.



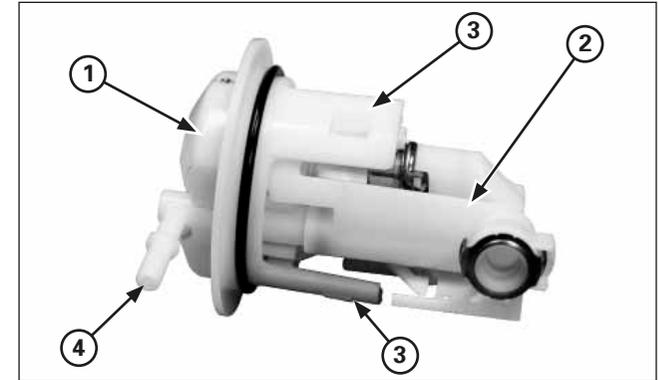
(1) BEARINGS
(2) PUMP
(3) ENGINE CABLES
(4) MOTOR
(5) BODY

Replace the bearings with new ones every time the fuel pump is disassembled.

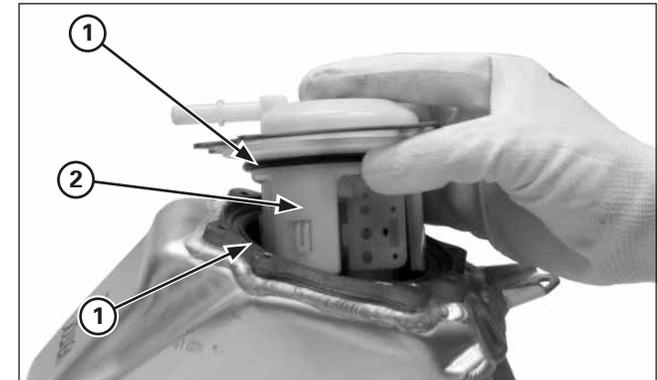
Clean the contact surface between the pump and the fuel tank. Install new bearings. Apply a small amount of engine oil for installation.

Thread the engine cables through the holes and connect them to the terminals. Insert the pump engine in the body.

Be careful not to damage the cables



(1) PUMP
(2) BODY
(3) PAWLS
(4) CONNECTING PIPE



(1) BEARING
(2) PUMP

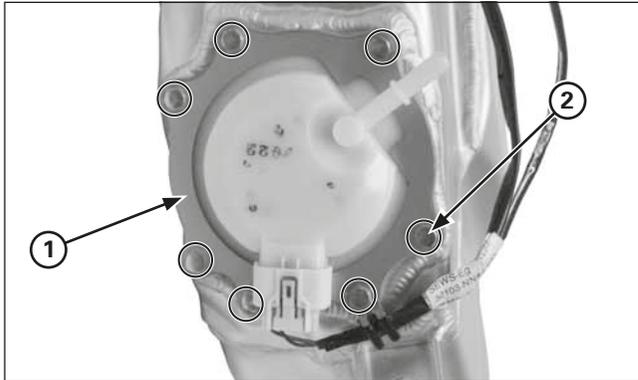
Assembly

Insert the body in the pump system. Make sure that the pawls are tightly closed and that the two pieces are perfectly positioned.

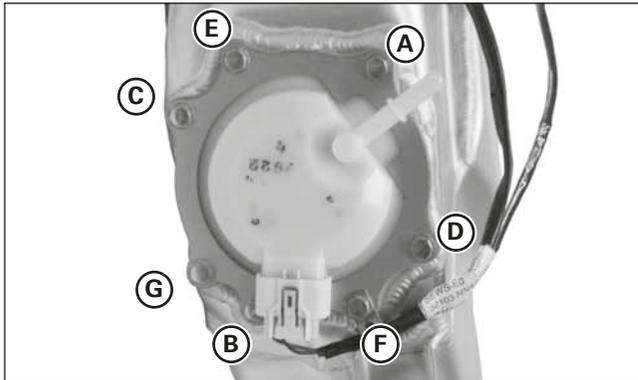
Insert a new bearing in its housing in the tank as shown. Insert the pump in the tank, taking special care not to damage the bearings. Apply a small amount of engine oil for installation.

Make sure that the bearing is properly positioned and supported in the fuel tank.

Engine servicing



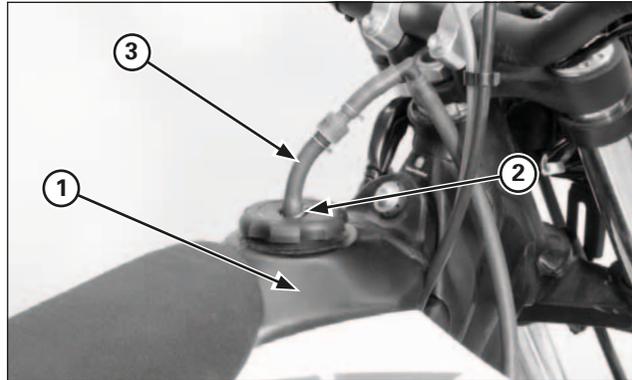
- (1) FUEL PUMP BASE
- (2) BOLTS



Insert the mounting bolts in the pump.
Place the pump base in its position as shown.

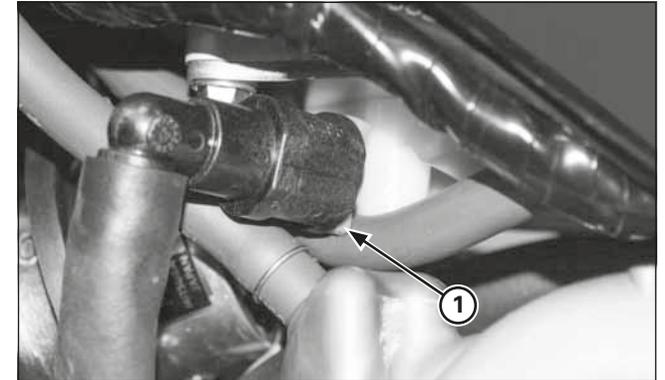
Tighten the pump mounting bolts in alphabetical order as shown in the image.

Torque: 7 - 9 N·m (0.7 - 0.9 kgf·m, 5.1 - 6.6 lbf·ft)

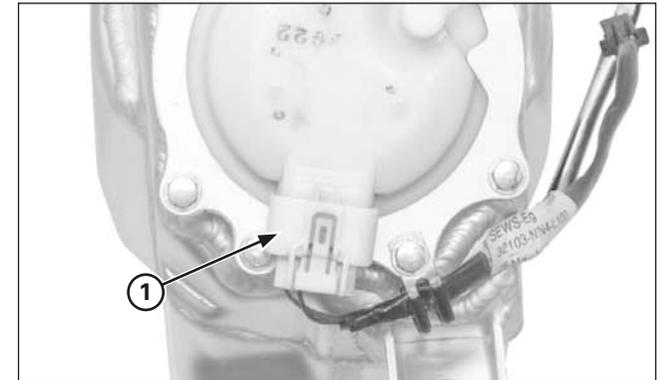


- (1) TANK
- (2) CLIP
- (3) BREATHER HOSE

Mount the tank on the chassis.
Connect the breather hose to the tank and secure it with the clip.



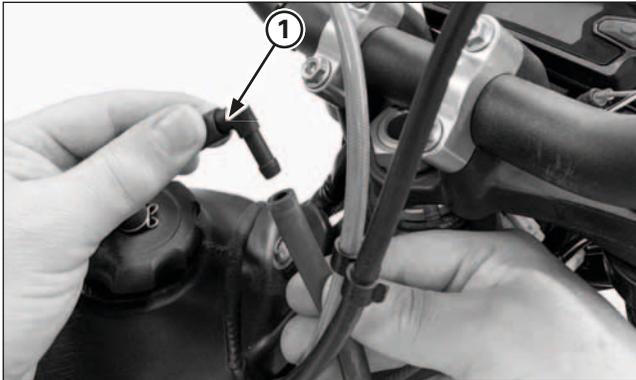
- (1) PUMP CONNECTOR



- (1) 5P CONNECTOR

Insert the fast connector in the pump (page 3-4).

Connect the fuel pump's 5P connector.

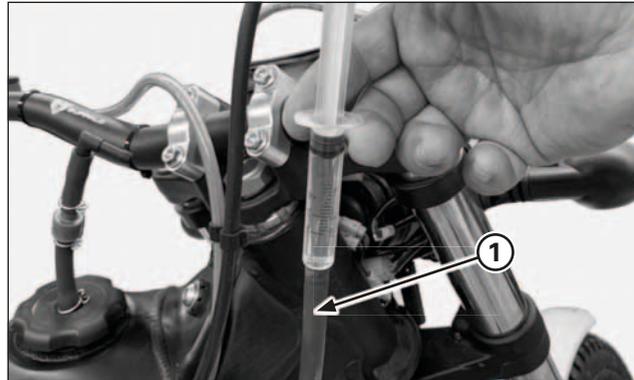


(1) FUEL TANK BREATHER HOSE

Checking the fuel evaporative emission control system

Relief valve

Disconnect the breather hose from the fuel tank.



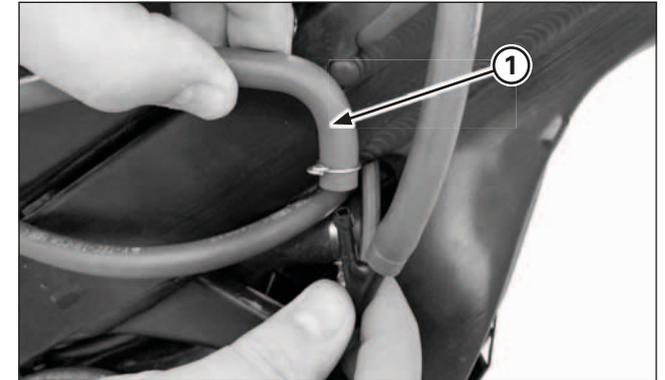
(1) RELIEF VALVE BREATHER HOSE SIDE

Put 5 ml. of fuel into the breather hose side that goes to the relief valve.

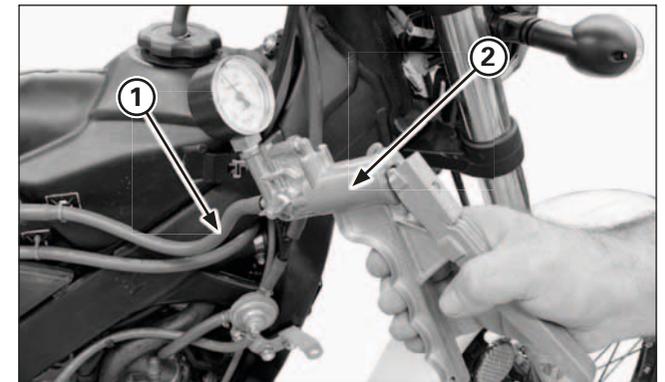
Start the motorcycle.

If the fuel previously introduced into the breather hose that goes to the relief valve exits through the overflow tube of the fuel tank in the lower part of the engine, the operation of the relief valve is correct.

Stop the motorcycle.



(1) BLEED VALVE HOSE



(1) BLEED VALVE HOSE
(2) PRESSURE PUMP

Bleed valve

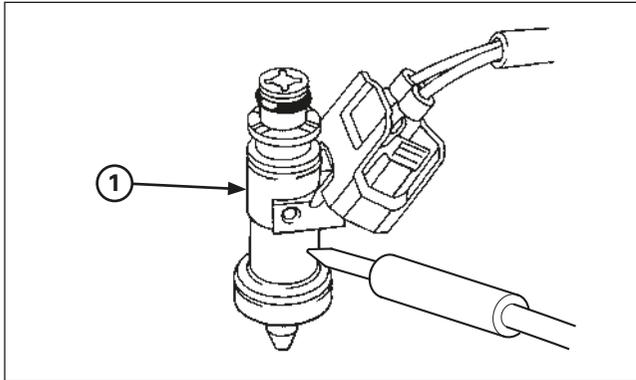
Disconnect the bleed valve hose.

Connect a pressure pump with manometer to the bleed valve hose.

Blow air with the pressure pump into the bleed valve hose.

The bleed valve must maintain a stable pressure between **80** and **100 mbar**.

Engine servicing



(1) INJECTOR

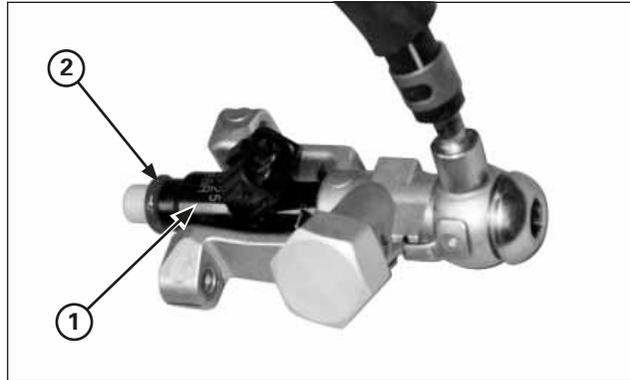
Injector

Inspection

Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Start the engine and let it idle.
Confirm the injector operating sounds with a sounding rod or stethoscope.

If the injector does not operate, replace the injector.

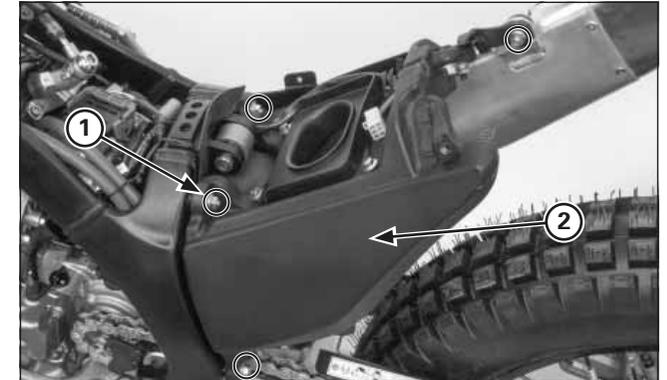


(1) INJECTOR
(2) NEW O-RING

Removal/Installation

Do not remove the injector from the injector holder.
Replace the injector and holder as an assembly.

Always replace the O-ring when the fuel injector assembly is removed from the cylinder head.



(1) BOLTS/NUTS
(2) AIR CLEANER HOUSING

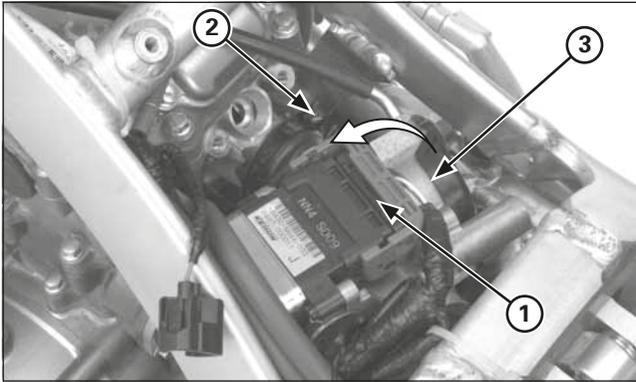
Throttle Body

Removal

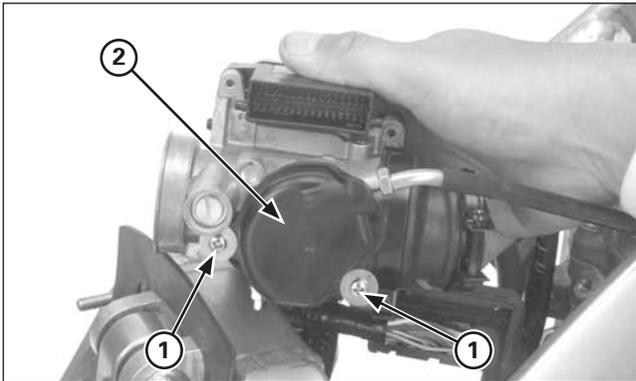
Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Loosen the connecting tube band screw.
Remove the silencer mounting bolt.
Remove the air cleaner housing mounting nuts and bolt.

Pull the air cleaner housing backward being careful not to damage the wire harness.
Disconnect the crankcase breather hose from the housing joint.



(1) 32P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
(2) BAND SCREW
(3) THROTTLE BODY

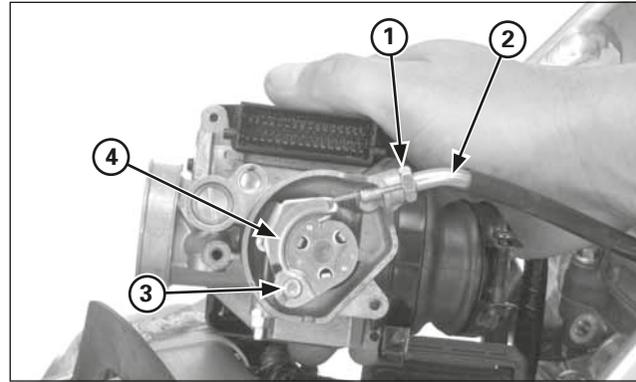


(1) SCREWS
(2) THROTTLE DRUM COVER

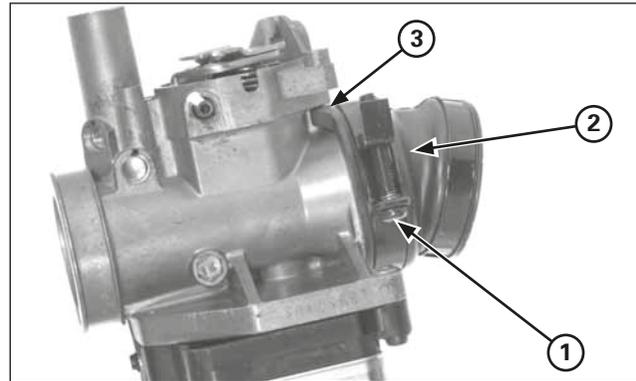
Disconnect the ECM 32P (Black) connector.
Loosen the insulator band screw, then remove the throttle body.

Be careful to not pull connector from throttle body, pull up fixation handle.

Remove the screws and throttle drum cover.



(1) LOCK NUT (2) THROTTLE CABLE
(3) THROTTLE CABLE END (4) THROTTLE DRUM



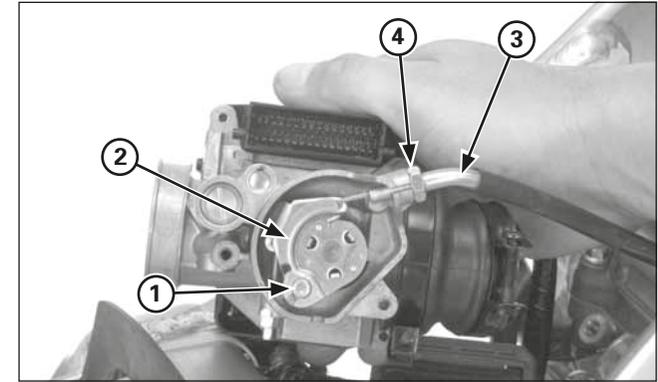
(1) SCREW
(2) INSULATOR
(3) ALIGN

Loosen the lock nut, then disconnect the throttle cable from the throttle body.
Then disconnect the cable end from the throttle drum.

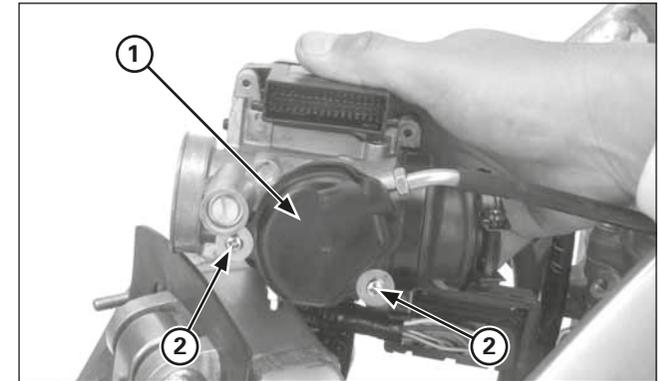
Loosen the insulator clamp screw, then remove the insulator from the throttle body.

Installation

Install the insulator onto the throttle body while aligning its slit with the lug on the throttle body as shown.



(1) THROTTLE CABLE END (2) THROTTLE DRUM
(3) THROTTLE CABLE (4) LOCK NUT

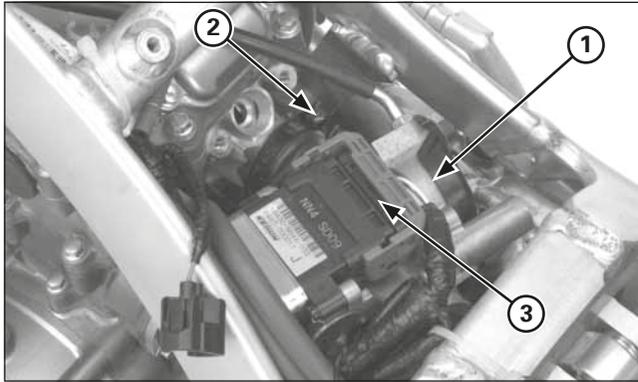


(1) THROTTLE DRUM COVER
(2) SCREWS

Connect the throttle cable end to the throttle drum.
Install the throttle cable to the throttle body.
Adjust the throttle grip free play.

Install the throttle drum cover and tighten the screws.

Engine servicing



- (1) THROTTLE BODY
- (2) BAND SCREW
- (3) 32P (BLACK) CONNECTOR

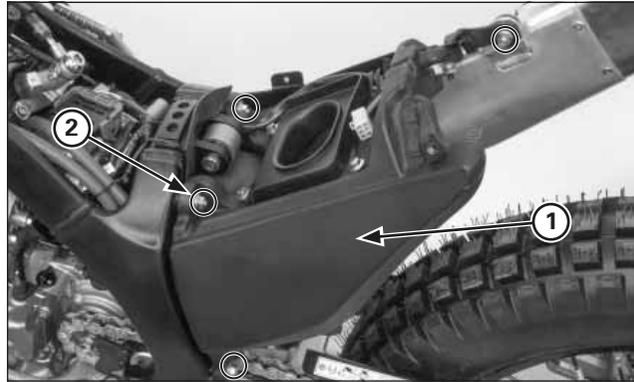
Install the throttle body together with insulator at cylinder head inlet port.

Make sure there are following clearance between the throttle body:

- Throttle body-to-bank angle sensor: more than 5 mm
- Throttle body-to-silencer: more than 5 mm

Adjust the insulator band angle, tighten the band screw securely.

Connect the ECM 32P (Black) connector.



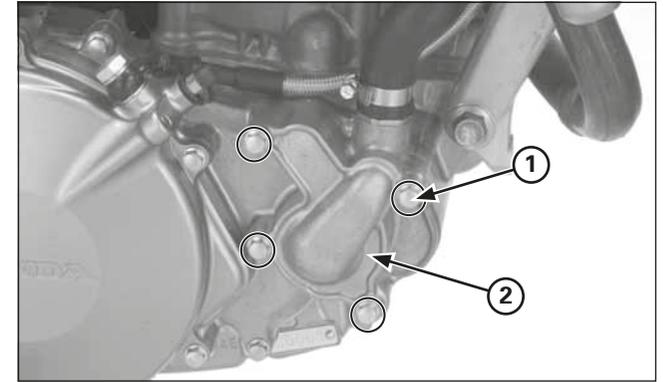
- (1) AIR CLEANER HOUSING
- (2) BOLTS/NUTS

Install the air cleaner housing onto the frame and connect the crankcase breather hose.

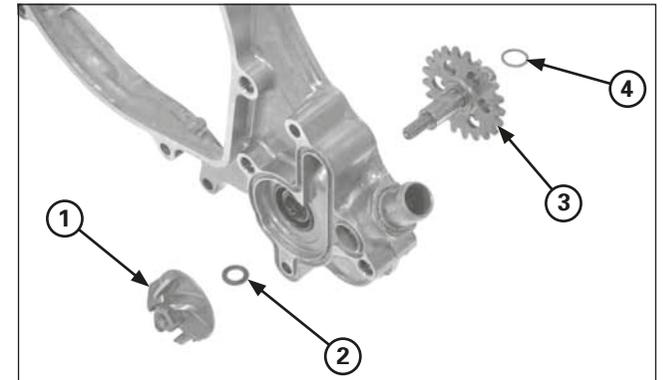
Install and tighten the air cleaner housing mounting nuts and bolt securely.
Install the washer and silencer mounting bolt, then tighten the bolt securely.

Adjust the angle of the connector tube clamp and tighten the screw firmly.

Install the seat-rear fender assy, side covers, front covers and the seat.



- (1) BOLTS
- (2) WATER PUMP COVER



- (1) IMPELLER
- (2) COPPER WASHER
- (3) WATER PUMP SHAFT
- (4) WASHER

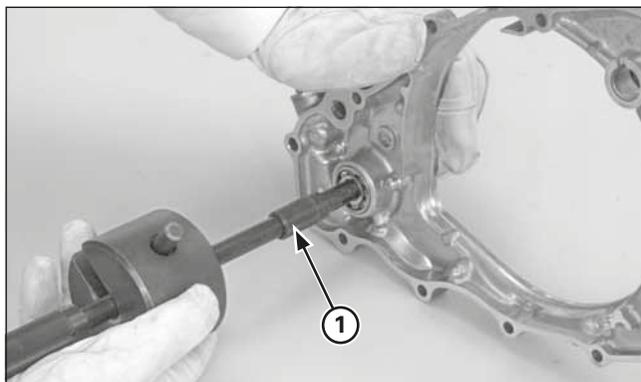
Water Seal And Bearing Replacement

Drain the transmission oil (page 2-8).

Remove the following:

- Water pump cover bolt/cover/dowel pins/O-ring
- Right crankcase cover and washer (page 3-41)

Hold the water pump gear teeth using a suitable tool, then remove the impeller, copper washer and water pump shaft.



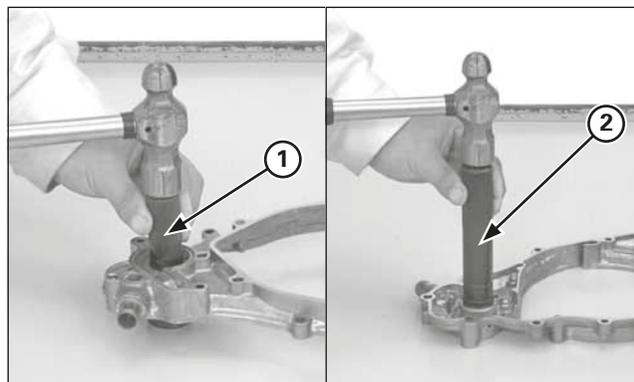
(1) BEARING REMOVER, 12 MM

Remove the water pump bearing from the right crankcase cover using the special tools.

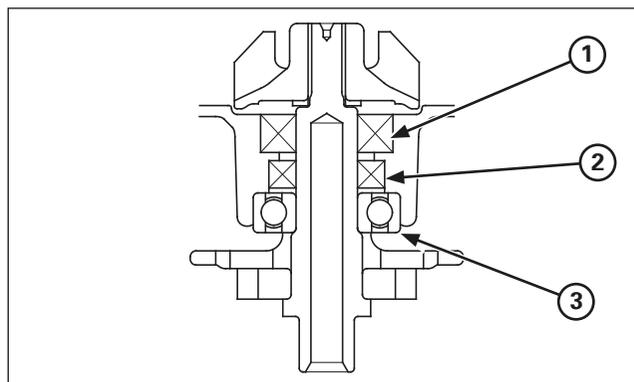
Tools:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Bearing remover, 12 mm | Generic tool |
| - Remover shaft | 07936-1660120 |
| - Remover weight | 07741-0010201 |

Remove the oil seal and water seal.



(1) WATER SEAL DRIVER
(2) DRIVER/ATTACHMENT



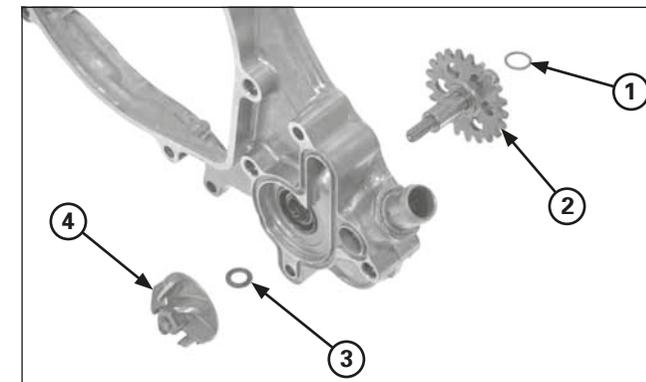
(1) WATER SEAL
(2) OIL SEAL
(3) BEARING

Install the water seal into the right crankcase cover in the direction shown in the illustration above.

Tool:

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Water seal driver | 07945-KA30000 |
|--------------------------|----------------------|

Install a new oil seal in the direction shown in the illustration above.
Drive the new bearing into the right crankcase cover (Tools; page 1-7).

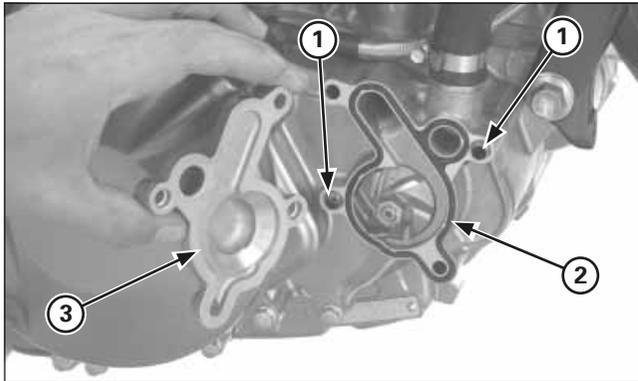


(1) WASHER
(2) WATER PUMP SHAFT
(3) NEW COPPER WASHER
(4) IMPELLER

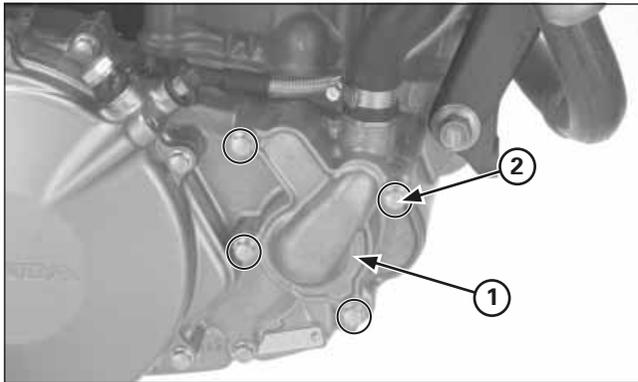
Install the water pump shaft, new copper washer and impeller into the right crankcase cover.
Hold the water pump gear using a suitable tool and tighten the impeller to the specified torque.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 9 lbf·ft)

Install the washer and right crankcase cover (page 3-42).



(1) DOWEL PINS
(2) NEW O-RING
(3) WATER PUMP COVER



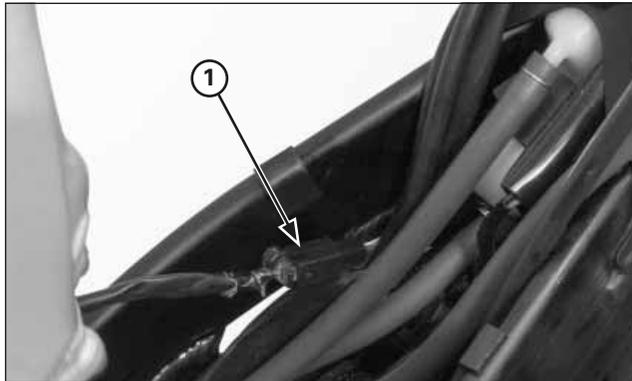
(1) WATER PUMP COVER
(2) BOLTS

Install the following:

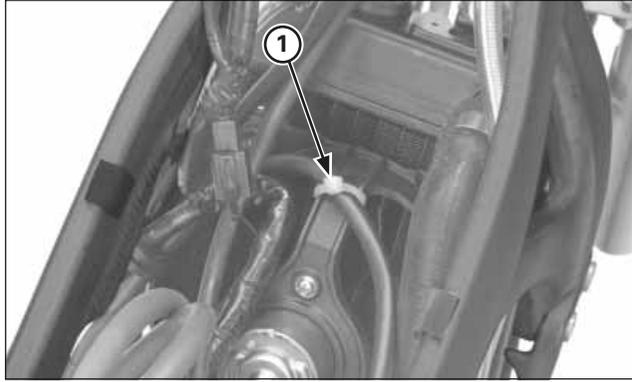
- Dowel pins, new O-ring
- Water pump cover, bolts

Fill the crankcase with recommended transmission oil (page 2-8).

Fill the coolant and bleed air (page 2-9).



(1) 2P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR



(1) TIE WRAP

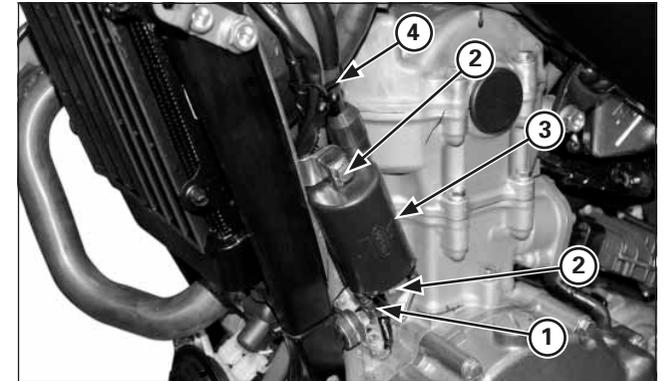
Radiator Removal/Installation

Remove the following:

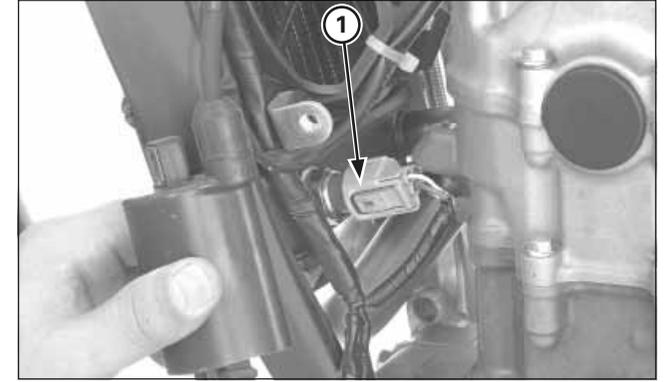
- Exhaust pipe
- Skid plate
- Fuel tank/injector assembly (page 3-7)

Disconnect the radiator 2P (Natural) connector.

Remove the spark plug wire tie-wrap from fan motor shroud.



(1) GROUND EYELET
(2) BOLTS
(3) IGNITION COIL
(4) WIRE CLAMP

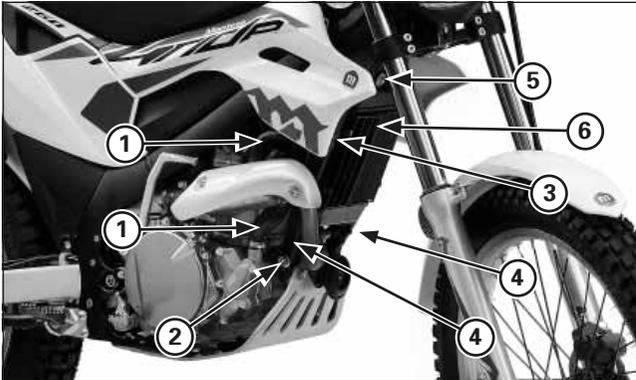


(1) 3P (GRAY) CONNECTOR

Remove the ground eyelet bolt.
Remove the ignition coil mounting bolt.

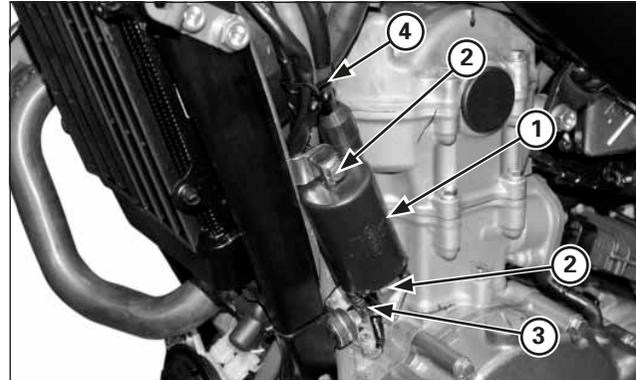
Remove the spark plug wire/wire harness/breather hose clamp.

Disconnect the ECT sensor 3P (Gray) connector.



- (1) RADIATOR HOSES
- (2) HANGER BOLT
- (3) DOWN TUBE BOLTS
- (4) DOWN TUBES
- (5) BOLT
- (6) RADIATOR

Disconnect the radiator hoses at the right crankcase cover and cylinder head.
 Remove the front engine hanger bolt and front down tube mounting bolts, then remove the down tubes.
 Remove the radiator mounting bolt, then remove the radiator assembly.

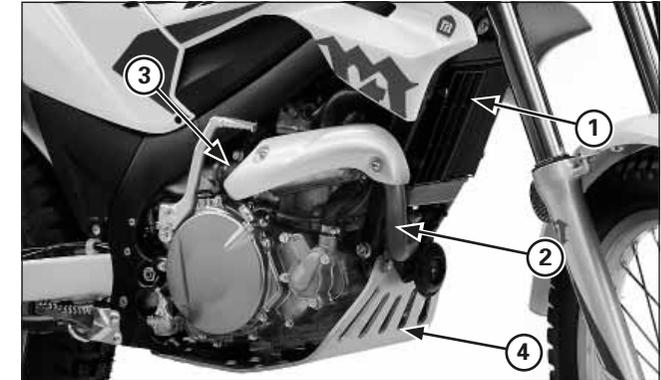


- (1) IGNITION COIL
- (2) BOLTS
- (3) GROUND EYELET
- (4) WIRE CLAMP

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTICE

At ignition coil installation, install the ground eyelet with the ignition coil lower mounting bracket bolt as shown in the illustration.



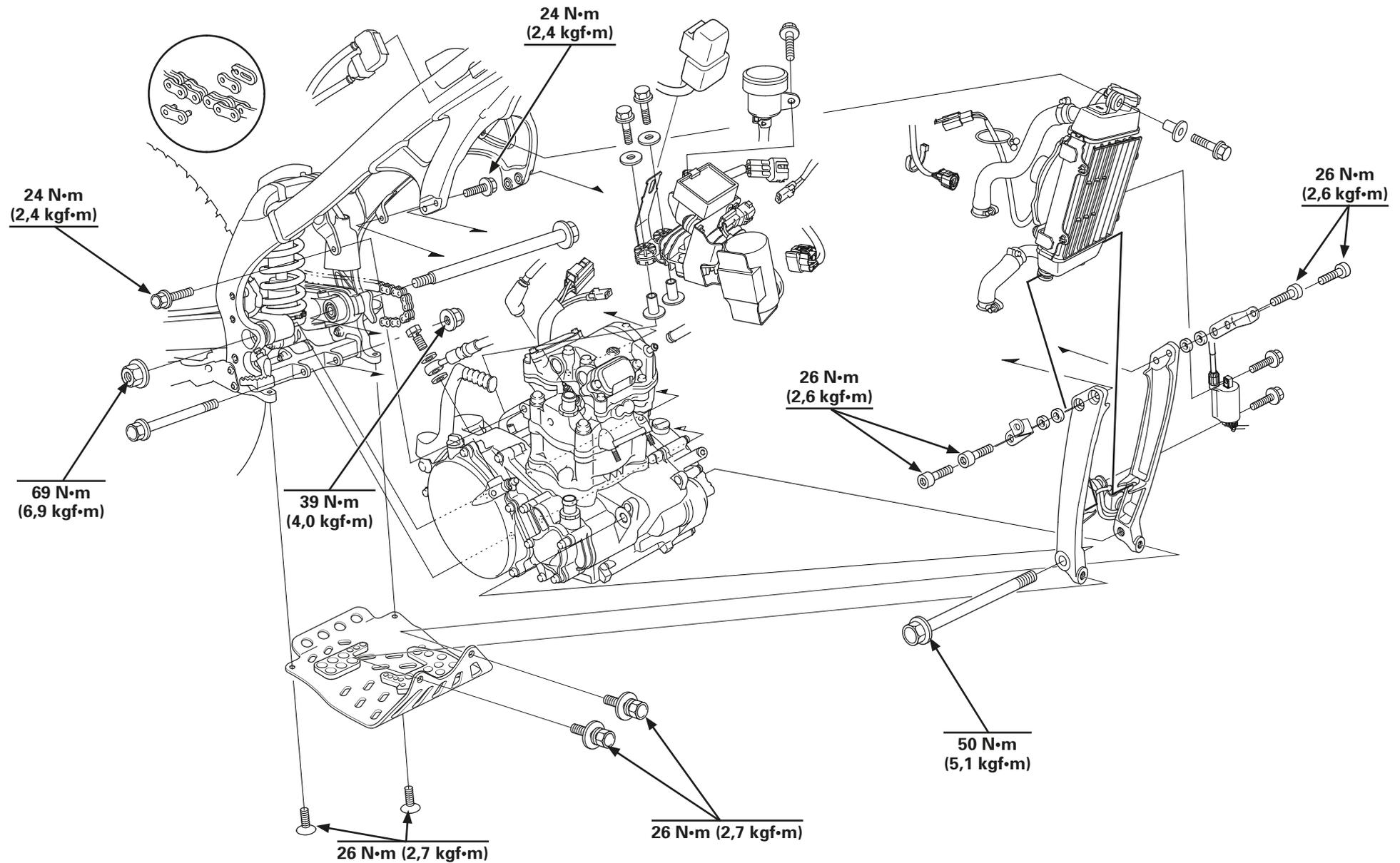
- (1) RADIATOR
- (2) EXHAUST PIPE
- (3) MUFFLER
- (4) SKID PLATE

Engine Removal/Installation

- Support the motorcycle securely using a hoist or equivalent.
- The following parts must be removed before engine removal.
 - Exhaust pipe, muffler
 - Skid plate
 - Down tubes, radiator (page 3-18)
 - Air cleaner housing (page 3-14)
- The following components can be serviced with the engine in the frame.
 - Cylinder head
 - Clutch/gearshift linkage
 - Flywheel/stator
 - Kickstarter/gearshift linkage
- The following components require engine removal for servicing.
 - Crankshaft
 - Oil pump
 - Shift forks and shift drum
 - Transmission
 - Cylinder/piston

Engine servicing

Engine Removal/Installation Illustration





(1) CYLINDER COMPRESSION GAUGE

Cylinder Compression

Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
 Stop the engine and remove the spark plug.
 Install a compression gauge.
 Shift the transmission into neutral.
 Open the throttle all the way and crank the engine with the kickstarter until the gauge reading stops rising.

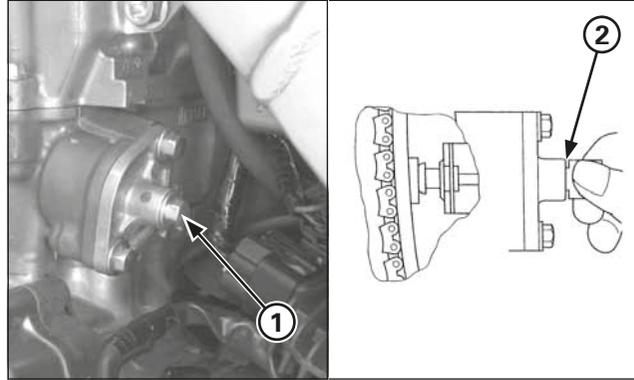
Compression pressure:
 1300 kPa (13,3 kgf/cm², 189 psi)

Low compression can be caused by:

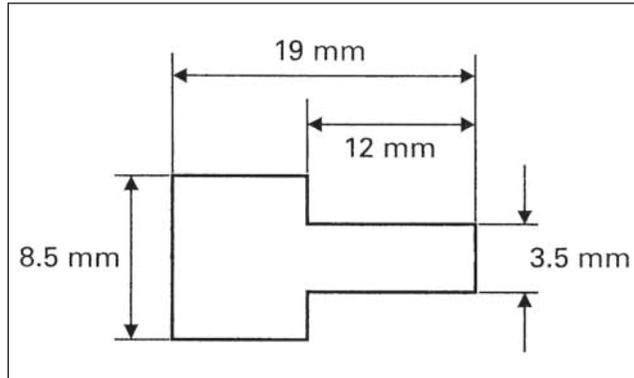
- Blown cylinder head gasket
- Improper valve adjustment
- Valve leakage
- Worn piston ring or cylinder

High compression can be caused by:

- Incorrect valves adjustment



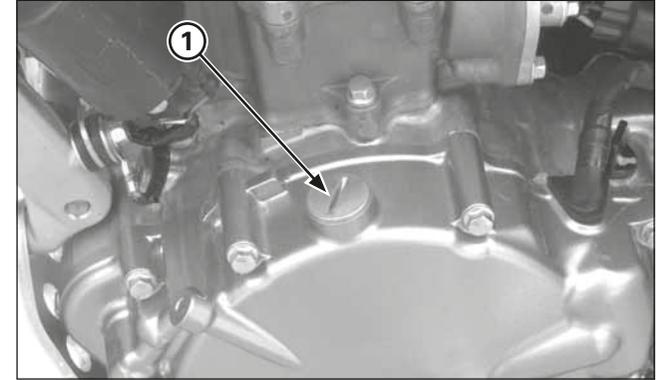
(1) SEALING BOLT/WASHER
 (2) STOPPER TOOL



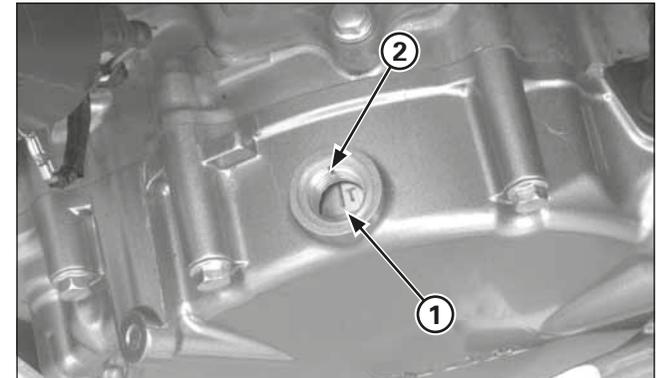
(1) CAM CHAIN TENSIONER LIFTER

Cylinder Head Cover/Camshaft Removal
 Remove the cam chain tensioner lifter sealing bolt and sealing washer.

Turn the tensioner lifter clockwise fully and secure it with the stopper tool.
 This tool can be easily be made from a thin (1 mm thick) piece of steel as shown.



(1) TIMING HOLE CAP



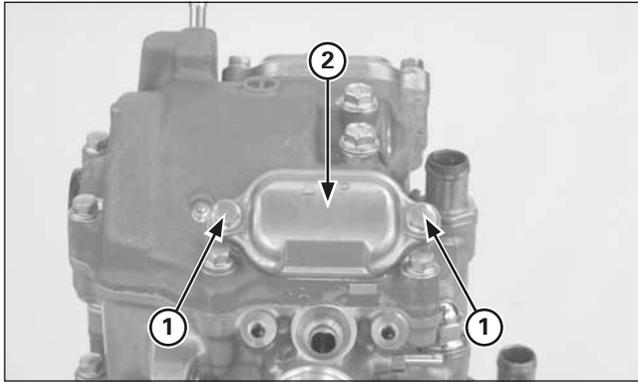
(1) "T" MARK
 (2) INDEX MARK

Remove the fuel tank/injector.

Remove the timing hole cap and O-ring from the left crankcase cover.

Turn the crankshaft by operating the kickstarter and align the "T" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

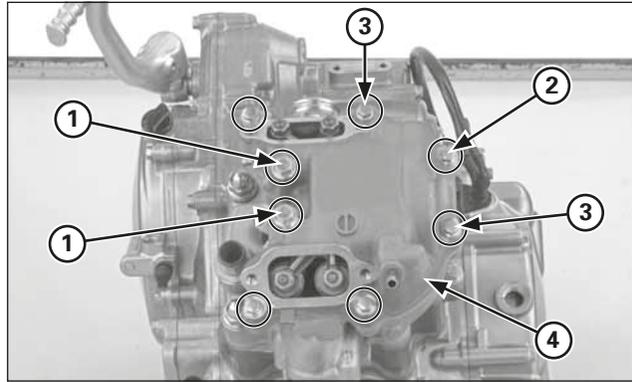
Engine servicing



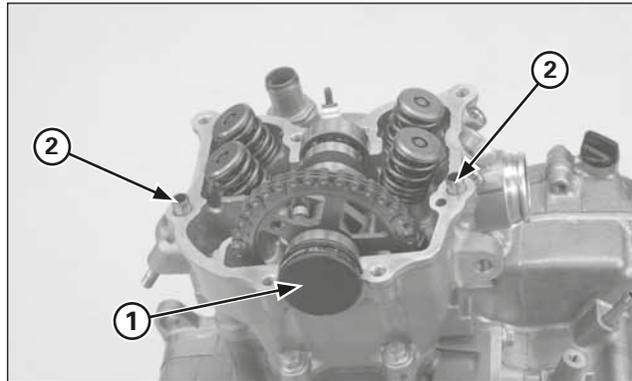
- (1) BOLTS
- (2) TAPPET ADJUSTING HOLE COVER

Remove the bolts and tappet adjusting hole covers.

Make sure the piston at TDC (Top Dead Center) on the compression stroke by moving the rocker arms.



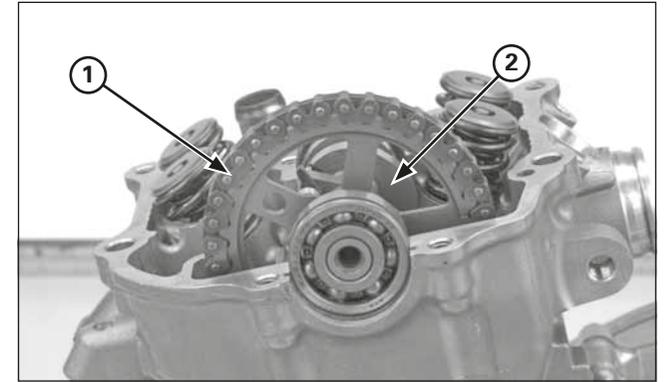
- (1) BOLTS/SEALING WASHERS
- (2) SH BOLTS
- (3) SEALING WASHERS
- (4) CYLINDER HEAD COVER



- (1) SIDE CAP
- (2) DOWEL PINS

Disconnect the crankcase breather hose.
Remove the two 6 mm bolts.
Loosen the eight cylinder head cover SH bolts in crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.
Remove the bolts and four sealing washers.
Remove the cylinder head cover assembly.

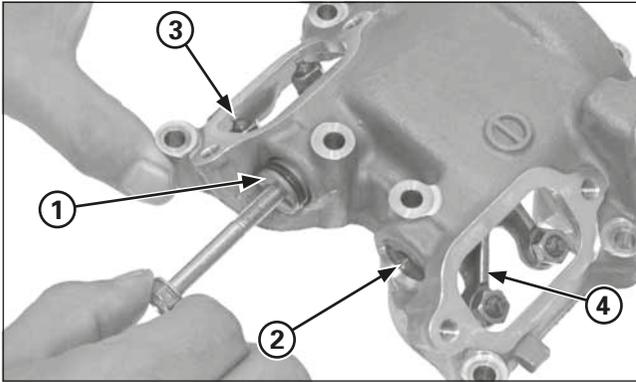
Remove the dowel pins.
Remove the cylinder head side cap.
Remove the camshaft bearing retainer from the cylinder head cover.



- (1) CAM CHAIN
- (2) CAMSHAFT

Remove the cam chain from the cam sprocket and suspend the cam chain with a piece of wire to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

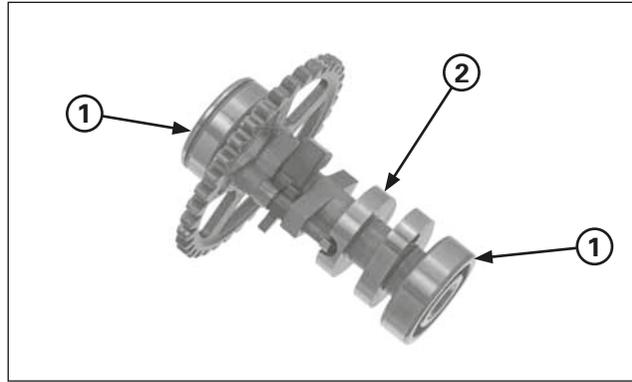
Remove the camshaft assembly.



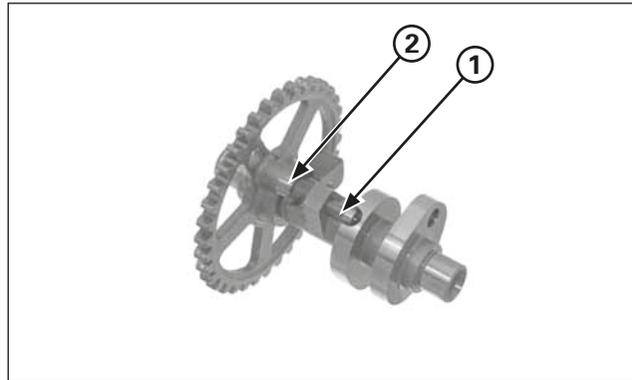
- (1) INTAKE ROCKER ARM SHAFT
- (2) EXHAUST ROCKER ARM SHAFT
- (3) INTAKE ROCKER ARM
- (4) EXHAUST ROCKER ARM

Disassembly

Pull out the rocker arm shafts using a suitable 6 mm bolt and remove the intake and exhaust rocker arms.



- (1) BEARINGS
- (2) CAMSHAFT

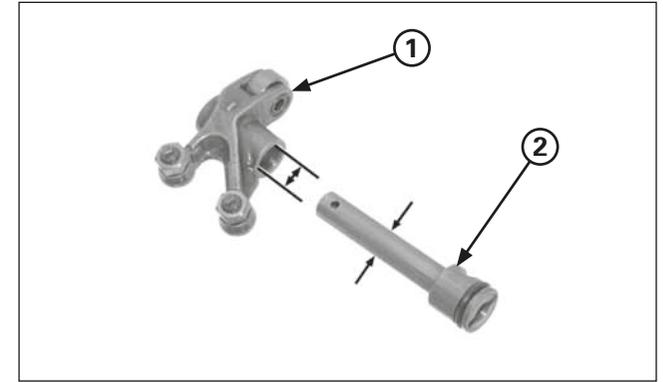


- (1) DECOMPRESSOR
- (2) RETURN SPRING

Inspection

Remove the bearings from the camshaft. Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger. The bearing should turn smoothly and quietly. Replace the bearing if the bearing do not turn smoothly and quietly.

Check the decompressor cam for wear or damage. If any components are faulty, replace the camshaft assembly.



- (1) ROCKER ARM
- (2) ROCKER ARM SHAFT

Check the rocker arms and shafts for wear or damage. Measure the rocker arm I.D.

Service limit: 10.051 mm (0.3957 in)

Measure the rocker arm shaft O.D. at rocker arm sliding portion.

Service limit: 9.925 mm (0.3907 in)

Engine servicing



- (1) RADIATOR HOSE
- (2) HANGER BOLTS

Cylinder Head Removal

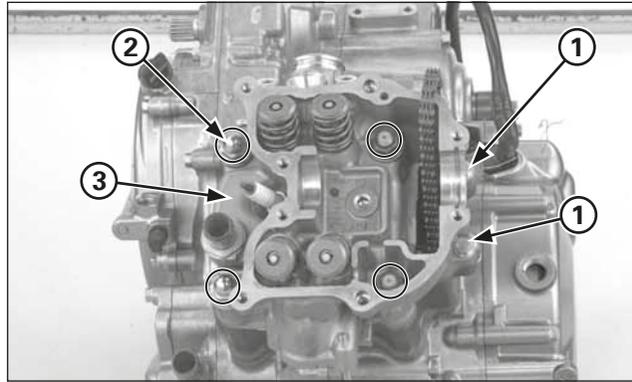
Remove the following:

- Exhaust pipe
- Throttle body/insulator
- Cylinder head cover/camshaft
- Spark plug

Drain the coolant.

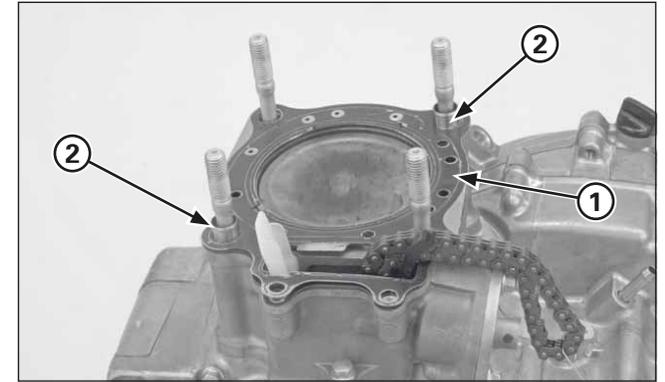
Loosen the hose band screw and disconnect the upper radiator hose from the cylinder head.

Remove the upper engine hanger bolts.

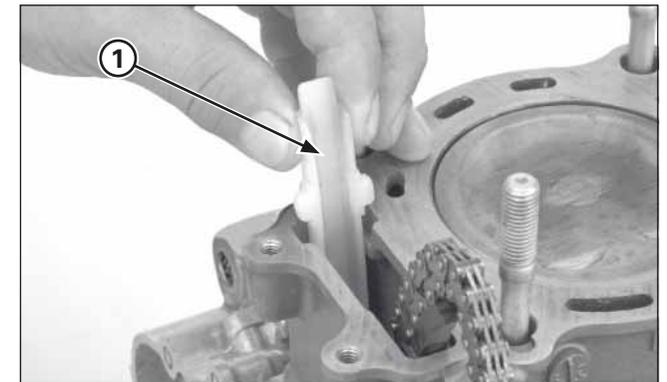


- (1) BOLTS
- (2) NUTS/WASHERS
- (3) CYLINDER HEAD

Remove the cylinder head mounting bolts. Loosen the cylinder head mounting nuts in a crisscross pattern in two or three steps. Remove the nuts, washers and cylinder head.



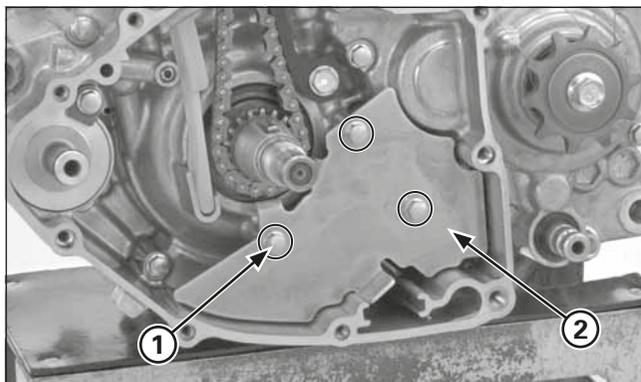
- (1) GASKET
- (2) DOWEL PINS



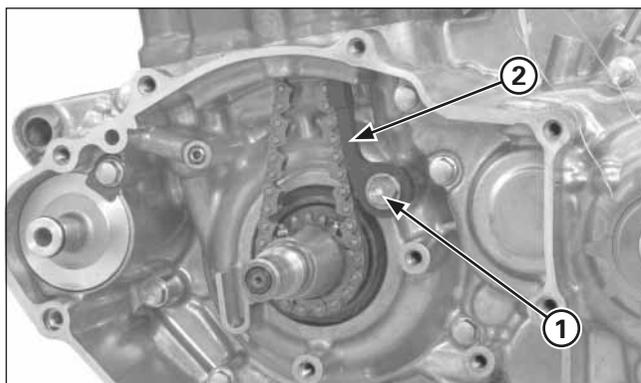
- (1) CAM CHAIN GUIDE

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

Remove the cam chain guide.



(1) BOLTS
(2) CAM CHAIN GUIDE PLATE



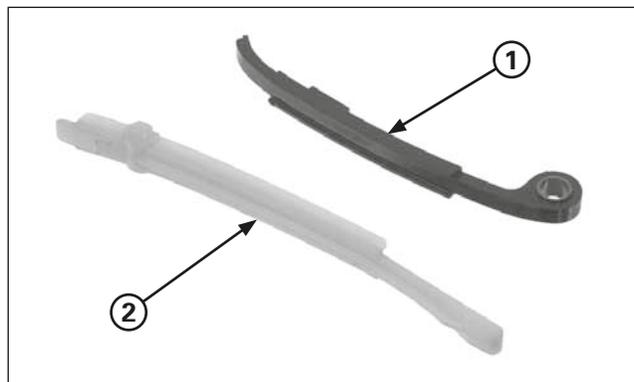
(1) BOLT
(2) CAM CHAIN TENSIONER

Remove the following:

- Cylinder head (page 3-24)
- Left crankcase cover (page 3-50)
- Flywheel (page 3-53)

Remove the bolts and cam chain guide plate.

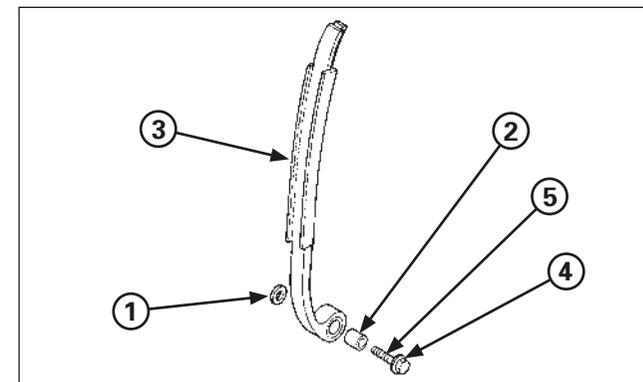
Remove the bolt, cam chain tensioner, pivot collar and washer.



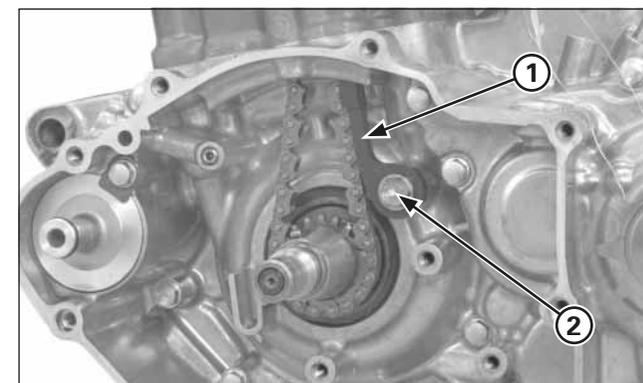
(1) CAM CHAIN TENSIONER
(2) CAM CHAIN GUIDE

Inspection

Inspect the cam chain tensioner and cam chain guide for excessive wear or damage, replace if necessary.



(1) WASHER (2) PIVOT COLLAR
(3) CAM CHAIN TENSIONER
(4) PIVOT BOLT (5) APPLY LOCKING AGENT



(1) CAM CHAIN TENSIONER
(2) PIVOT BOLT

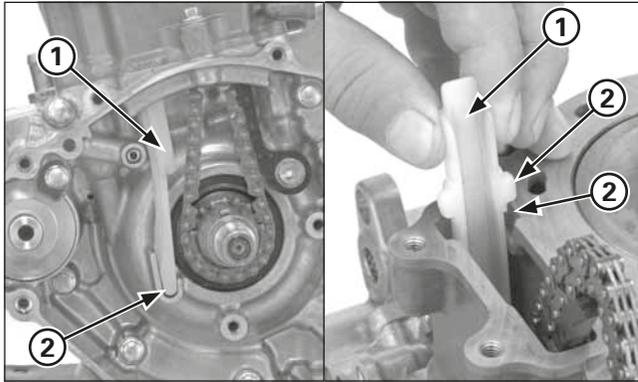
Installation

Apply a locking agent to the cam chain tensioner pivot bolt threads.

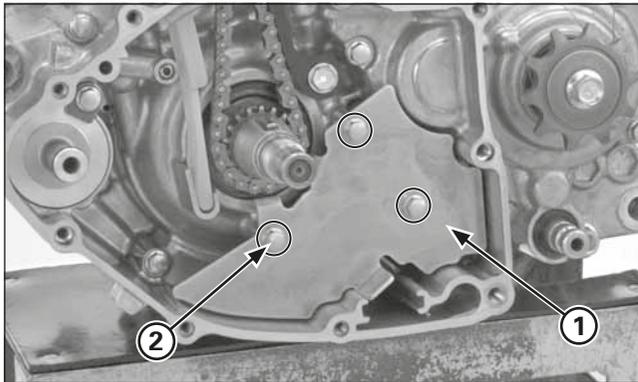
Install the washer, cam chain tensioner, pivot collar and pivot bolt.

Tighten the pivot bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 9 lbf·ft)



(1) CAM CHAIN GUIDE
(2) ALIGN



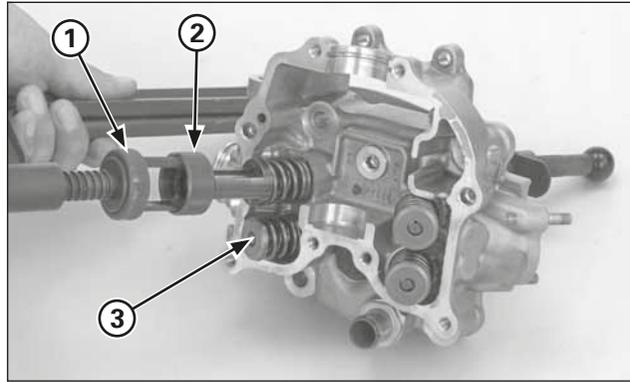
(1) CAM CHAIN GUIDE PLATE
(2) BOLTS

Install the cam chain guide by aligning the guide end with the groove in the crankcase and the tab with the groove in the cylinder.

Install the cam chain guide plate and tighten the bolts.

Install the following:

- Flywheel (page 3-54)
- Left crankcase cover (page 3-51)
- Cylinder head (page 3-38)



(1) VALVE SPRING COMPRESSOR
(2) ATTACHMENT
(3) COTTERS

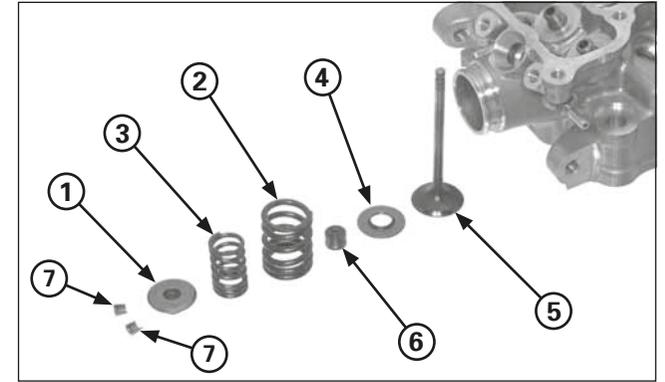
Cylinder Head Disassembly

Remove the cylinder head (page 3-24).

Remove the valve spring cotter pins using the special tools. To prevent loss of tension, do not compress the valve springs more than necessary to remove the cotter pins.

Tools:

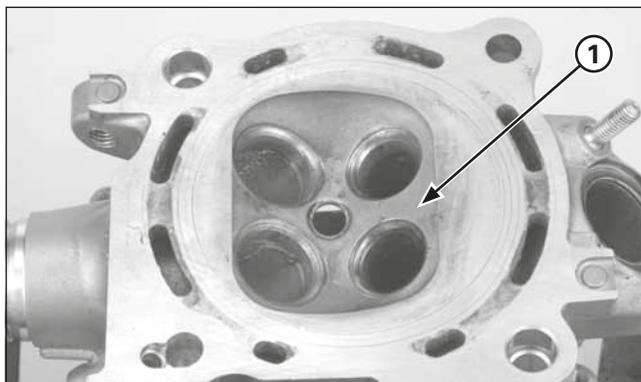
Valve spring compressor	07757-0010000
Compressor attachment	07959-KM30101



(1) RETAINER
(2) OUTER SPRING
(3) INNER SPRING
(4) SPRING SEAT
(5) VALVE
(6) STEM SEAL
(7) COTTERS

Remove the following:

- Spring retainer
- Outer and inner valve springs
- Stem seal
- Valve spring seat
- Intake and exhaust valve



(1) COMBUSTION CHAMBER

Cylinder Head Inspection

Cylinder Head

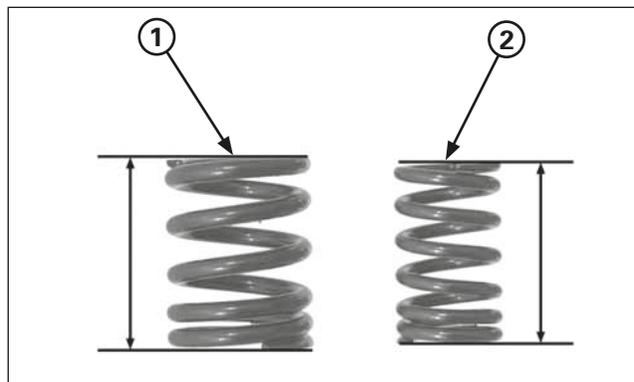
Remove the carbon deposits from the combustion chamber or exhaust port.

Use care not to scratch the combustion chamber or the head gasket surface.

Check the spark plug hole and valve area for cranks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

Service limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)



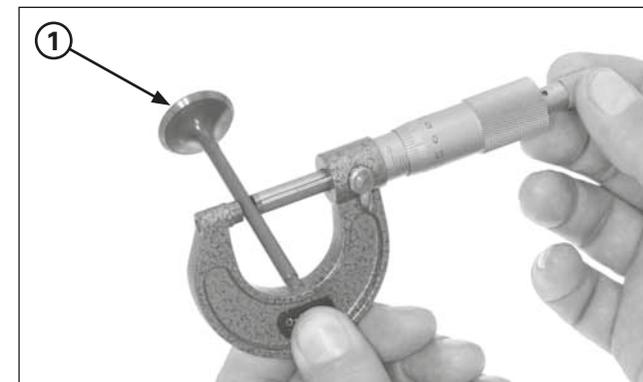
(1) OUTER VALVE SPRING
(2) INNER VALVE SPRING

Valve spring

Check the valve springs for fatigue or damage. Measure the free length of the intake and exhaust valve springs.

Service limits:

Inner: 24.9 mm (0.98 in)
Outer: 27.6 mm (1.09 in)



(1) VALVE

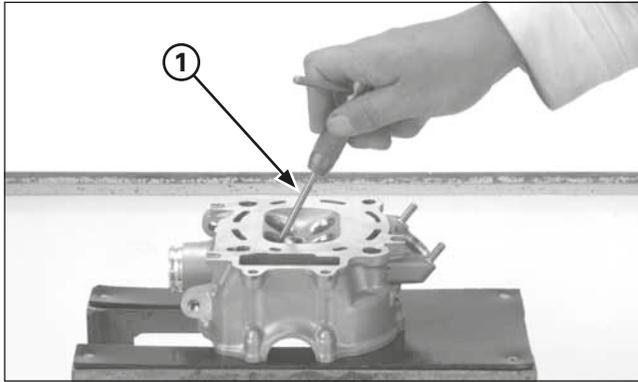
Valve/Valve Guide

Inspect each valve for out-of-round, burns, scratches or abnormal stem wear.

Check the valve movement in the guide. Measure and record the valve stem O.D.

Service limits:

IN: 4.470 mm (0.1760 in)
EX: 4.460 mm (0.1756 in)



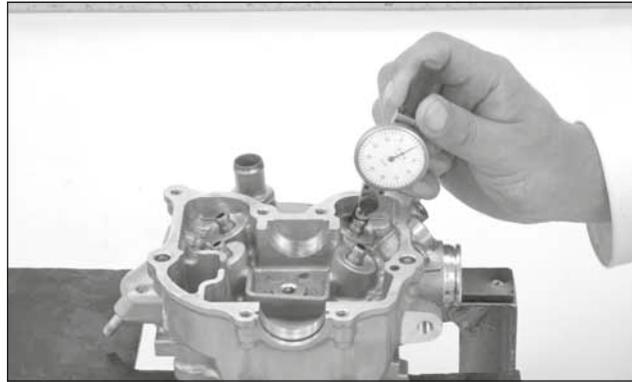
(1) VALVE GUIDE REAMER

Ream the valve guide to remove any carbon build-up before measuring the guide.

Insert the reamer from the combustion chamber side of the head and always rotate the reamer clockwise.

Tool:

Valve guide reamer, 4.508 mm 07HMH-ML00101



Measure and record the valve guide I.D. using a ball gauge or inside micrometer.

Service limit:

IN/EX: 4.552 mm (0.1792 in)

Subtract each valve stem O.D. from the corresponding guide I.D. to obtain the stem-to-guide clearance.

Standard:

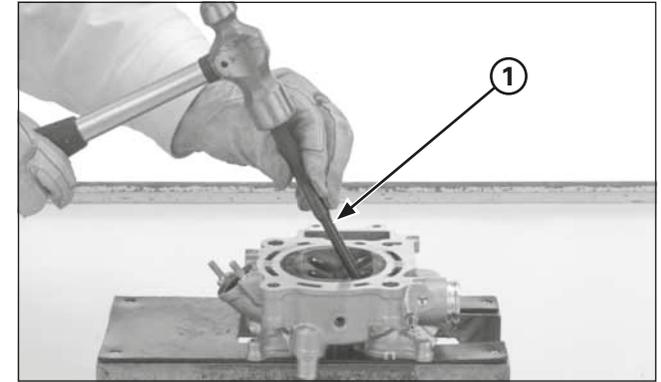
IN: 0.010 – 0.037 mm (0.0004 – 0.0015 in)

EX: 0.020 – 0.047 mm (0.0008 – 0.0019 in)

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits, determine if a new guide with standard dimensions would bring the clearance within tolerance.

If so, replace the guides as necessary and ream to fit. Reface the valve seats whenever the valve guides are replaced (page 3-29).

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits with new guides also, replace the valves and guides.



(1) VALVE GUIDE DRIVER

Valve Guide Replacement

Mark new valve guides at the proper depth (see specification; page 1-1) using a marker.

Chill the new valve guides in a freezer for about 1 hour. Heat the cylinder head to 100 – 150 °C (212 – 300 °F) with a hot plate or oven.

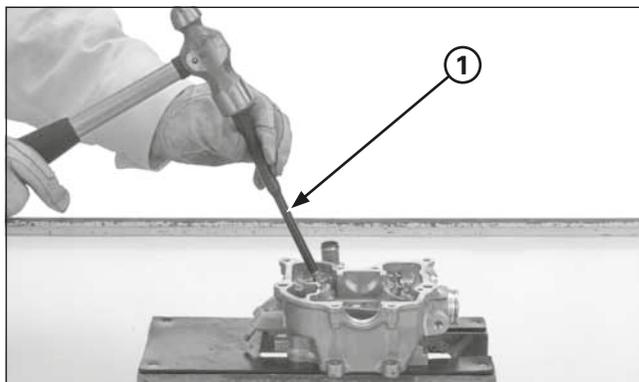
Do not heat the cylinder head beyond 180 °C (320 °F). Use temperature indicator sticks, available from welding supply stores, to be sure the cylinder head is heated to the proper temperature.

Use a torch to heat the cylinder head may cause warpage.

Support the cylinder head and drive the valve guides out of the cylinder head from the combustion chamber side.

Tool:

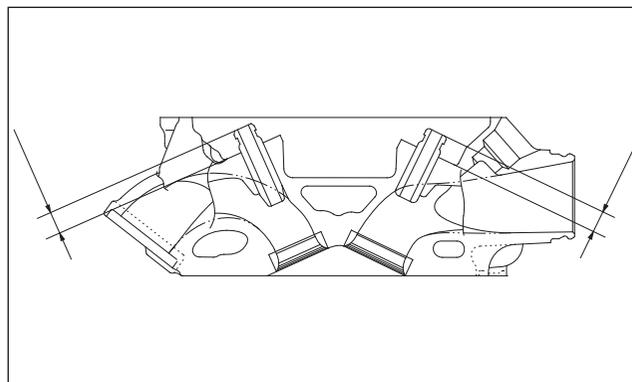
Valve guide driver 07HMD-ML00101



(1) VALVE GUIDE DRIVER

Remove the guide from the freezer.
While the cylinder head is still heated, drive new valve guides into the cylinder head from the top of the cylinder (camshaft side).
Drive the guides until the marks are parallel with the cylinder head.

Tool:
Valve guide driver **07HMD-ML00101**



Check that the valve guides are at the proper depth using a slide caliper, adjust the height if necessary.

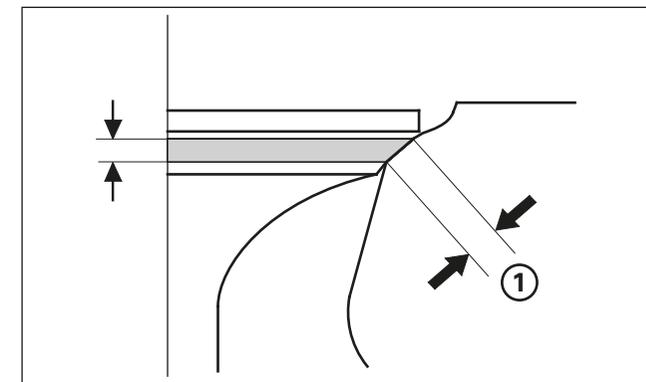
Specified depth:
IN: 8.0 – 8.3 mm (0.31 – 0.33 in)
EX: 8.2 – 8.5 mm (0.32 – 0.33 in)

Let the cylinder head cool to room temperature.

Ream the new valve guides.
Insert the reamer from the combustion chamber side of the cylinder head and always rotate the reamer clockwise. Use cutting oil on the reamer during this operation. Take care not to tilt or lean the reamer in the guide while reaming.

Tool:
Valve guide reamer, 4.508 mm **07HMH-ML00101**

Clean the cylinder head thoroughly to remove any metal particles after reaming and reface the valve seats.



(1) VALVE SEAT WIDTH

Valve Seat Inspection/Refacing

Clean the intake and exhaust valves thoroughly to remove carbon deposits.
Apply a light coating of Prussian Blue to the valve seat.

Tap the valves and seats using a rubber hose or other hand lapping tool.

Remove the valve and inspect the valve seat face. The valve seat contact should be within the specified width and even all around the circumference.

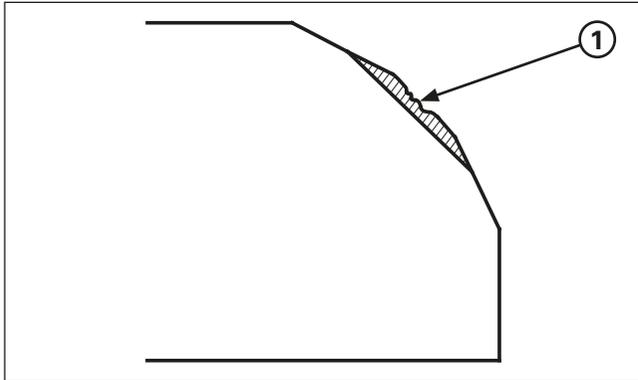
Standard:
IN/EX: 0.9 – 1.1 mm (0.035 – 0.043 in)

Service limit:
IN/EX: 1.7 mm (0.07 in)

If the seat width is not within specification, reface the valve seat (page 3-30).

Inspect the valve seat face for:

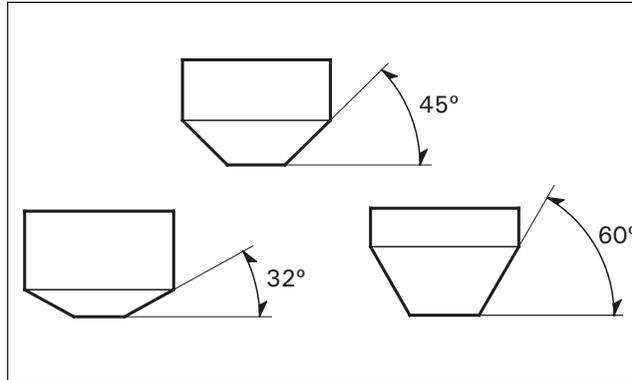
- Uneven seat width:
 - Replace the valve and reface the valve seat.
- Damaged face:
 - Replace the valve and reface the valve seat.



(1) ROUGHNESS

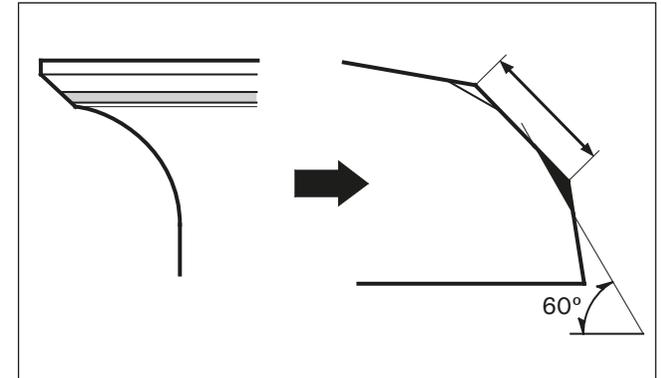
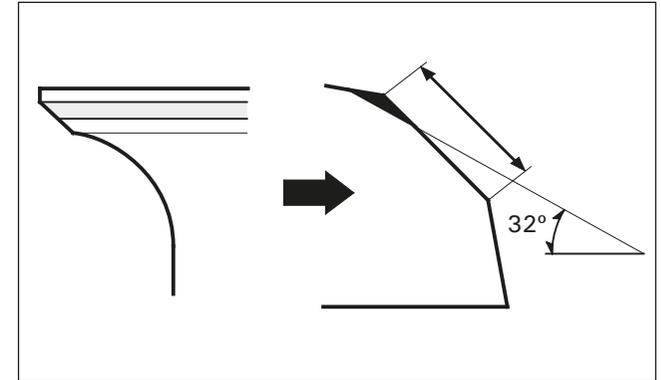
- Contact area (too high or too low)
 - Reface the valve seat.

The valves cannot be ground, If a valve face is burned or badly worn or if it contacts the seat unevenly, replace the valve.



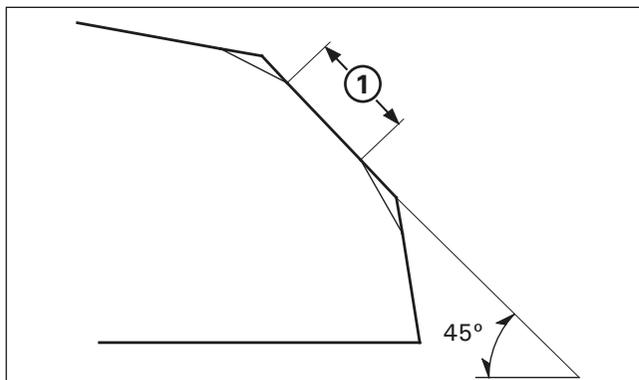
Valve Seat Refacing

Valve seat cutters,grinders or equivalent valve seat refacing equipment are recommended to correct worn valve seat. Follow the refacing manufacturer's instructions.



If the contact area is too high on the valve, the seat must be lowered using a 32° flat cutter.

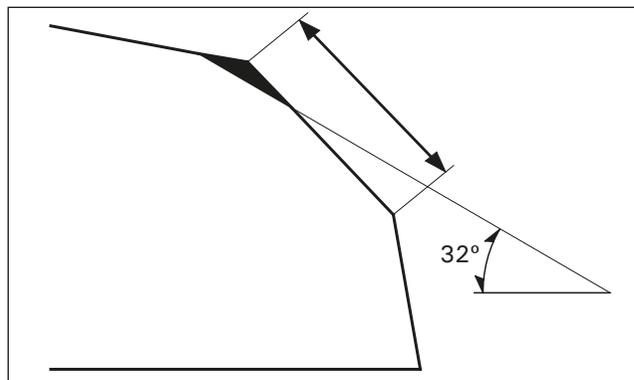
If the contact area is too lower on the valve, the seat must be raised using a 60° interior cutter.



(1) SEAT WIDTH

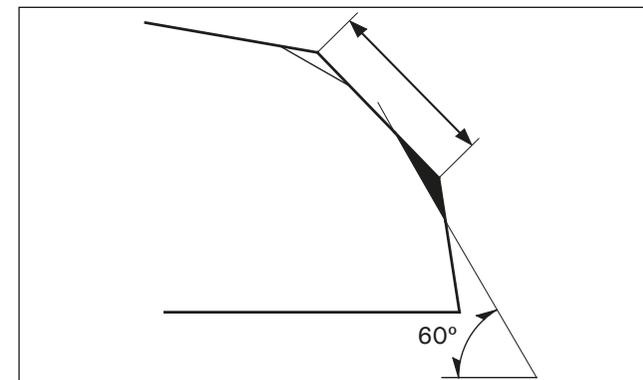
Use a 45° cutter, remove any roughness or irregularities from the seat.
 Reface the seat with a 45° cutter whenever a valve guide is replaced.

Tools:
Seat cutter, 24.5 mm 07780-0010100
Seat cutter, 22 mm 07780-0010701
Cutter holder, 4.5 mm 07781-0010600
 or equivalent commercially available



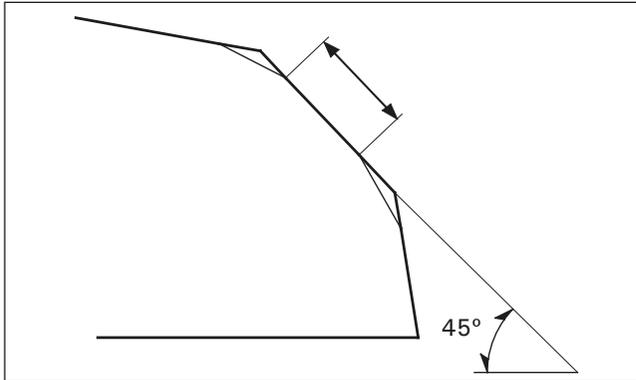
Use a 32° flat cutter, remove 1/4 of the existing valve seat material.

Tools:
Flat cutter, 25 mm 07780-0012000
Flat cutter, 21.5 mm 07780-0012800
Cutter holder, 4.5 mm 07781-0010600
 or equivalent commercially available



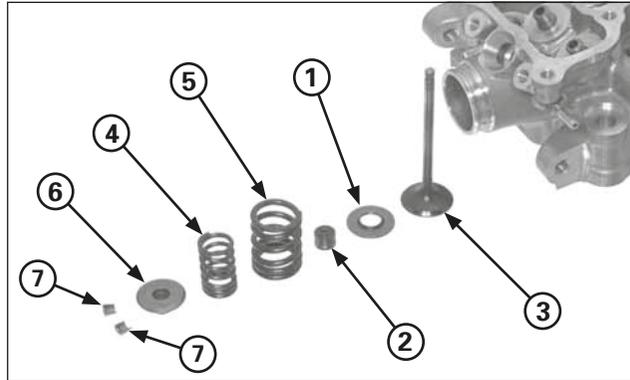
Use a interior cutter, remove 1/4 of the existing valve seat material.

Tools:
Interior cutter, 26 mm 07780-0014500
Interior cutter, 22 mm 07780-0014202
Cutter holder, 4.5 mm 07781-0010600
 or equivalent commercially available



Using a 45° seat cutter, cut the seat to proper width. Make sure all pitting and irregularities are removed. Refinish if necessary.

After refacing, wash the cylinder head and valves. After cutting the seats, apply lapping compound to the valve face, and lap the valve using light pressure. After lapping, wash any residual compound off the cylinder head and valve.

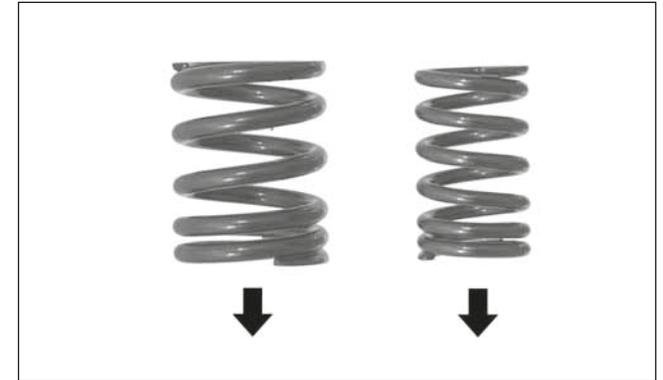


- (1) SPRING SEAT
- (2) STEM SEAL
- (3) VALVE
- (4) INNER SPRING
- (5) OUTER SPRING
- (6) RETAINER
- (7) COTTERS

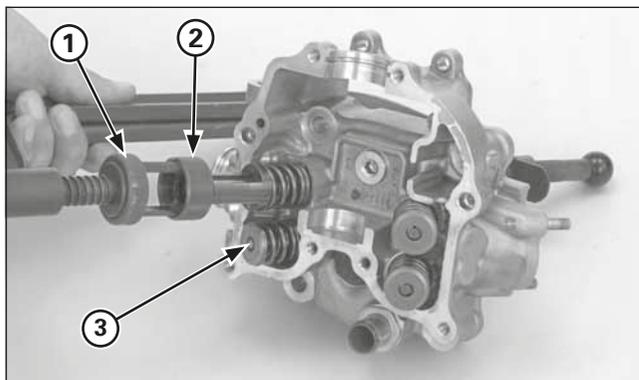
Cylinder Head Assembly

Blow out all oil passages in the cylinder head with compressed air. Install the spring seat and new stem seal.

Lubricate the valve stem sliding surface with molybdenum solution. Insert the valves into the guide while turning it slowly to avoid damage to the stem seal.



Install the valve springs with the tightly wound coils facing the combustion chamber. Install the spring retainers.



- (1) VALVE SPRING COMPRESSOR
- (2) ATTACHMENT
- (3) COTTERS

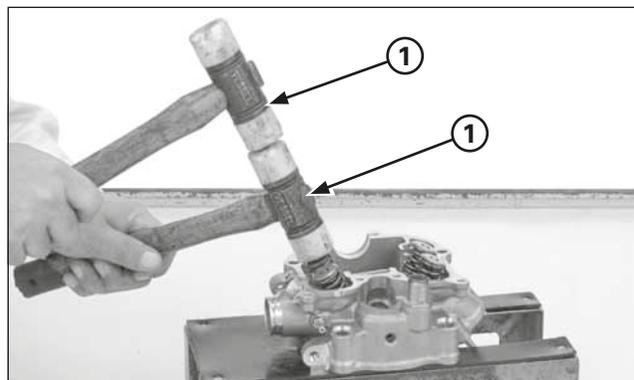
Compress the valve springs with the special tools and install the cotters.

Grease the cotters to ease installation.

Tools:

- Valve spring compressor** 07757-0010000
- Compressor attachment** 07959-KM30101

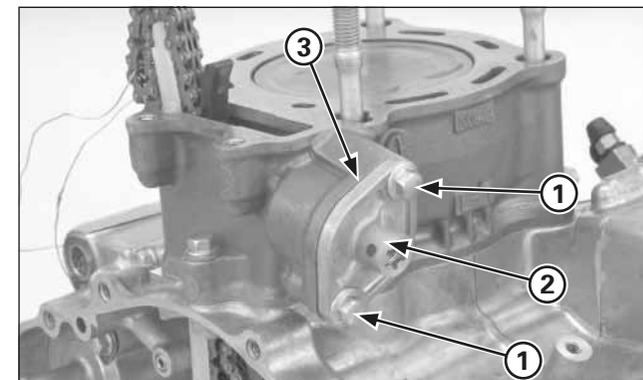
To prevent loss of tension, do not compress the valve springs more than necessary.



- (1) PLASTIC HAMMERS

Tap the valve stems gently with two plastic hammers as shown to seat the cotters firmly.

Support the cylinder head so the valve heads do not contact anything that may damage them.



- (1) BOLTS
- (2) CAM CHAIN TENSIONER LIFTER
- (3) GASKET

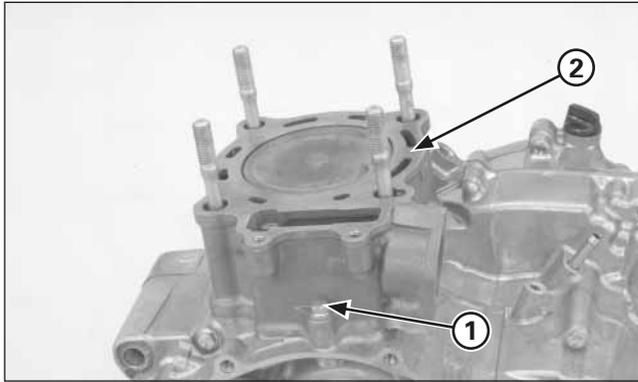
Cylinder/Piston

Cylinder Removal

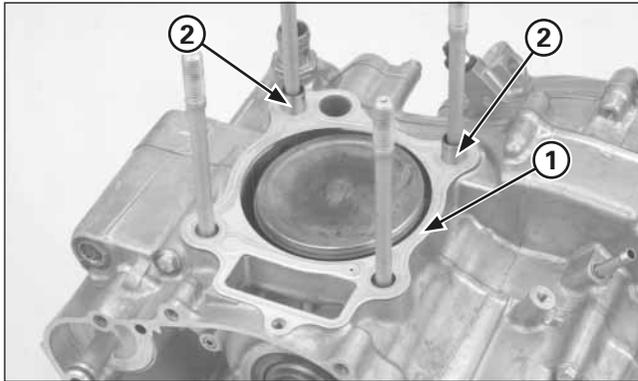
Remove the cylinder head (page 3-24).

Remove the bolts, cam chain tensioner lifter and gasket.

Engine servicing



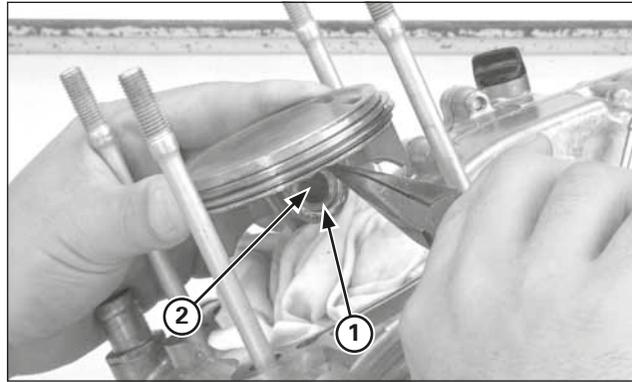
(1) SEALING BOLT/SEALING WASHER
(2) CYLINDER



(1) GASKET
(2) DOWEL PINS

Remove the mounting sealing bolt, sealing washer and cylinder.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



(1) PISTON PIN CLIP
(2) PISTON PIN

Piston Removal

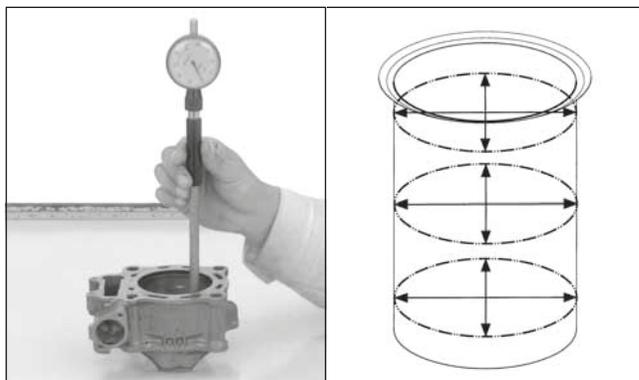
Place a clean shop towel over the crankcase to prevent the clip from falling the crankcase.
Remove the piston pin clips with pliers.

Press the piston pin out of the piston and remove the piston.



Spread the piston rings and remove them by lifting up at a point just opposite the gap.

Piston rings are easily broken; take care not to damage them during removal.



Inspection

Cylinder

Inspect the cylinder bore for wear or damage. Measure the cylinder I.D. in the X and Y axis at three levels. Take the maximum reading to determine the cylinder wear.

Service limit: 78,04 mm (3.072 in)

Calculate the taper and out-of-round at three levels in the X and Y axis. Take maximum reading to determine the cylinder condition.

Service limit:

Taper: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)
Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

Inspect the top of the cylinder for warpage.

Service limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)



Piston/Piston Ring

Remove the carbon deposits from the piston head or piston ring grooves using old piston rings. Inspect the piston for damage and the ring grooves for wear.



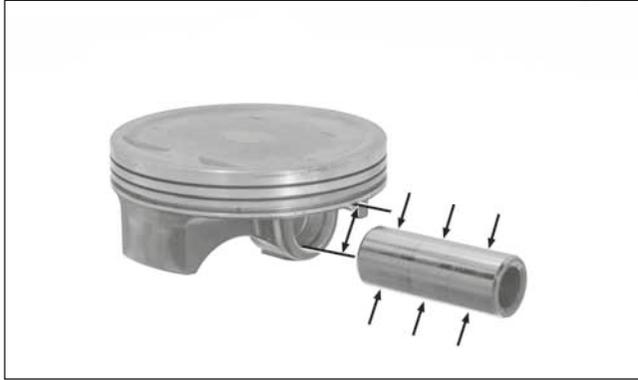
Temporarily install the piston rings to their proper position with the mark facing up. Measure the piston ring groove clearance with the rings pushed into the grooves.

Service limit:

Top: 0.015 mm (0.0059 in)
Second: 0.065 mm (0.0026 in)

Inspect the piston ring grooves for wear or damage.

Engine servicing



Measure the O.D. of the piston at 3.5 mm (0,1378 in) from bottom of skirt and 90 degrees to the piston pin hole.

Service limit: 77,89 mm (3,066 in)

If the O.D. is under the service limit, replace the piston with a new one.

Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance.

Service limit: 0.18 mm (0.007 in)

Measure the piston pin bore I.D.

Service limit: 16.03 mm (0.631 in)

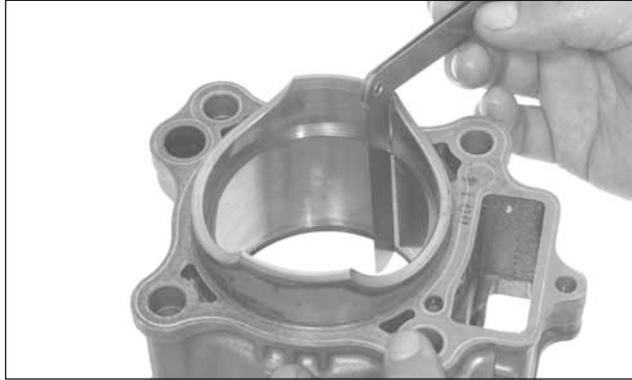
Check the piston pin for wear or excessive discoloration. Measure the piston pin O.D.

Service limit: 15.98 mm (0.629 in)

Replace the piston pin if necessary.

Calculate the piston pin-to-piston clearance.

Service limit: 0.04 mm (0.002 in)



Insert each piston ring into the cylinder and measure the ring end gap.

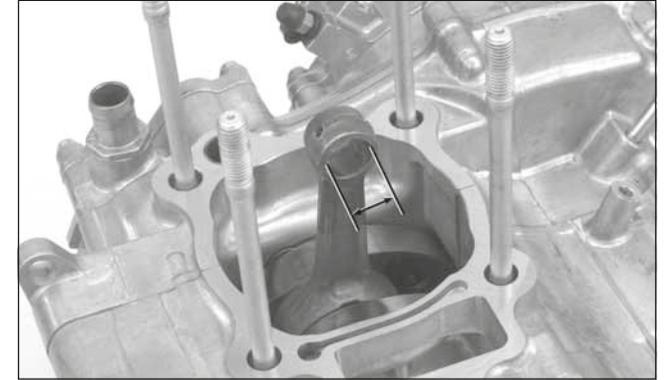
Push the ring into the cylinder with the top of the piston to be sure the ring is squarely in the cylinder.

Service limit:

Top: 0.390 mm (0,015 in)

Second: 0,64 mm (0,0025 in)

Oil (side rail): 0.90 mm (0,035 in)



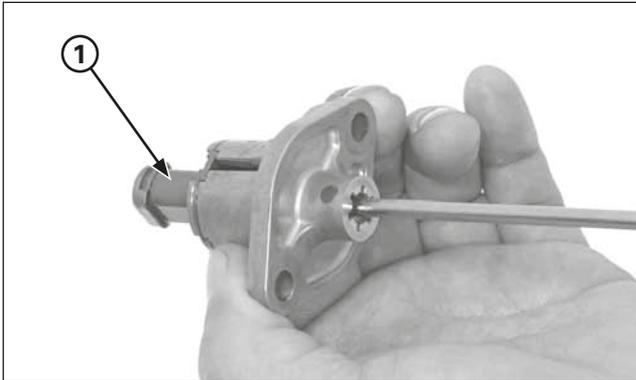
Connecting Rod

Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

Service limit: 16.04 mm (0.631 in)

If the I.D. is not over the service limit, replace the piston pin.

If the I.D. is over the service limit, replace the crankshaft (page 3-55).

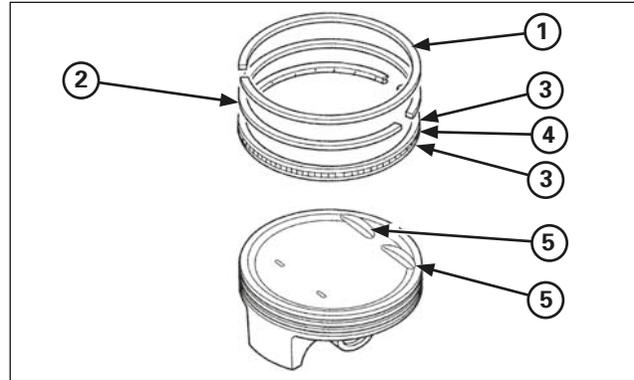


(1) TENSIONER LIFTER

Tensioner lifter

Check the tensioner lifter operation as follows:

- The tensioner shaft should not go into the body when it is pushed.
- When it is turned clockwise with a screwdriver, the tensioner shaft should be pulled into the body. The shaft should spring out of the body as soon as the screwdriver is released.



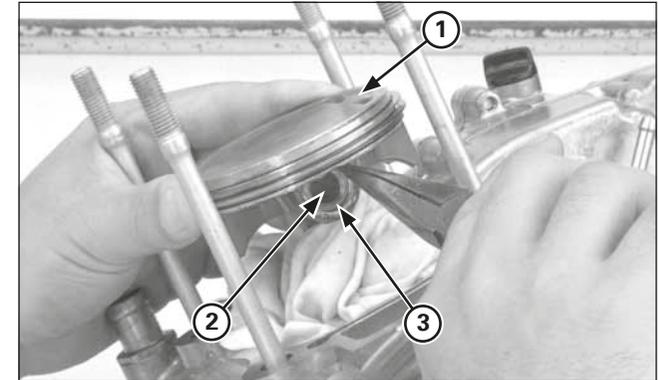
- (1) TOP RING (SILVER)
- (2) SECOND RING (BLACK)
- (3) OIL RINGS
- (4) SPACER
- (5) INDENTS

Piston Ring Installation

Clean the piston ring grooves thoroughly. Apply engine oil to the piston rings and piston ring grooves. Install the piston ring into the grooves with their marking "R" facing up (top ring and second ring).

- Do not damage the piston ring by spreading the ends too far.
- Be careful not to damage the piston during piston ring installation.
- Do not align the oil ring (side rail) gaps.
- Space the piston ring end 120 degrees apart.

After installation, the rings should rotate freely in the ring grooves.



- (1) INDENTS
- (2) PISTON PIN
- (3) NEW PISTON PIN CLIP

Piston Installation

Place a shop towel over the cylinder opening to prevent dust or dirt from entering the engine. Clean any gasket material from the cylinder mating surfaces of the crankcase. Apply molybdenum oil solution to the connecting rod small end.

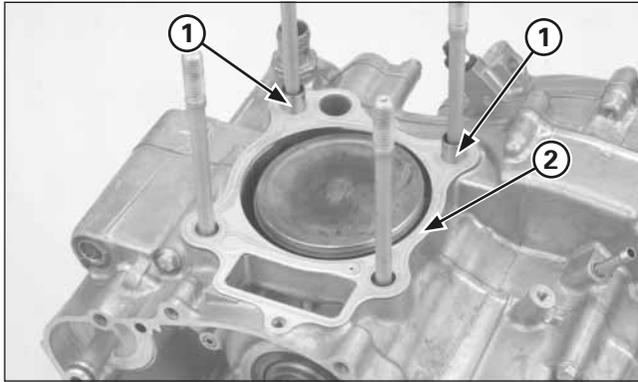
Place a shop towel around the piston skirt and in the crankcase to prevent the piston pin clips from falling into the crankcase.

Apply engine oil to the piston pin outer surface and piston pin bore of the piston.

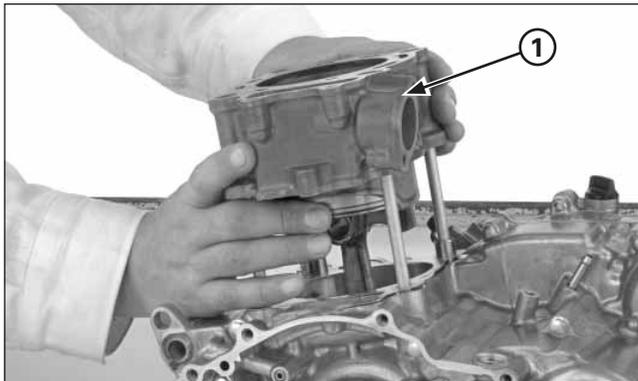
Install the piston with the arrow facing intake side. Install the piston pin and new piston pin clips. Be careful not to drop the piston pin clip into the crankcase.

Always use new piston pin clips. Reinstalling used piston pin clips may lead to serious engine damage. Do not align the piston pin clip end gap with the piston cut-out.

Engine servicing



- (1) DOWEL PINS
- (2) NEW GASKET

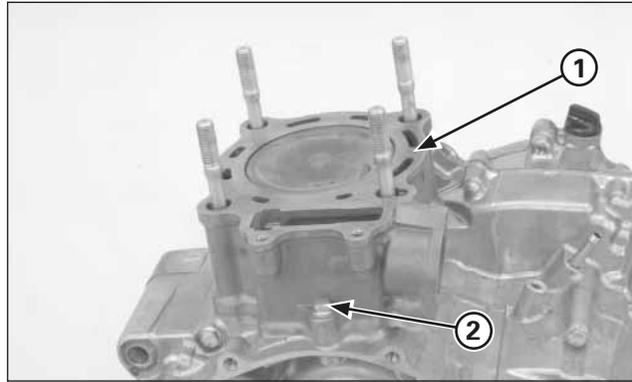


- (1) CYLINDER

Cylinder Installation

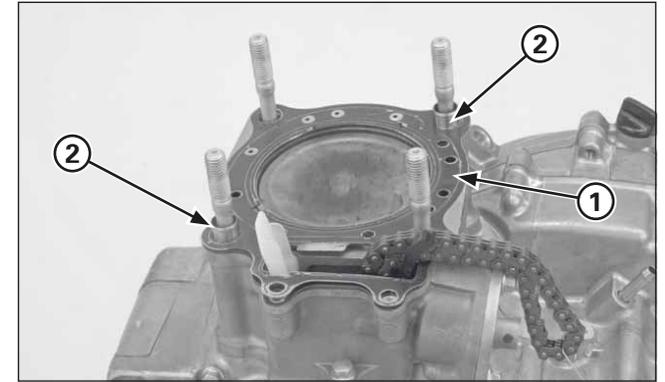
Install the dowel pins and new gasket.

Coat the cylinder bore, piston and piston rings with clean engine oil and install the cylinder while compressing the piston rings being careful not to damage the rings.

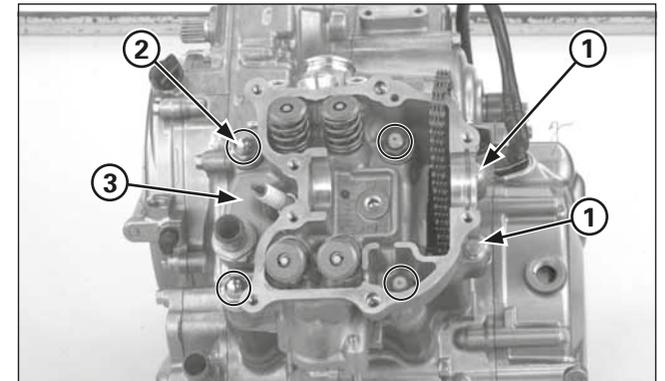


- (1) CYLINDER
- (2) NEW SEALING BOLT/SEALING WASHER

Apply locking agent to the cylinder mounting sealing bolt threads.
Install the cylinder mounting sealing bolt with a new sealing washer but do not tighten it yet.



- (1) DOWEL PINS
- (2) NEW GASKET



- (1) CYLINDER HEAD
- (2) WASHERS/NUTS
- (3) BOLTS

Cylinder Head Installation

Install the dowel pins and new gasket.

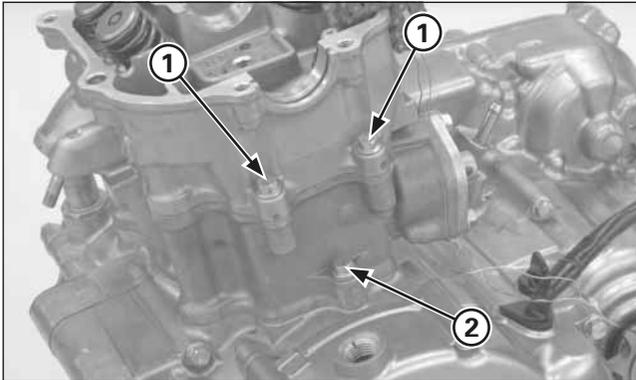
Install the cylinder head onto the cylinder.

Apply oil to the cylinder head mounting nut threads and seating surface, install them with washers.

Install the two cylinder head 6 mm bolts.

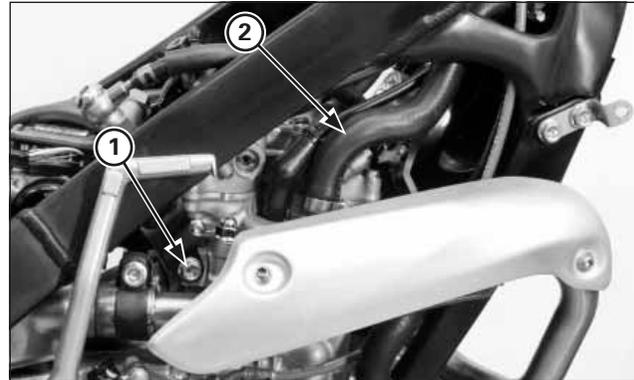
Tighten the cylinder head nuts (cap nuts on right side) in a crisscross pattern in 2 – 3 steps to the specified torque.

Torque: 39 N•m (4.0 kgf•m, 29 lbf•ft)



(1) CYLINDER HEAD BOLTS
(2) CYLINDER SEALING BOLT

Tighten the cylinder sealing bolt and cylinder head mounting bolts securely.



(1) HANGER BOLT
(2) RADIATOR HOSE

Install the upper engine hanger bolt, tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

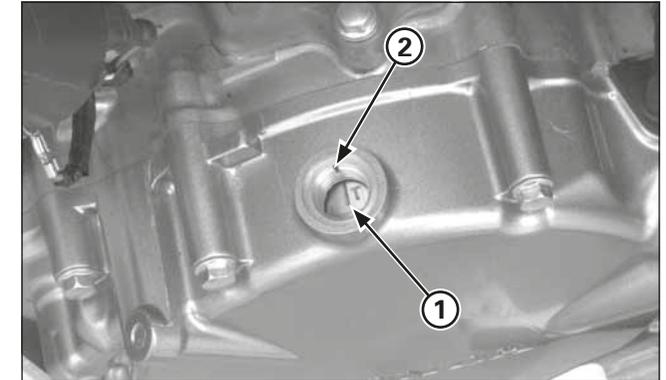
Torque: 24 N·m (2.4 kgf·m, 17 lbf·ft)

Connect the radiator hose to the water joint, tighten the clamp screw securely.

Install the following:

- Camshaft
- Cylinder head cover
- Throttle body/insulator
- Exhaust pipe

Pour recommended coolant mixture and bleed air.

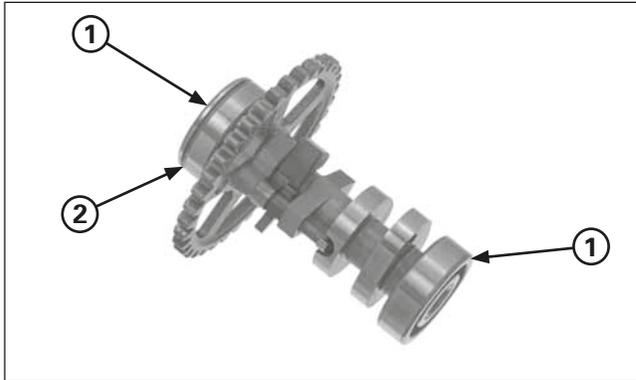


(1) "T" MARK
(2) INDEX MARK

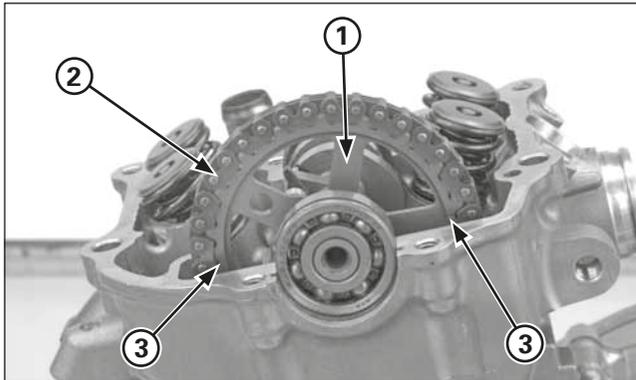
Camshaft/Cylinder Head Cover Installation

Camshaft Installation

Turn the crankshaft by operating the kickstarter, align the "T" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.



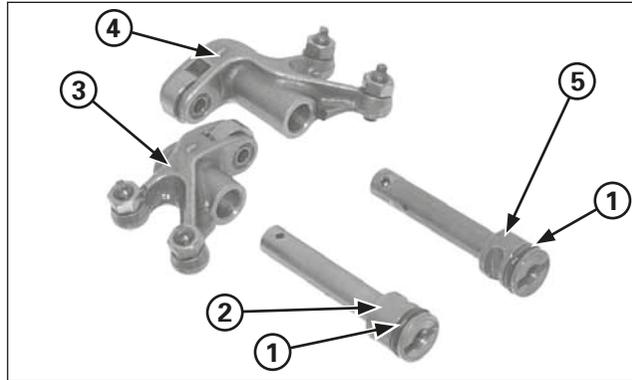
(1) BEARINGS
(2) GROOVE



(1) CAM SPROCKET
(2) CAM CHAIN
(3) INDEX MARKS

Apply molybdenum oil solution to the camshaft cam surface.
Install the bearings both ends of the camshaft.
Install the left camshaft bearing with its groove side facing out.

Install the cam chain onto the cam sprocket, then install the camshaft onto the cylinder head while aligning the index marks on the cam sprocket with the upper surface of the cylinder head.



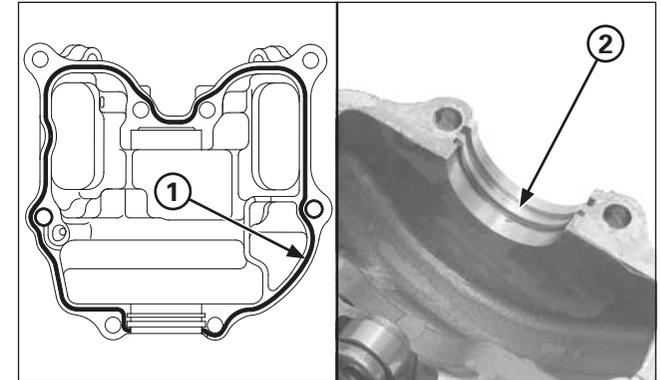
(1) NEW O-RINGS
(2) INTAKE ROCKER ARM SHAFT
(3) INTAKE ROCKER ARM
(4) EXHAUST ROCKER ARM
(5) EXHAUST ROCKER ARM SHAFT

Cylinder Head Cover Assembly

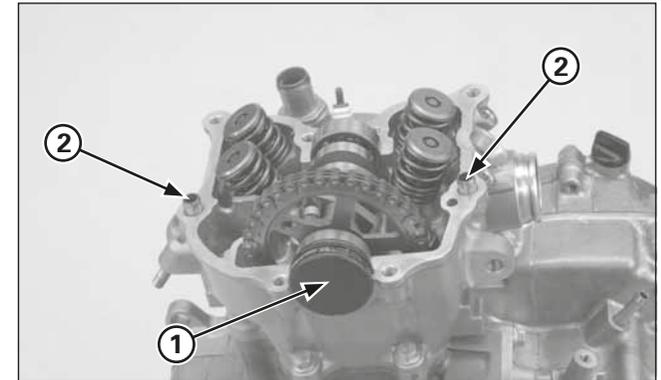
Apply molybdenum oil solution to the rocker arm I.D. and rocker arm shaft sliding surface.
Install new O-ring to each rocker arm shaft groove.

Place the intake rocker and exhaust rocker arm into the cylinder head cover.
The intake rocker arm is identified with groove on the end of the shaft.

Install the intake and exhaust rocker arm shafts with their cut-out facing in and the shaft end oil hole facing up as shown.



(1) APPLY SEALANT
(2) BEARING RETAINER

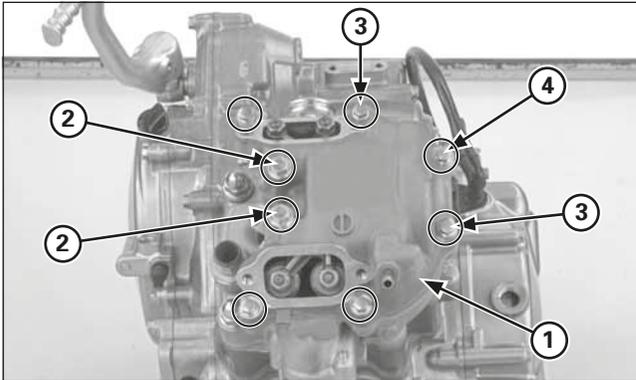


(1) CAMSHAFT END CAP
(2) DOWEL PINS

Cylinder Head Cover Installation

Apply sealant to the mating surface of the cylinder head cover.
Install the camshaft bearing retainer into the cylinder head cover inner groove.

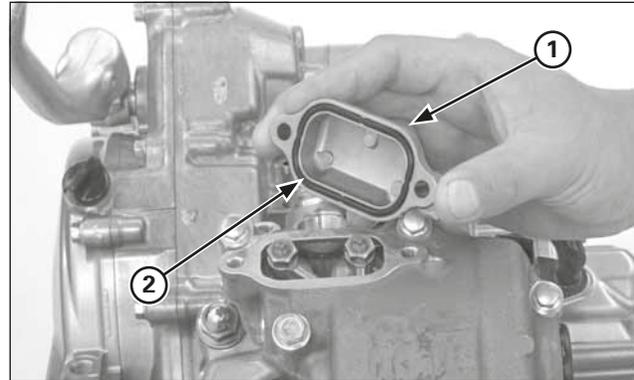
Install the camshaft end cap.



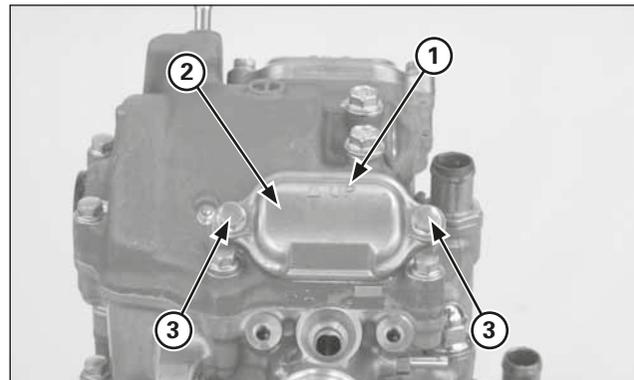
- (1) CYLINDER HEAD COVER
- (2) NEW SEALING WASHERS/6 MM BOLTS
- (3) NEW SEALING WASHERS
- (4) SH BOLTS

Install the cylinder head cover.
Install new sealing washers and 6 mm bolts.
Install the two new sealing washers and cylinder head cover SH bolts.

Tighten the cylinder head cover bolts securely.



- (1) TAPPET ADJUSTING HOLE CAP
- (2) O-RING

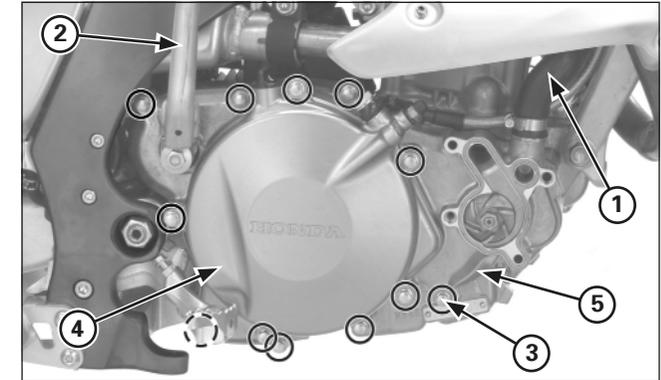


- (1) "UP" MARK
- (2) TAPPET ADJUSTING HOLE CAP
- (3) BOLTS

Check the valve clearance (page 2-4).

Install new O-rings into the tappet adjusting hole cover grooves.
Install the tappet adjusting hole cap with their "UP" marks facing up.

Install and tighten the cover bolts securely.
Connect the crankcase breather hose to the cylinder head cover.



- (1) RADIATOR HOSE
- (2) KICKSTARTER PEDAL
- (3) BOLTS
- (4) CLUTCH COVER
- (5) RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER

Right Crankcase Cover

Removal

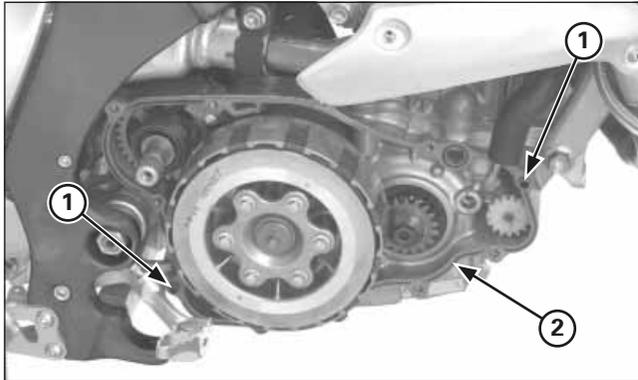
Remove the water pump cover (page 3-16).

Remove the bolt and kickstarter pedal.

Squeeze the clutch lever and secure the lever to prevent the clutch slave piston comes out from the clutch cover.

Disconnect the lower radiator hose.
Remove the bolts, clutch cover, right crankcase cover, gasket and dowel pins.

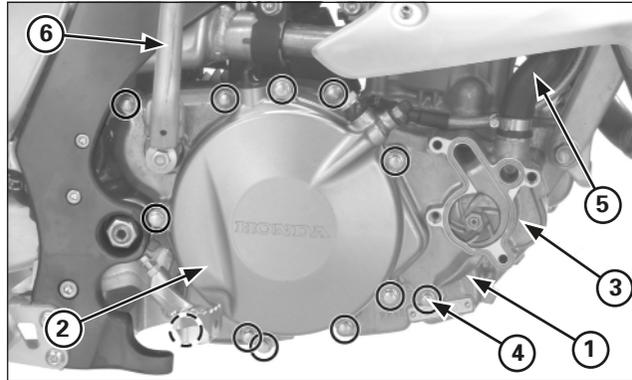
Engine servicing



- (1) DOWEL PINS
- (2) NEW GASKET

Installation

Install two dowel pins and new gasket onto the crankcase.



- (1) RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER
- (2) CLUTCH COVER
- (3) WATER PUMP COVER
- (4) BOLTS
- (5) RADIATOR HOSE
- (6) KICKSTARTER PEDAL

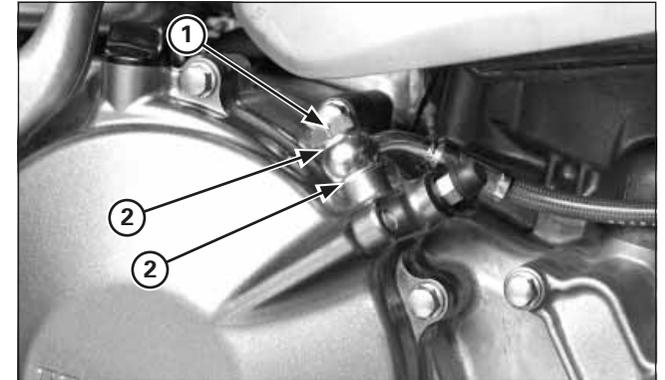
Install the right crankcase cover while turning the water pump impeller.
Check the clutch cover O-ring is in good condition, replace if necessary.
Install the clutch cover.

Install the water pump cover (page 3-16).

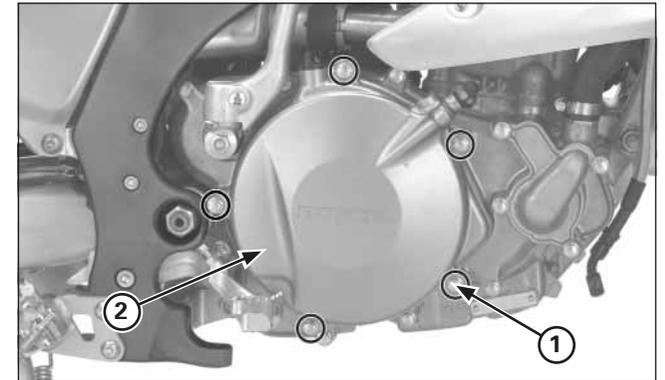
Tighten the right crankcase cover bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 – 3 steps.
Install the kickstarter pedal and tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 37 N·m (3.8 kgf·m, 27.4 lbf·ft)

Connect the lower radiator hose.
Fill the crankcase with recommended transmission oil (page 2-8).
Fill the coolant and bleed air.



- (1) OIL BOLT
- (2) SEALING WASHERS



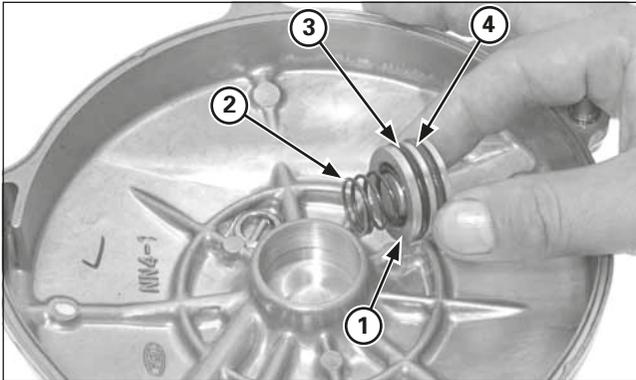
- (1) BOLTS
- (2) CLUTCH COVER

Clutch Slave Cylinder

Drain the clutch fluid from the clutch hydraulic system.

Remove the oil bolt, sealing washers and clutch hose eyelet.

Remove the bolts, clutch cover and O-ring.
Remove the dowel pins.



- (1) SLAVE CYLINDER PISTON
- (2) SPRING
- (3) O-RING (BLACK)
- (4) O-RING (GREEN)

Apply small squirts of air pressure to the fluid inlet to remove the piston.
Do not use high pressure air or bring the nozzle close to the inlet.

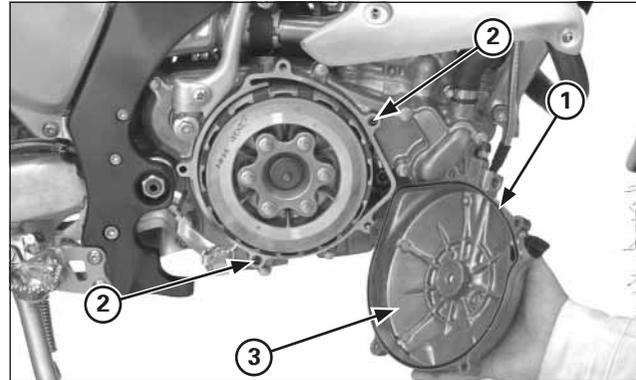
Remove the slave cylinder piston, return spring and O-rings.
Remove the O-rings from the piston.

Check the slave cylinder in the clutch cover for scoring or other damage.
Check the slave cylinder piston for scratches, scoring or other damage.
Check the piston spring for weakness or damage.

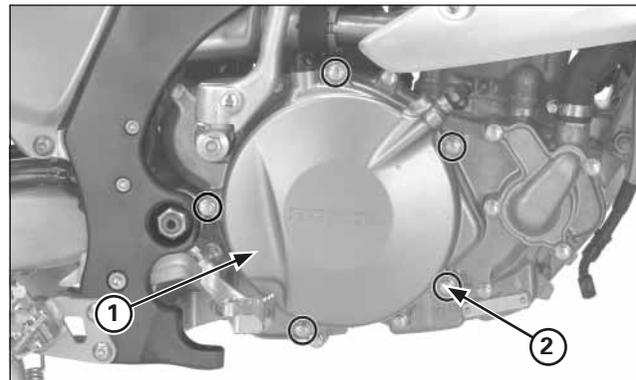
Clean slave cylinder O-ring grooves with clean brake fluid.

Apply silicone grease to the O-rings.
Install 23 x 2.1 mm O-ring (Black) into the spring side groove.
Install 21.8 x 2.4 mm O-ring (Green) into the lifter plate side groove.
Do not interchange the O-rings.

Install the return spring and piston into the slave cylinder in the clutch cover.



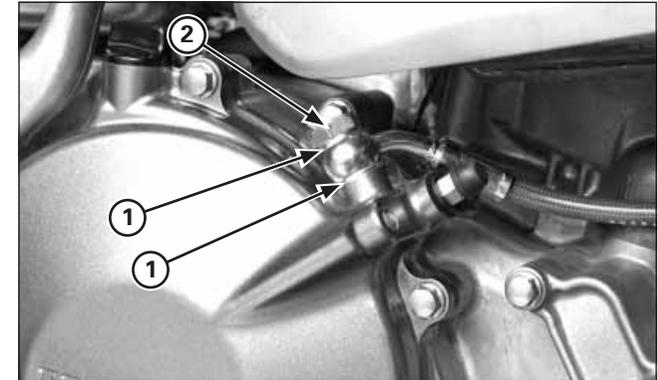
- (1) O-RING
- (2) DOWEL PINS
- (3) CLUTCH COVER



- (1) CLUTCH COVER
- (2) BOLTS

Install new O-ring into the clutch cover groove.
Install the dowel pins onto the right crankcase cover.
Install the clutch cover onto the right crankcase cover.

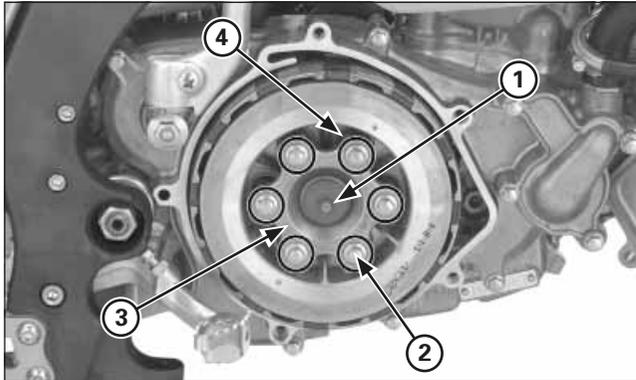
Install and tighten the clutch cover bolts.



- (1) SEALING WASHERS
- (2) OIL BOLT

Install the clutch hose eyelet with new sealing washers.
Install and tighten the oil bolt..

Fill the clutch system with recommended brake fluid and bleed air.



- (1) CLUTCH LIFTER PIECE ASSEMBLY
- (2) LIFTER PLATE BOLTS
- (3) LIFTER PLATE
- (4) CLUTCH SPRINGS

Clutch

Removal

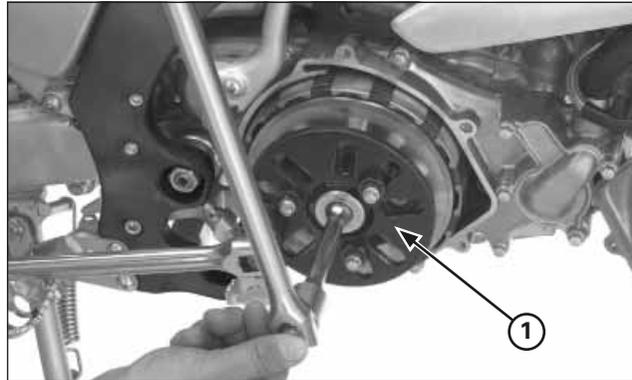
Pull the clutch lever and hold it with a suitable clamp.

Remove the bolts and clutch cover without disconnecting the clutch fluid line.

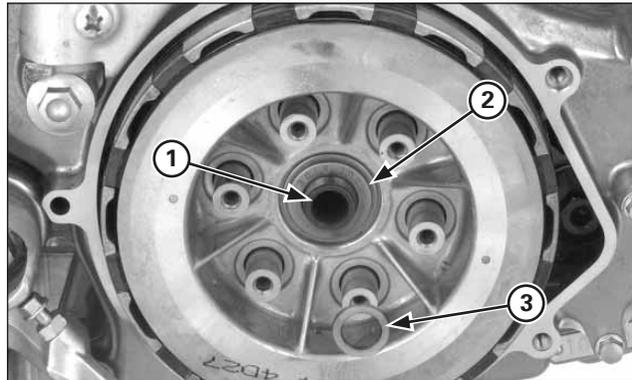
Remove the clutch lifter piece assembly.

Remove the following:

- Clutch lifter plate bolts
- Lifter plate
- Clutch springs
- Spring base washers



- (1) CLUTCH CENTER HOLDER



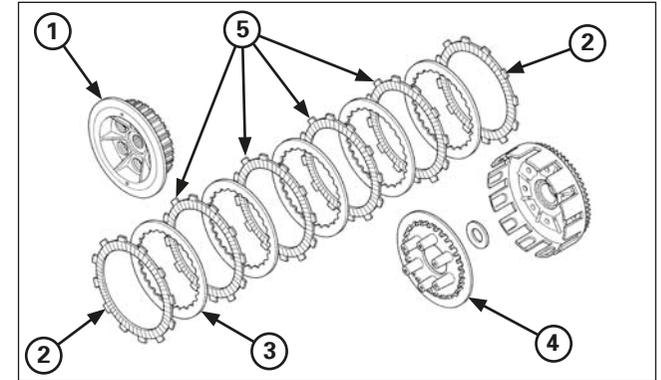
- (1) LOCK WASHER
- (2) PLAIN WASHER
- (3) SPRING BASE WASHER

Hold the clutch assembly with the clutch center holder and remove the clutch center nut.

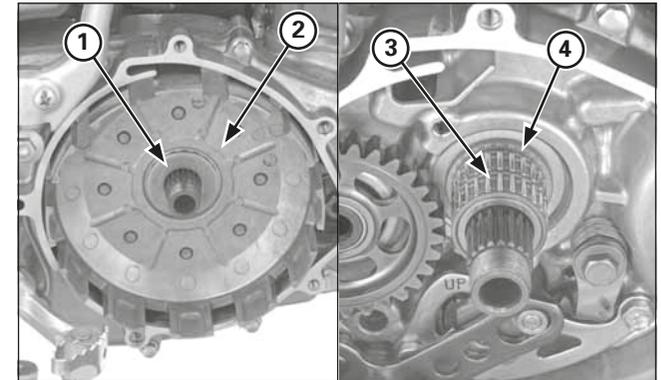
Tool:

Clutch center holder 07JMB-MN50302

Remove the lock washer, flat washer, springs and six spring base washers.



- (1) CLUTCH CENTER
- (2) CLUTCH DISCS
- (3) CLUTCH PLATE
- (4) PRESSURE PLATE
- (5) PAPER DISCS

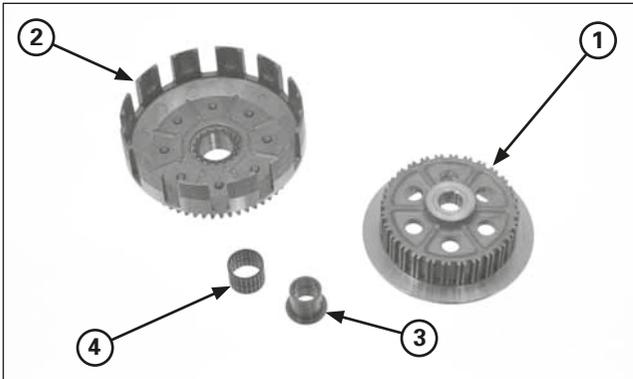


- (1) THRUST WASHER
- (2) CLUTCH OUTER
- (3) NEEDLE BEARING
- (4) CLUTCH OUTER GUIDE

Remove the following:

- Clutch center
- Six clutch discs
- Five clutch plates
- Clutch pressure plate

Remove the thrust washer, clutch outer, needle bearing and clutch outer guide.

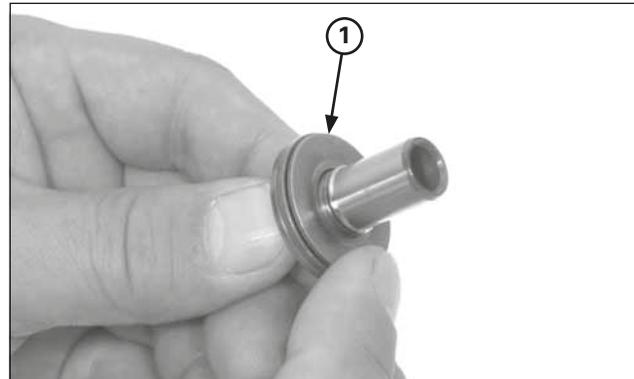


- (1) CLUTCH CENTER
- (2) CLUTCH OUTER
- (3) OUTER GUIDE
- (4) NEEDLE BEARING

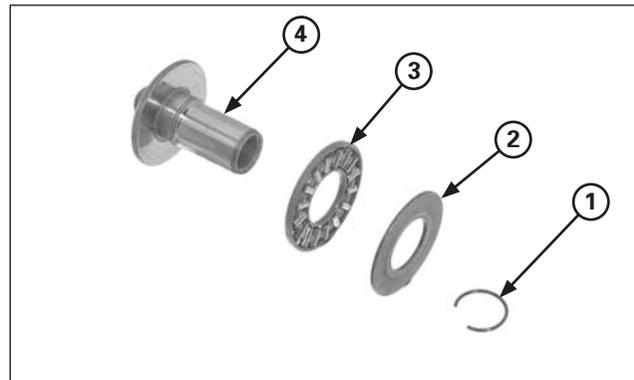
Inspection

Check the following items (specifications; page 1-1).

- Clutch outer for wear, cracks or indentation by the clutch discs.
- Clutch center grooves for damage, crack or indentation by the clutch plates.
- Clutch outer needle bearing for wear or damage.
- Clutch spring free length
- Clutch disc thickness
- Clutch plate warpage
- Clutch outer I.D.
- Clutch outer guide I.D. and O.D.
- Clutch pressure plate for wear or damage
- Mainshaft O.D. at clutch outer guide



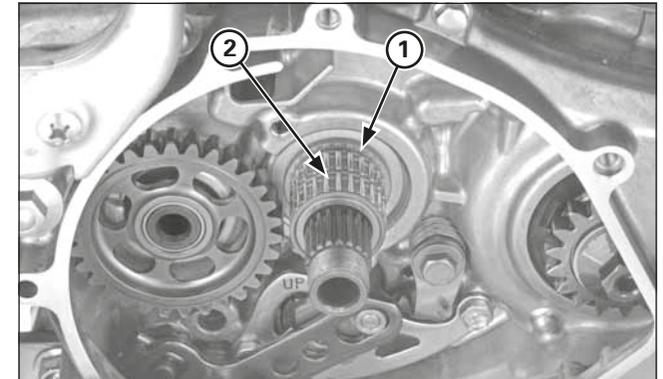
(1) LIFTER PIECE ASSEMBLY



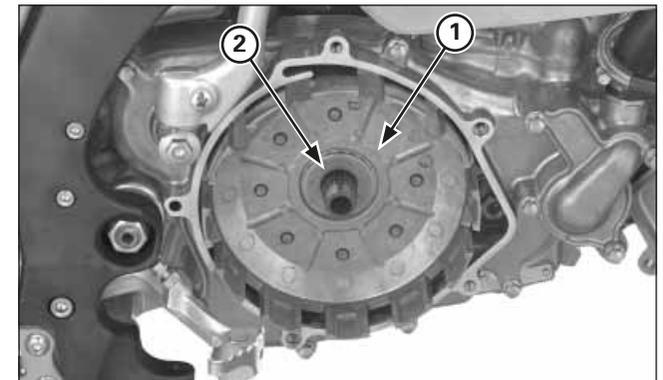
- (1) CIRCLIP
- (2) THRUST WASHER
- (3) THRUST NEEDLE BEARING
- (4) LIFTER PIECE

Check the lifter piece needle bearing by turning the thrust washer with your finger.
If the bearing movement is not smooth, disassemble and replace the bearing.

Remove the circlip, thrust washer and thrust needle bearing from the lifter piece.
Assemble the lifter piece in the reverse order of removal.



- (1) OUTER GUIDE
- (2) NEEDLE BEARING

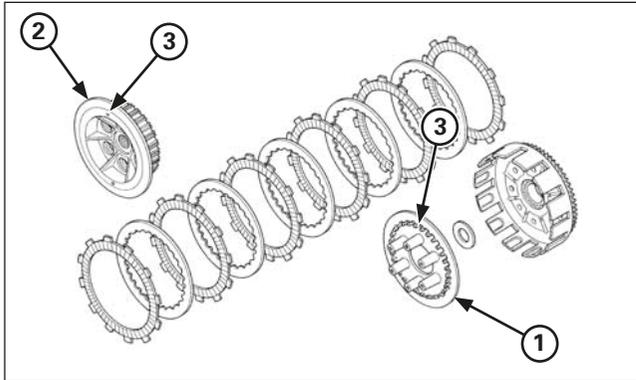


- (1) CLUTCH OUTER
- (2) THRUST WASHER

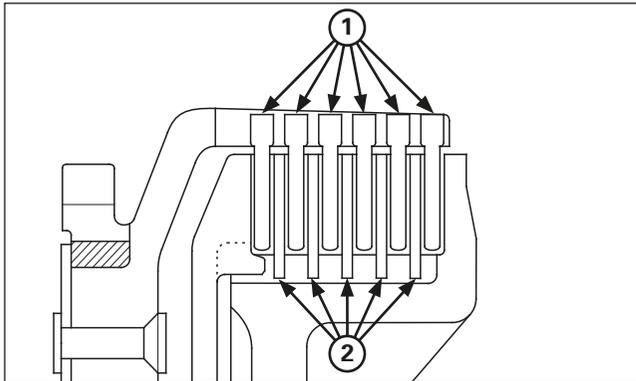
Installation

Install the clutch outer guide and needle bearing onto the mainshaft.

Install the clutch outer and thrust washer.



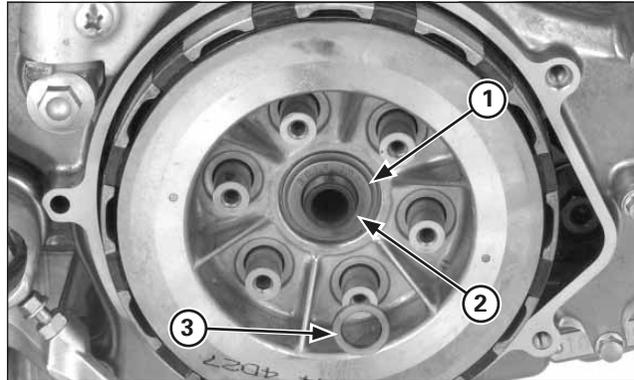
- (1) PRESSURE PLATE
- (2) CLUTCH CENTER
- (3) DOT MARKS



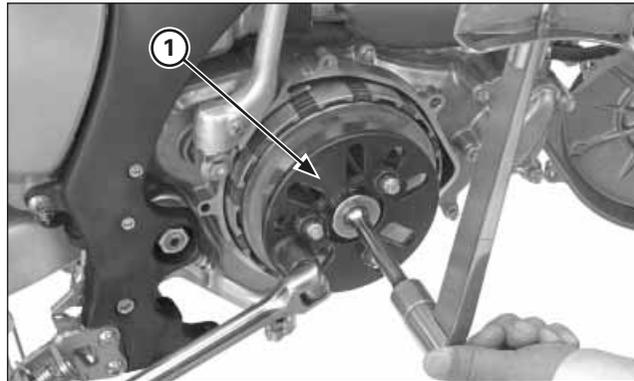
- (1) CLUTCH DISCS
- (2) CLUTCH PLATE

Coat the clutch plates with clean transmission oil.
Install the clutch discs and plates alternately onto the clutch center starting with the clutch disc
Install the clutch pressure plate onto the clutch center aligning the dot mark on the pressure plate with the dot marks on the clutch center as shown.

Install the clutch center assembly into the clutch outer.



- (1) THRUST WASHER
- (2) LOCK WASHER ("OUTSIDE" MARK IN FRONT)
- (3) SPRING BASE WASHER



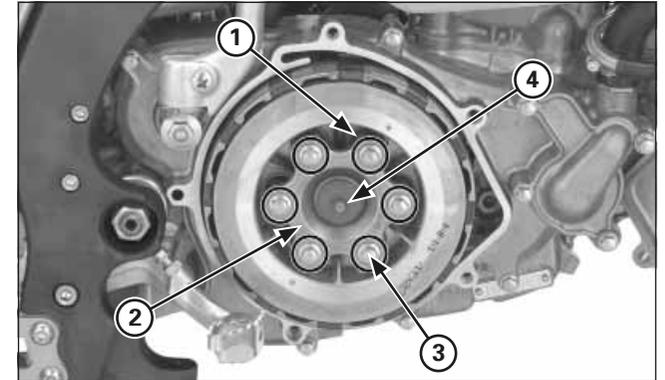
- (1) CLUTCH CENTER HOLDER

Install the thrust washer onto the mainshaft.
Install the lock washer with its "OUT SIDE" mark facing out.

Apply oil to the clutch center nut and install it.
Hold the clutch assembly with the clutch center holder and tighten the clutch center nut to the specified torque.

Tool:
Clutch center holder 07JMB-MN50302

Torque: 69 N·m (7.0 kgf·m, 51 lbf·ft)



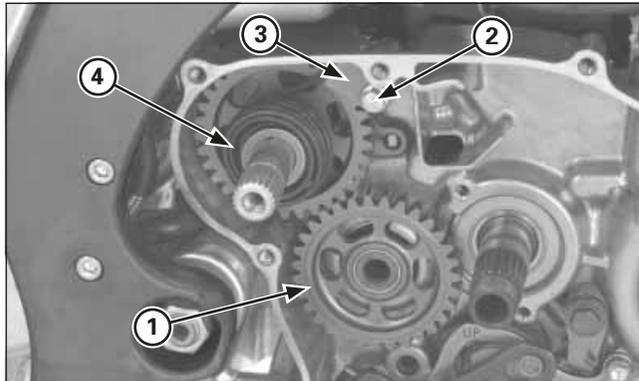
- (1) CLUTCH SPRINGS
- (2) LIFTER PLATE
- (3) BOLTS
- (4) LIFTER PIECE ASSEMBLY

Install spring base washers, the clutch springs, lifter plate and spring bolts.
Tighten the spring bolts in a crisscross pattern in several steps, then tighten them to the specified torque.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 9 lbf·ft)

Install the clutch lifter piece assembly.

Install the clutch cover (page 3-42).



- (1) IDLE GEAR/THRUST WASHER
- (2) BOLT
- (3) STOPPER PLATE
- (4) KICKSTARTER ASSEMBLY

Kickstarter

Removal/Disassembly

Remove the clutch (page 3-44)

Remove the kickstarter idle gear and thrust washer.

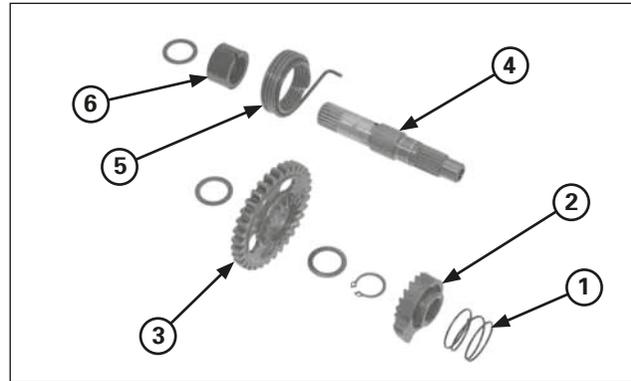
Remove the bolt and return spring stopper plate. Unhook the return spring end from the crankcase and remove the kickstarter as an assembly.

Disassemble the kickstarter.

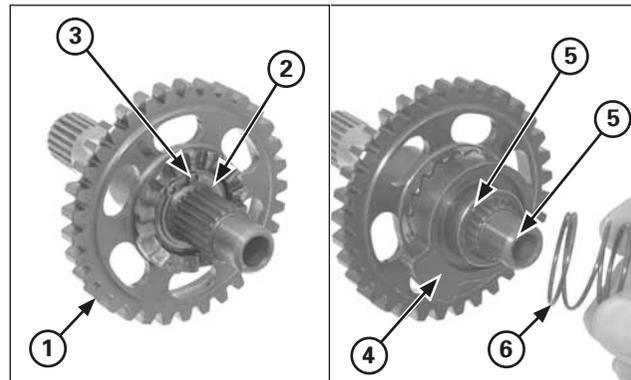
Inspection

Check the following items (specification; page 1-2):

- Return spring and ratchet spring for wear or damage.
- Needle bearing for wear or damage.
- Pinion gear I.D. and spindle O.D.
- Idle gear I.D. and bushing O.D. and I.D.
- Countershaft O.D. at the idle gear bushing.



- (1) RATCHET SPRING
- (2) STARTER RATCHET
- (3) PINION GEAR
- (4) SPINDLE
- (5) RETURN SPRING
- (6) COLLAR



- (1) PINION GEAR
- (2) THRUST WASHER
- (3) SNAP RING
- (4) STARTER RATCHET
- (5) PUNCH MARKS
- (6) RATCHET SPRING

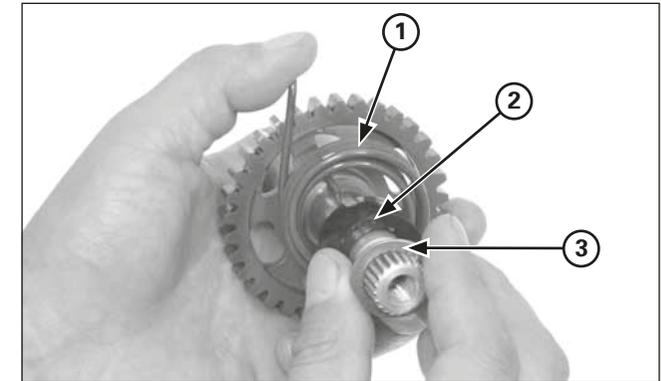
Assembly/Installation

Assemble the kickstarter as shown in the illustration above.

Install the thrust washer, pinion gear, thrust washer and snap ring.

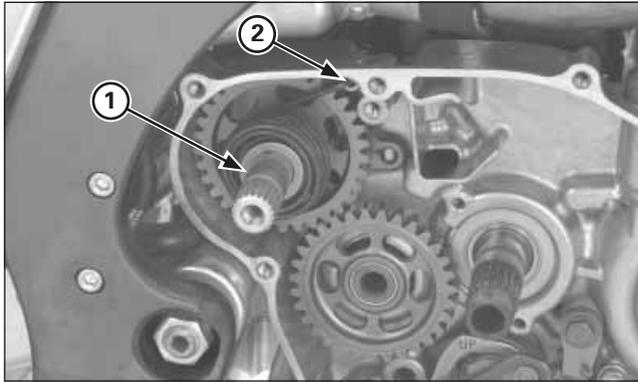
Install the starter ratchet aligning the punch marks on the ratchet and spindle.

Install the ratchet spring.



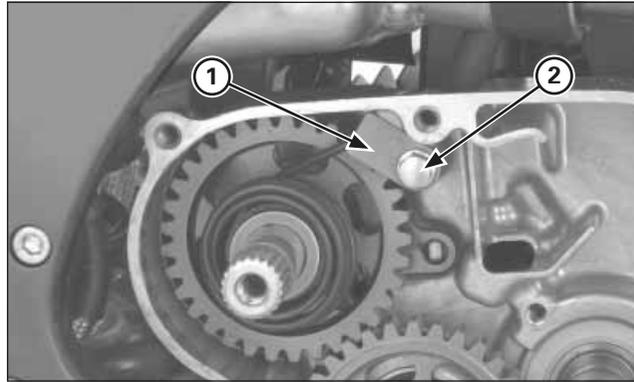
- (1) RETURN SPRING
- (2) COLLAR
- (3) WASHER

Install the return spring with its end into the spindle hole. Install the collar aligning its groove with the return spring end, then install the washer.

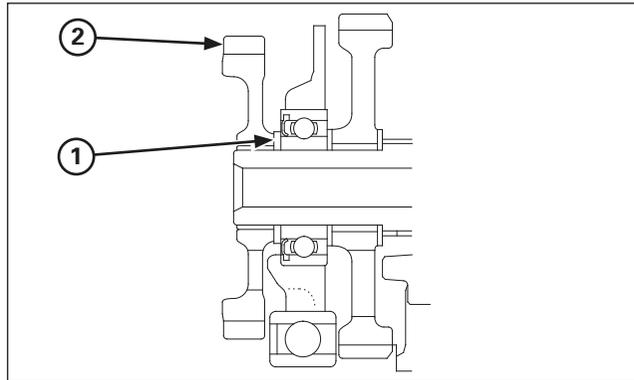


- (1) KICKSTARTER ASSEMBLY
- (2) SPRING HOOK

Install the kickstarter assembly and hook the starter ratchet with the stopper.
Install the return spring end into the crankcase hole as shown.



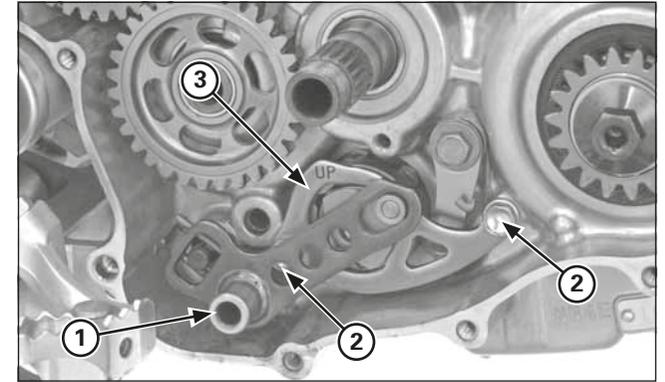
- (1) STOPPER PLATE
- (2) BOLT



- (1) THRUST WASHER
- (2) IDLE GEAR

Install the kickstarter return spring stopper plate, and tighten the bolt securely.

Install the thrust washer and idle gear onto the countershaft.
Note the direction of the idle gear as shown in the illustration.



- (1) GEARSHIFT SPINDLE
- (2) BOLTS
- (3) GUIDE PLATE

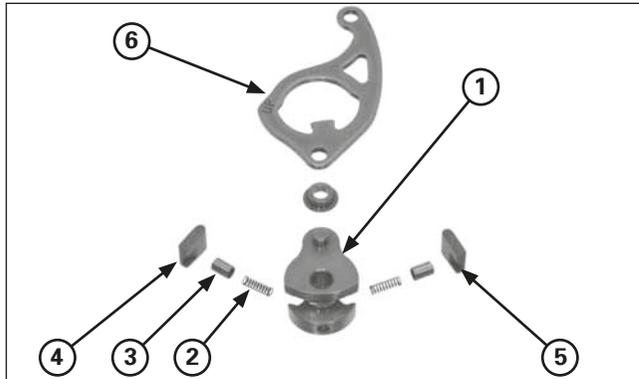
Gearshift Linkage

Removal

Remove the gearshift pedal.
Pull out the gearshift spindle from the crankcase.

Remove the guide plate bolts and guide plate as an assembly.

Remove the center bolt and drum center.
Remove the bolts and stopper arm, return spring and washer.



- (1) DRUM SHIFTER
- (2) SPRING
- (3) PLUNGER
- (4) RATCHET PAWL A
- (5) RATCHET PAWL B
- (6) GUIDE PLATE

Inspection

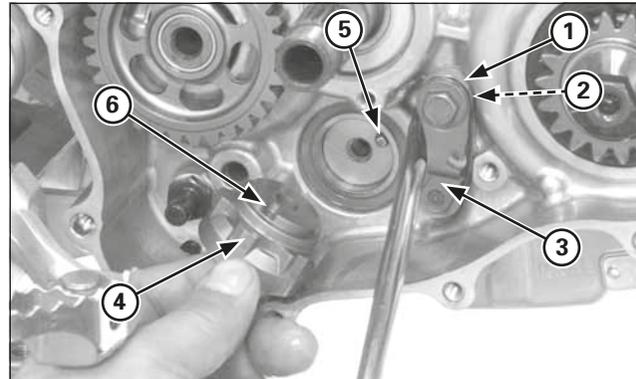
Inspect each part for wear or damage and replace if necessary.

Installation

Apply transmission oil to the ratchet pawls, springs and plungers.
Assemble the drum shifter, springs, plungers and ratchet pawls in the guide plate as shown.

NOTICE

Note the direction of the ratchet pawl A and B.

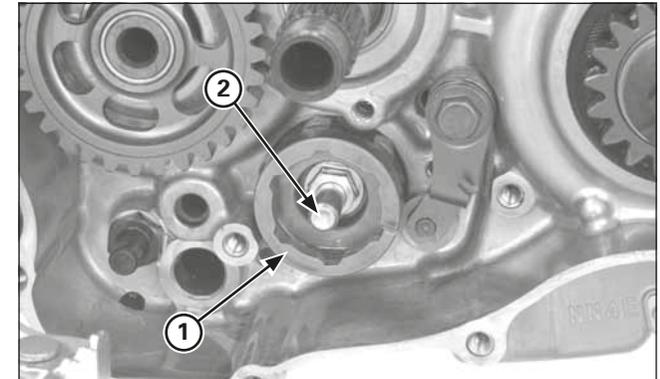


- (1) RETURN SPRING
- (2) WASHER
- (3) STOPPER ARM
- (4) DRUM CENTER
- (5) DOWEL PIN
- (6) CUT-OUT

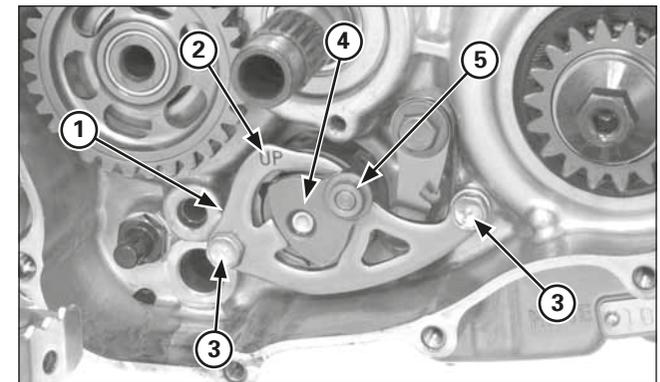
Install the return spring, plain washer and stopper arm and tighten the stopper arm bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 9 lbf·ft)

Install the dowel pin into the shift drum.
Install the drum center by aligning the cut-out with the dowel pin on the shift drum while holding the stopper arm with the screwdriver as shown.



- (1) SHIFT DRUM CENTER
- (2) CENTER PIN



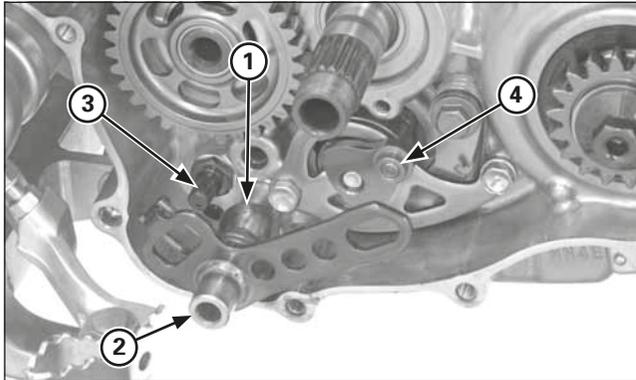
- (1) GUIDE PLATE
- (2) "UP" MARK
- (3) BOLTS
- (4) DRUM SHIFTER
- (5) SHIFTER COLLAR

Apply a locking agent to the center bolt threads and install and tighten the drum center bolt to the specified torque.

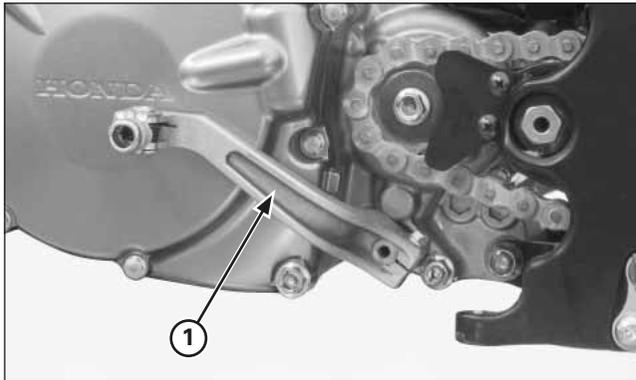
Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m, 16 lbf·ft)

Set the drum center in a position other than neutral.
Install the drum shifter with the guide plate while holding onto the ratchet pawls.
Install the guide plate bolts and tighten them.
Install the shifter collar on the drum shifter.

Engine servicing



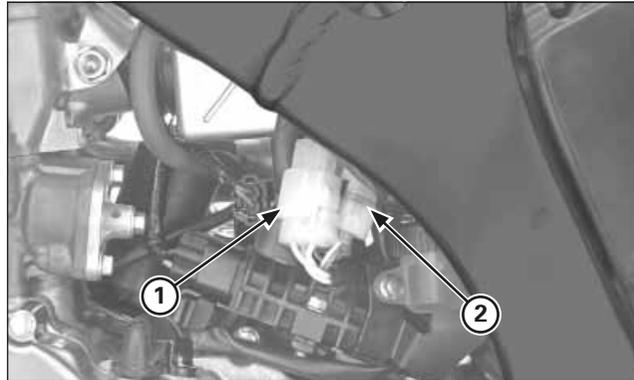
- (1) WASHER (2) GEARSHIFT SPINDLE
(3) RETURN SPRING PIN
(4) SHIFTER COLLAR



- (1) GEARSHIFT PEDAL

Install the washer and gearshift spindle aligning the return spring ends with the shift fork shaft on the crankcase and guide plate hole with the shifter collar.

Install the gearshift pedal and check the operation.



- (1) 3P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR
(2) 2P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

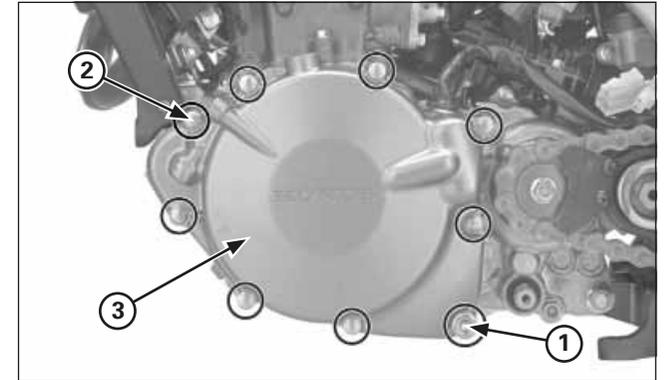
Left Crankcase Cover

Removal

Remove the skid plate and drain engine oil.

Disconnect the alternator 3P (Natural) connector and ignition pulse generator 2P (Natural) connectors.

Remove the gearshift pedal.



- (1) DRAIN BOLT/SEALING WASHER
(2) BOLTS
(3) LEFT CRANKCASE COVER

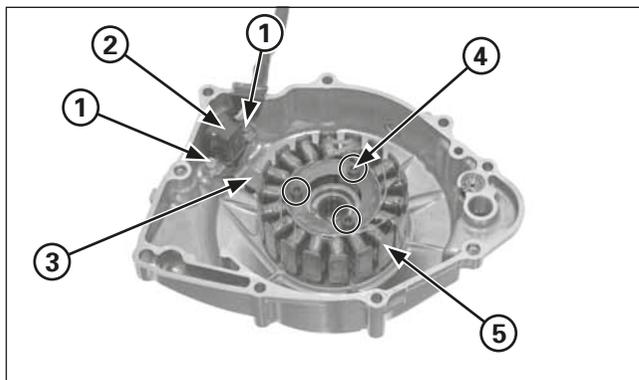
Remove the engine oil drain bolt and sealing washer, drain the engine oil.

Remove the bolts and left crankcase cover.

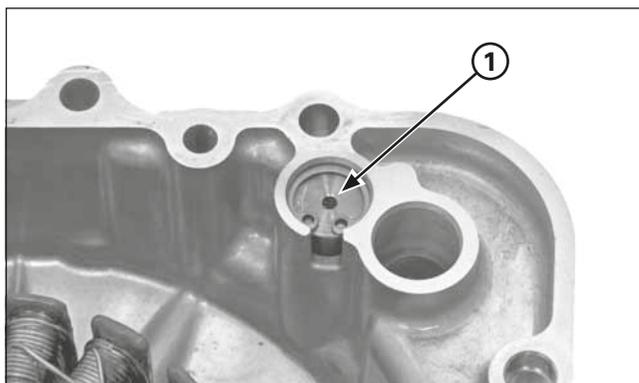
NOTICE

The left crankcase cover (stator) is magnetically attached to the flywheel, be careful during removal.

Remove the left crankcase cover, gasket and dowel pins.



(1) BOLTS (2) IGNITION PULSE GENERATOR
(3) WIRE GUIDE (4) SOCKET BOLTS
(5) STATOR

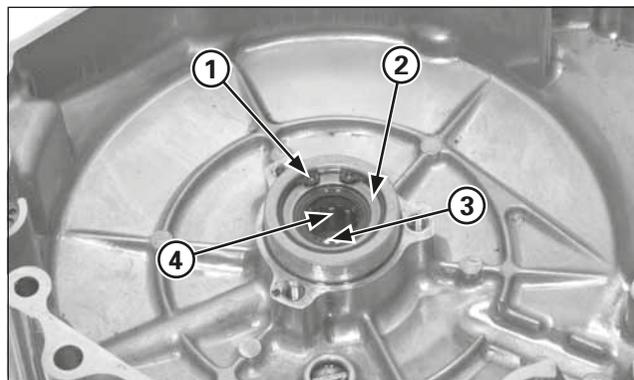


(1) OIL PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

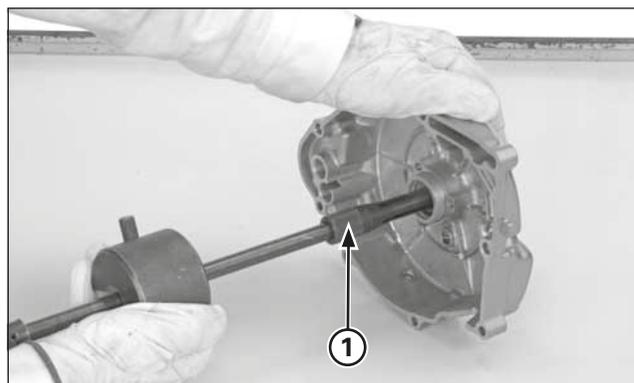
Disassembly/Assembly

Remove the ignition pulse generator mounting flange bolts and alternator wire clamp.
Remove the stator mounting socket bolts.
Remove the stator/ignition pulse generator from the left crankcase cover.

Remove the oil pressure relief valve (page 3-1).



(1) SNAP RING (2) WASHER
(3) OIL SEAL (4) NEEDLE BEARING



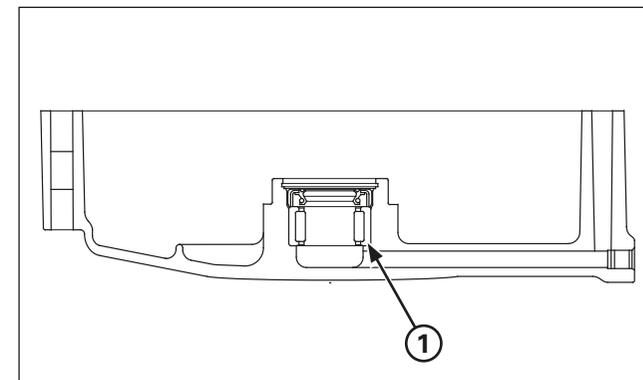
(1) BEARING REMOVER

Check the crankshaft oil seal and needle bearing for wear or damage, replace them if necessary.
Remove the snap ring and washer, then remove the oil seal.

Remove the needle bearing using the special tools.

Tools:

Bearing remover shaft, 15 mm 07936-KC10100
Bearing remover head, 15 mm 07936-KC10200
Remover weight 07741-0010201

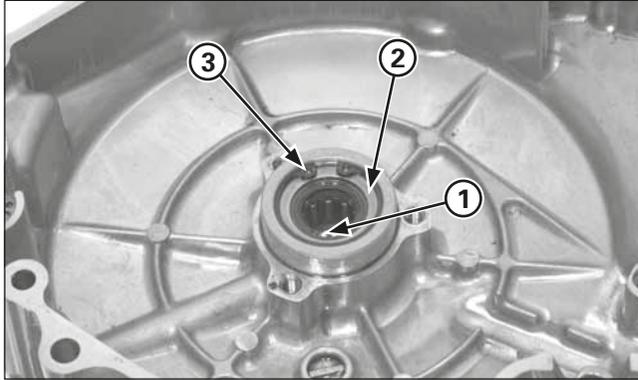


(1) NEEDLE BEARING

Press new needle bearing into the left crankcase cover using the special tools.

Tools:

Driver 07749-0010000
Attachment, 22 x 24 mm 07746-0010800
Pilot, 15 mm 07746-0040300

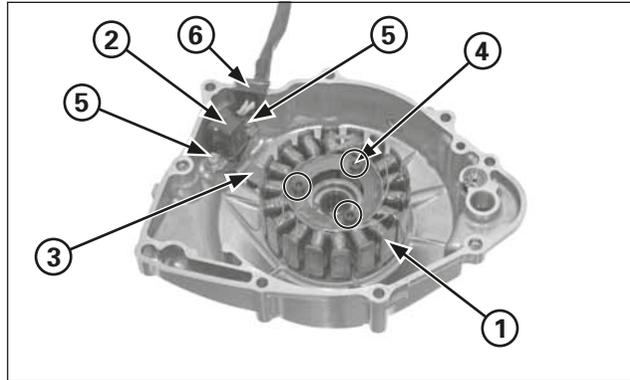


- (1) OIL SEAL
- (2) WASHER
- (3) SNAP RING

Apply grease to the new oil seal lip and install it into the left crankcase cover.

Install the washer and snap ring.

Install the oil pressure relief valve (page 3-1).



- (1) STATOR
- (2) IGNITION PULSE GENERATOR
- (3) WIRE CLAMP
- (4) SOCKET BOLTS
- (5) BOLTS
- (6) GROMMET

Install the stator and ignition pulse generator assembly into the left crankcase cover.
Apply locking agent to the stator and ignition pulse generator mounting bolt threads.
Install the alternator wire clamp.

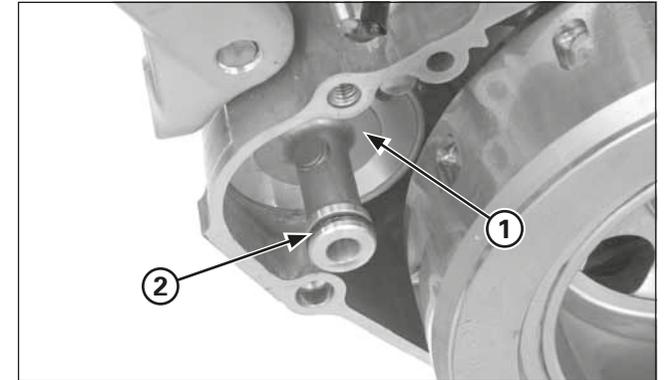
Install the stator and ignition pulse generator mounting bolts.
Tighten the stator mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 5.4 N•m (0.55 kgf•m, 4.0 lbf•ft)

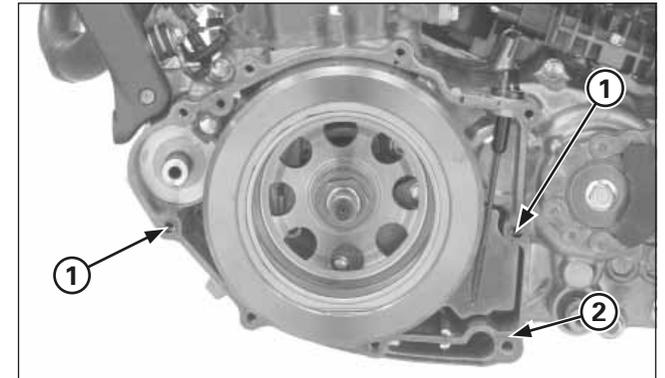
Tighten the ignition pulse generator mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 5.4 N•m (0.55 kgf•m, 4.0 lbf•ft)

Apply sealant to the stator/ignition pulse generator wire grommet and install it into the left crankcase cover groove.



- (1) OIL FILTER COVER
- (2) O-RING

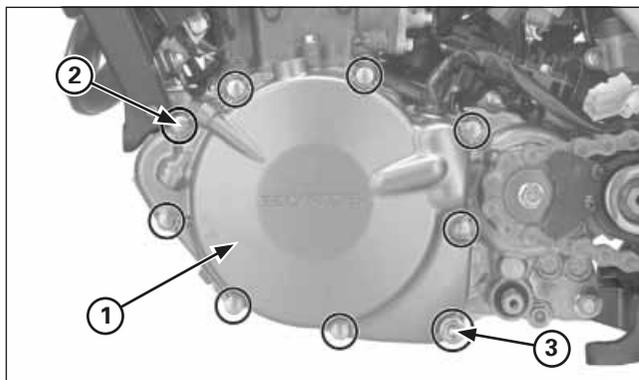


- (1) DOWEL PINS
- (2) NEW GASKET

Installation

Check the oil filter cover O-ring is in groove condition, replace if necessary.

Install dowel pins and new gasket.



- (1) LEFT CRANKCASE COVER
- (2) BOLTS
- (3) NEW SEALING WASHER/DRAIN BOLT

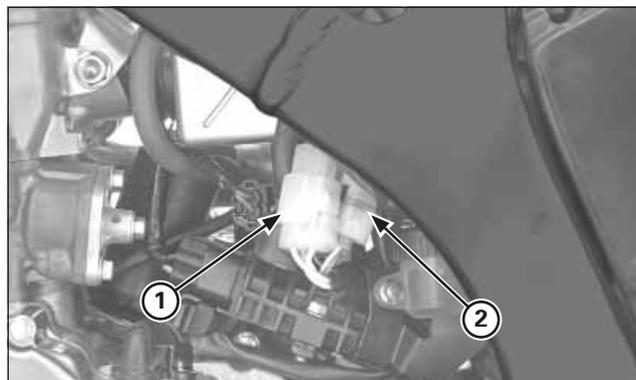
Install the left crankcase cover being careful not to damage the oil filter cover O-ring.

NOTICE

The left crankcase cover (stator) is magnetically attached to the flywheel, be careful during installation.

Install and tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.
Install the new sealing washer and engine oil drain bolt, tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m, 16 lbf·ft)



- (1) 3P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR
- (2) 2P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

Install the gearshift pedal.

Connect the alternator 3P (Natural) connector and ignition pulse generator 2P (Natural) connectors.

Pour recommended engine oil up to proper level.

Install the slid plate.



Flywheel

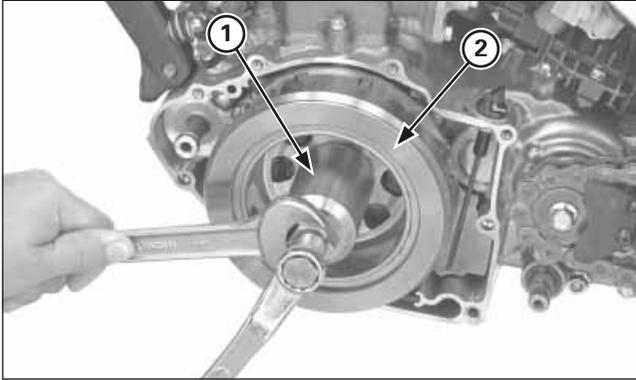
Removal

Remove the left crankcase cover (page 3-50).

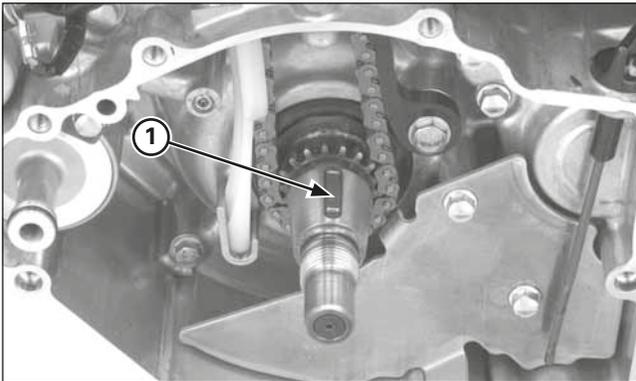
Hold the flywheel with flywheel holder, loosen the flywheel nut.

Tool:
Flywheel holder **89020-NN4-003**

Engine servicing



(1) FLYWHEEL PULLER
(2) FLYWHEEL



(1) WOODRUFF KEY

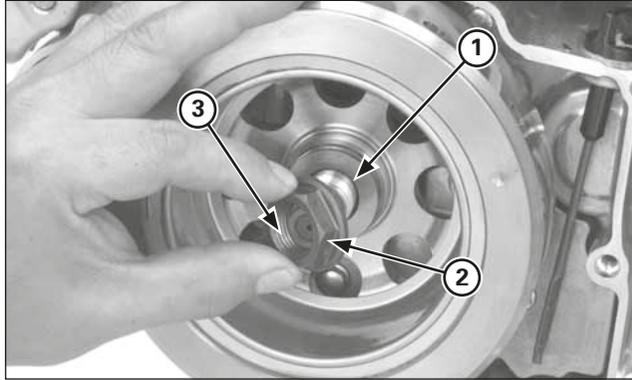
Remove the flywheel using the special tool.

Tool:
Flywheel puller (Generic tool)

Remove the woodruff key.

Installation

Install the woodruff key onto the crankshaft groove.



(1) WASHER
(2) FLYWHEEL NUT
(3) APPLY OIL

Install the flywheel onto the crankshaft.
Apply oil to the flywheel nut threads and seating surface.
Install the washer and flywheel nut.

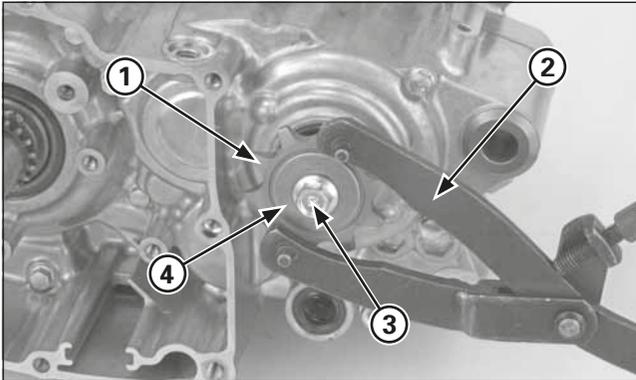


Hold the flywheel with flywheel holder, tighten the flywheel nut to the specified torque.

Tool:
Flywheel holder **89020-NN4-003**

Torque: 167 N·m (17.0 kgf·m, 123 lbf·ft)

Install the left crankcase cover (page 3-51).



- (1) DRIVE SPROCKET
- (2) UNIVERSAL HOLDER
- (3) BOLT
- (4) SPRING WASHER

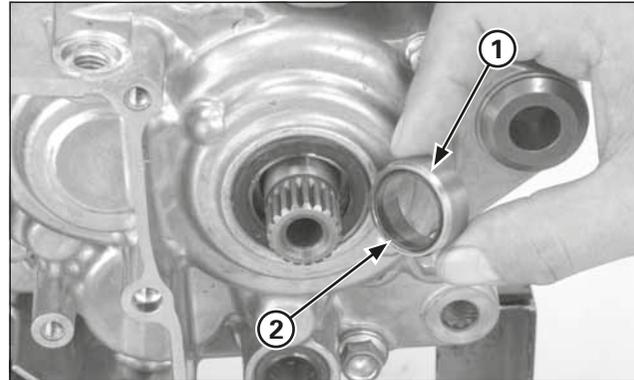
Crankcase Separation/Disassembly

Remove the engine from the frame.

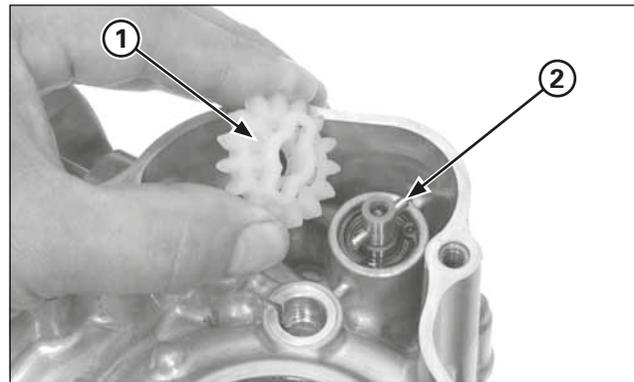
Remove the following:

- Cylinder head, cylinder, piston
- Clutch
- Kickstarter
- Gearshift linkage
- Flywheel and stator
- Oil filter
- Crankcase breather hose

Hold the drive sprocket with the universal holder and remove the drive sprocket bolt, spring washer and drive sprocket.



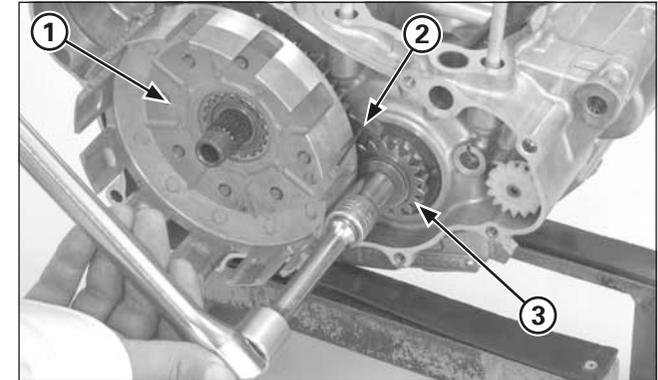
- (1) COUNTERSHAFT COLLAR
- (2) O-RING



- (1) OIL PUMP DRIVEN GEAR
- (2) DRIVE PIN

Remove the countershaft collar and O-ring.

Remove the oil pump driven gear and drive pin.



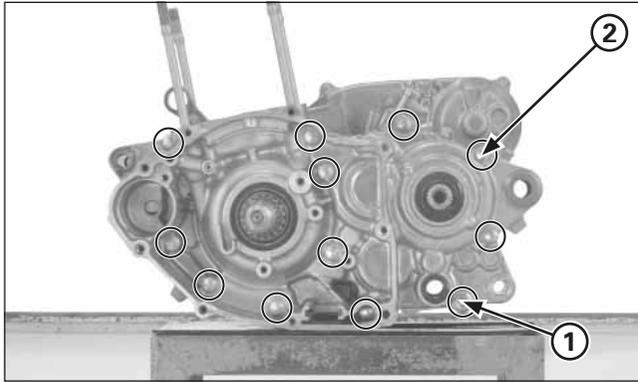
- (1) CLUTCH OUTER
- (2) GEAR HOLDER
- (3) PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR

Temporarily install the clutch outer guide, needle bearing and clutch outer onto the mainshaft and attach the gear holder between the primary drive and driven gears. Remove the primary drive gear bolt.

Tool:
Gear holder 07724-0010100

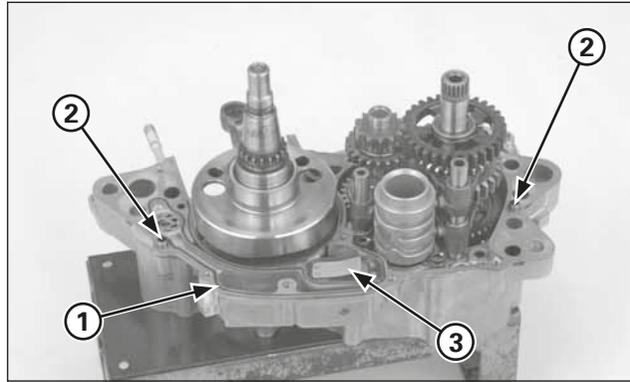
Remove the washer, primary drive gear and drive gear collar.

Engine servicing

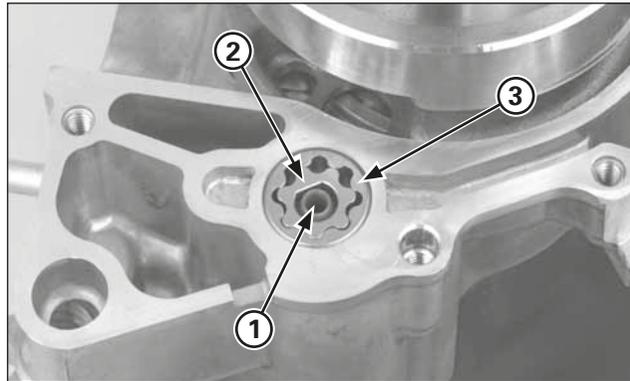


- (1) TRANSMISSION OIL DRAIN BOLT
- (2) CRANKCASE BOLTS

Remove the transmission oil drain bolt and sealing washer. Loosen the crankcase bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps. Remove the crankcase bolts.



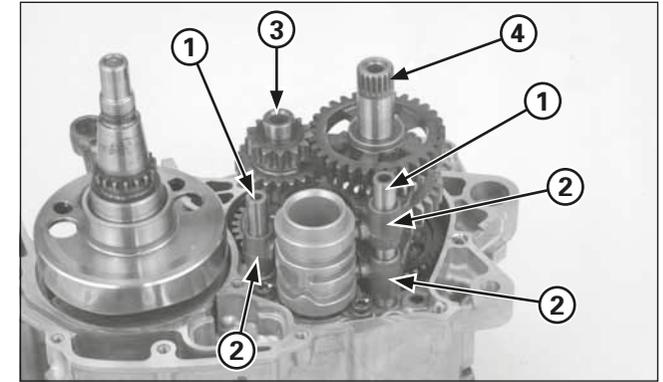
- (1) GASKET
- (2) DOWEL PINS
- (3) ONE-WAY REED VALVE



- (1) OIL PUMP SHAFT
- (2) INNER ROTOR
- (3) OUTER ROTOR

Place the right crankcase facing down and remove the left crankcase from the right crankcase. Remove the gasket and dowel pins. Remove the one-way reed valve.

Remove the oil pump shaft, oil pump inner and outer rotors.

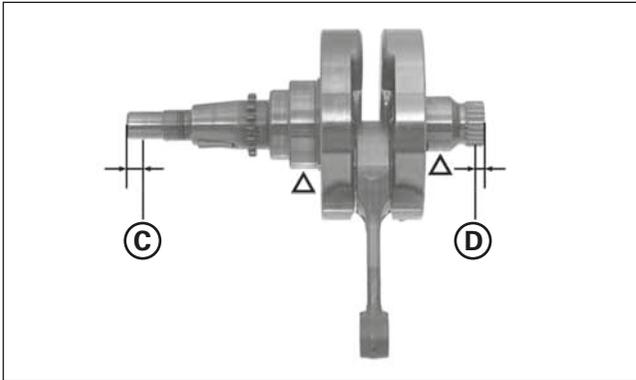


- (1) SHIFT FORK SHAFTS
- (2) SHIFT FORKS
- (3) MAINSHAFT
- (4) COUNTERSHAFT

Remove the following:

- Crankshaft
- Shift fork shafts, shift forks and shift drum
- Mainshaft and countershaft assembly

Disassemble the mainshaft and countershaft.

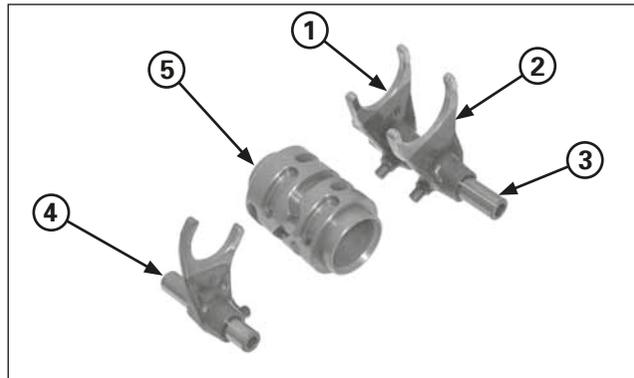
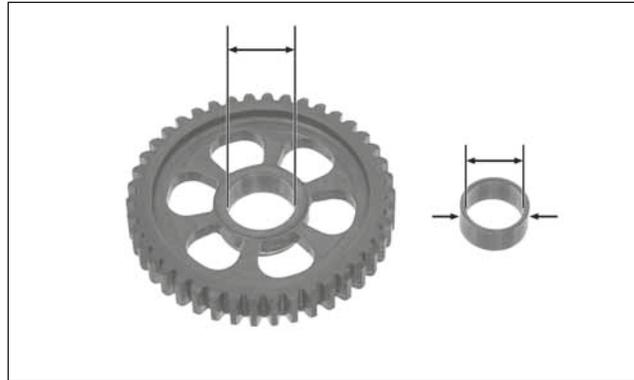


Crankshaft/Transmission Inspection

Measure the crankshaft runout. Support the crankshaft at point "A" and "B", and then measure the runout at the points "C" and "D".

Service limit: C: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)
D: 0.03 mm (0.001 in)

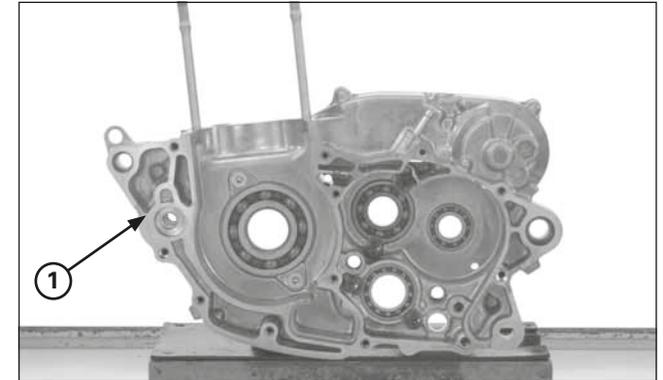
Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance and big end axial/radial play (specification; page 1-3).



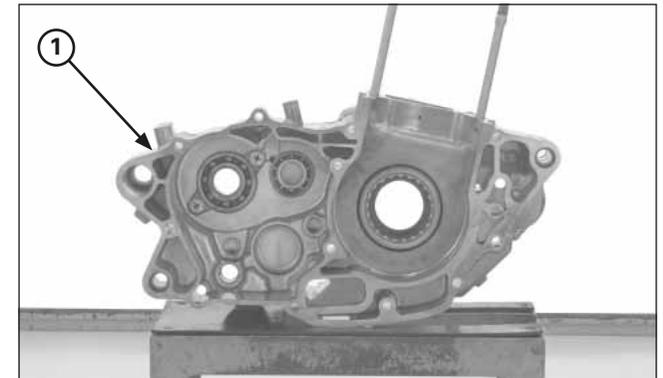
- (1) RIGHT SHIFT FORK
- (2) LEFT SHIFT FORK
- (3) RIGHT/LEFT SHIFT FORK SHAFT
- (4) CENTER SHIFT FORK/SHAFT
- (5) SHIFT DRUM

Inspect each part for wear or damage. Check the following items (specifications; page 1-1).

- Spinning gear I.D.
- Bushing I.D. and O.D.
- Mainshaft and countershaft O.D.
- Shift fork I.D. and claw thickness
- Shift fork shaft O.D.
- Shift drum O.D.



(1) RIGHT CRANKCASE



(1) LEFT CRANKCASE

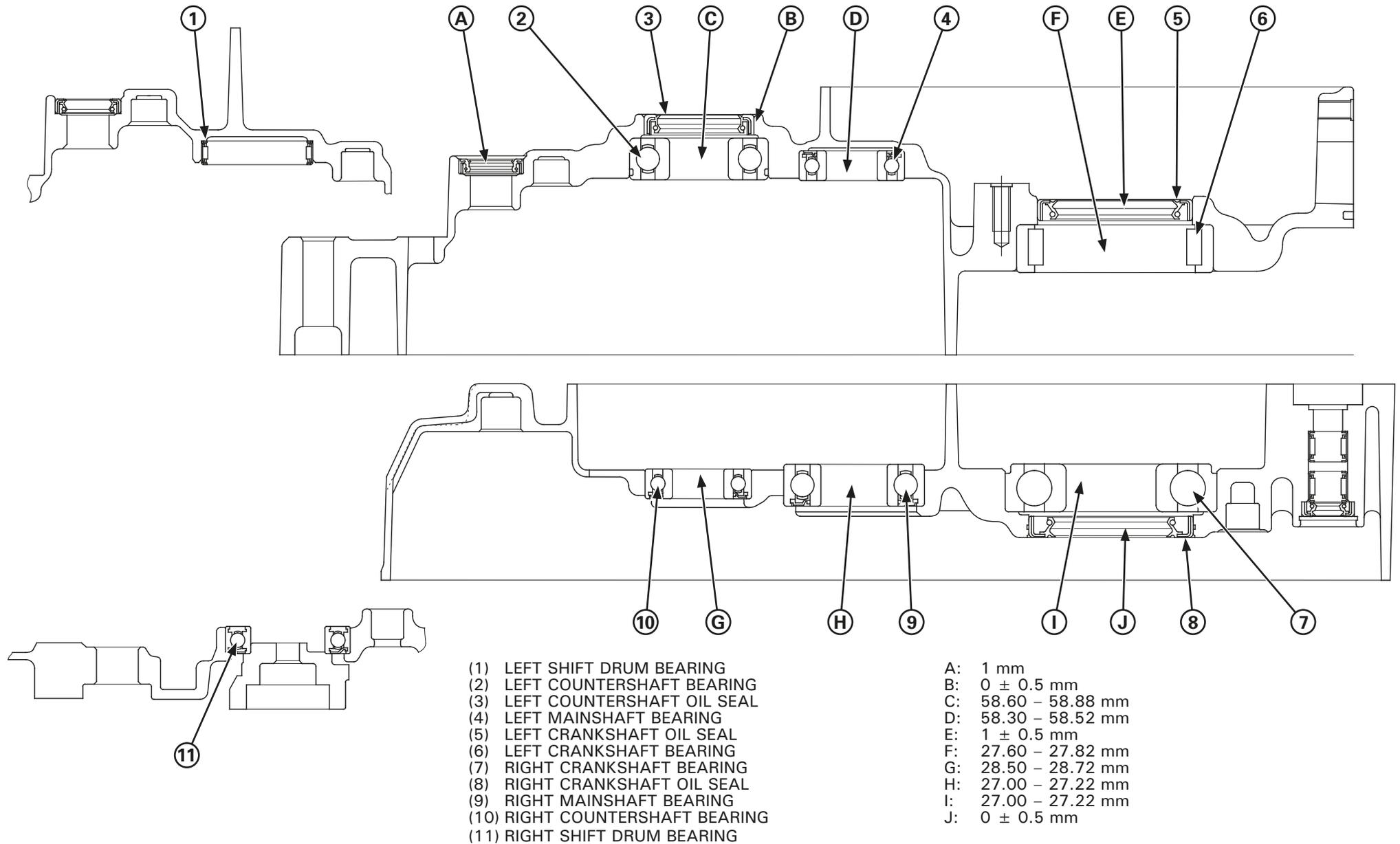
Crankcase Bearing Replacement

Remove the oil seals and bearing set plates. Drive out the bearing using the special tools (Tools; page 1-7).

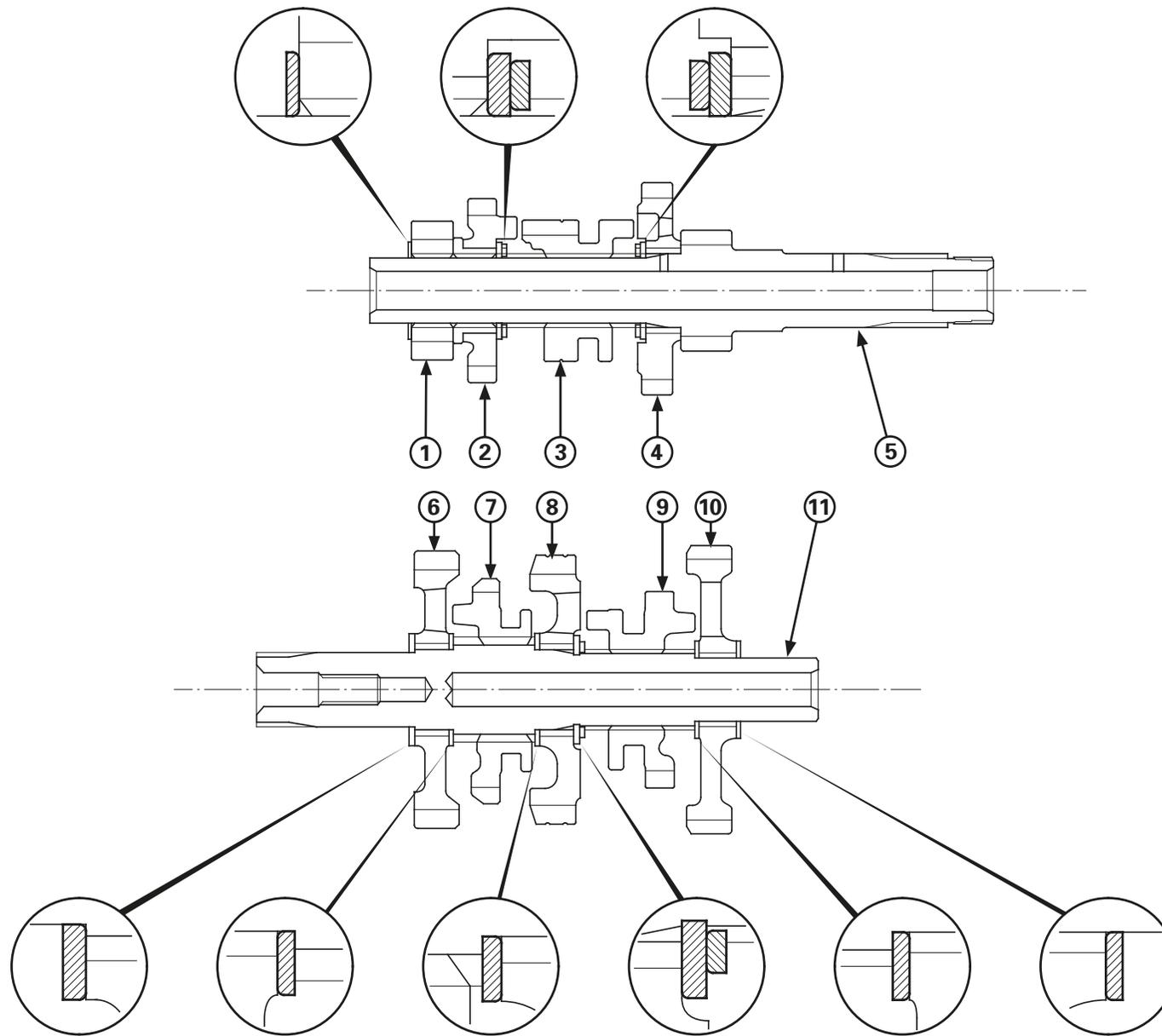
Install the new bearing as shown in the illustration using the special tools.

Engine servicing

Crankcase Bearings/Oil Seals Location

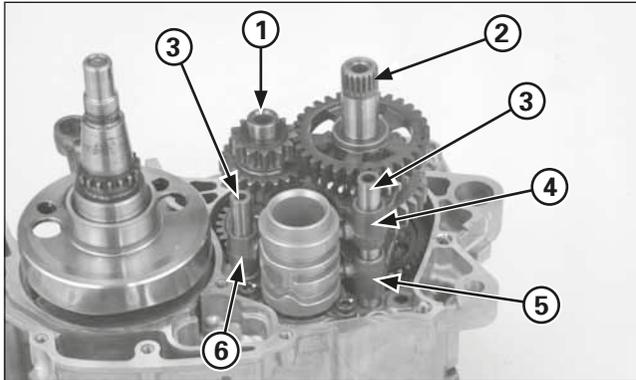


Transmission Assembly



- (1) M2 (17T)
- (2) M4 (23T)
- (3) M3 (18T)
- (4) M5 (27T)
- (5) MAINSHAFT/M1 (15T)
- (6) C2 (33T)
- (7) C4 (26T)
- (8) C3 (27T)
- (9) C5 (22T)
- (10) C1 (31T)
- (11) COUNTERSHAFT

Engine servicing



- (1) MAINSHAFT
- (2) COUNTERSHAFT
- (3) SHIFT FORK SHAFTS
- (4) LEFT SHIFT FORK
- (5) RIGHT SHIFT FORK
- (6) CENTER SHIFT FORK

Crankcase Combination

Clean the crankcase mating surfaces before assembling and check for wear or damage.

If the minor roughness or irregularities on the crankcase mating surfaces, dress them with an oil stone.

Lubricate the crankshaft bearing with engine oil.
Lubricate the transmission bearings with transmission oil.

Install the crankshaft into the right crankcase.

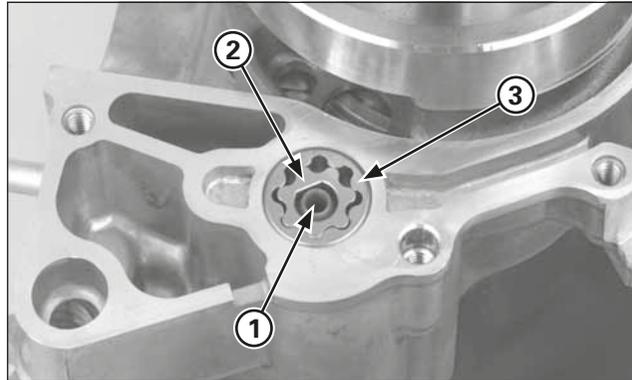
Install the mainshaft and countershaft as an assembly into the right crankcase.

Install the center shift fork with its identification mark facing in.

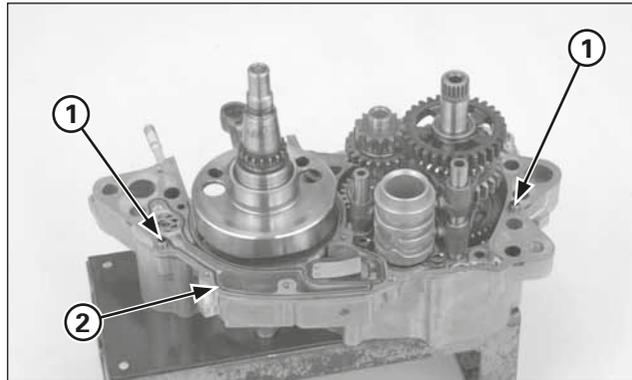
Install the right and left shift forks with their identification marks facing out.

Install the shift drum.

Install the shift forks.



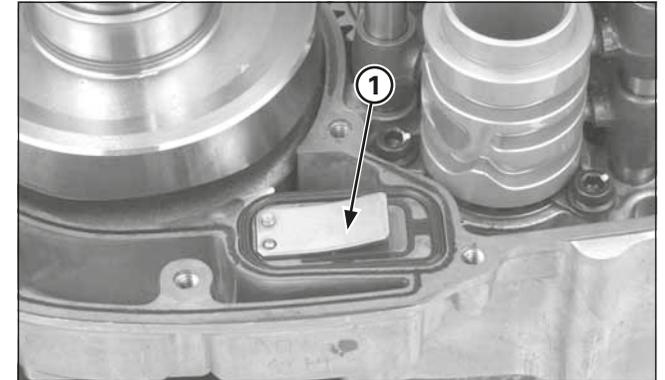
- (1) OIL PUMP SHAFT
- (2) INNER ROTOR
- (3) OUTER ROTOR



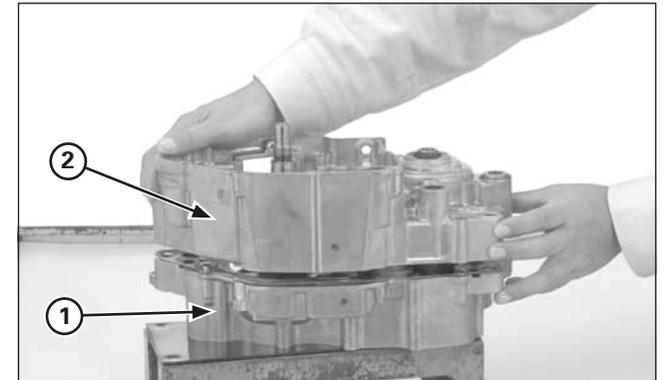
- (1) DOWEL PINS
- (2) NEW GASKET

Install the oil pump shaft, oil pump inner rotor and outer rotors.

Install the dowel pins and new gasket.



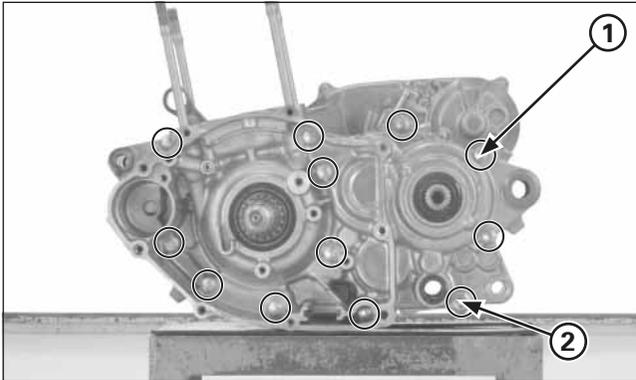
- (1) ONE-WAY REED VALVE



- (1) RIGHT CRANKCASE
- (2) LEFT CRANKCASE

Install the one-way reed valve into the right crankcase.

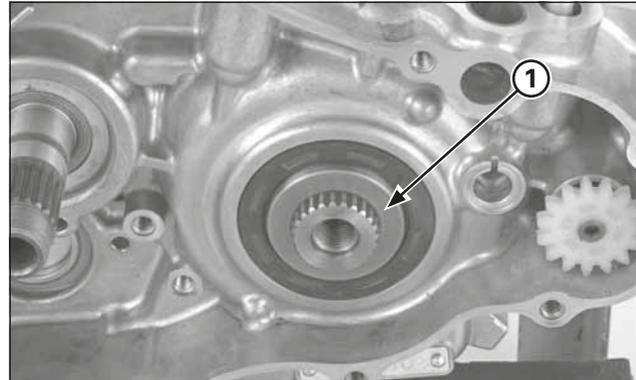
Place the left crankcase onto the right crankcase.



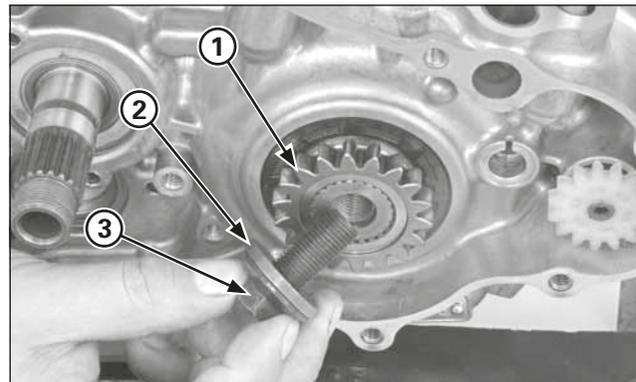
(1) CRANKCASE BOLTS
(2) NEW SEALING WASHER/OIL DRAIN BOLT

Install the crankcase bolts.
Tighten the crankcase bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 – 3 steps.
Install the transmission oil drain bolt with a new sealing washer, and tighten it to the specified torque.

Torque: 22 N•m (2.2 kgf•m, 16 lbf•ft)



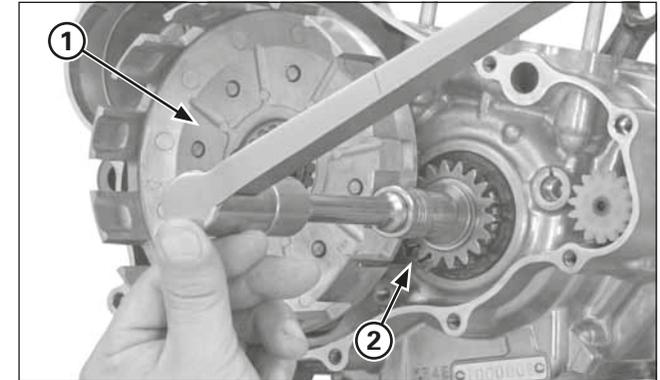
(1) DRIVE GEAR COLLAR



(1) PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR
(2) WASHER
(3) SPECIAL BOLT

Install the primary drive gear collar onto the crankshaft.

Install the primary drive gear with its groove side facing out.
Apply oil to the primary drive gear special bolt threads and seating surface.
Install the washer and special bolt.



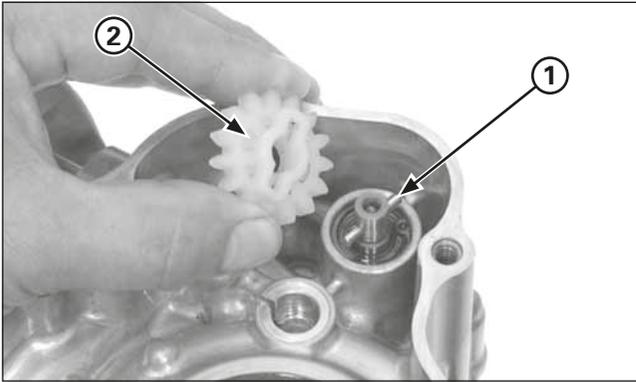
(1) CLUTCH OUTER
(2) GEAR HOLDER

Temporarily install the clutch outer guide, needle bearing and clutch outer onto the mainshaft and attach the gear holder between the primary drive and driven gears.

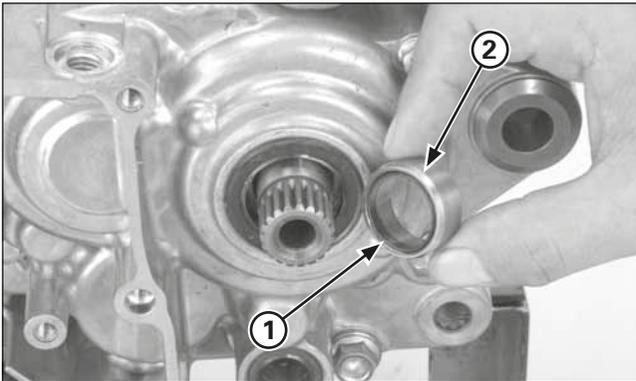
Tool:
Gear holder **07724-0010100**

Tighten the primary drive gear bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 108 N•m (11.0 kgf•m, 80 lbf•ft)



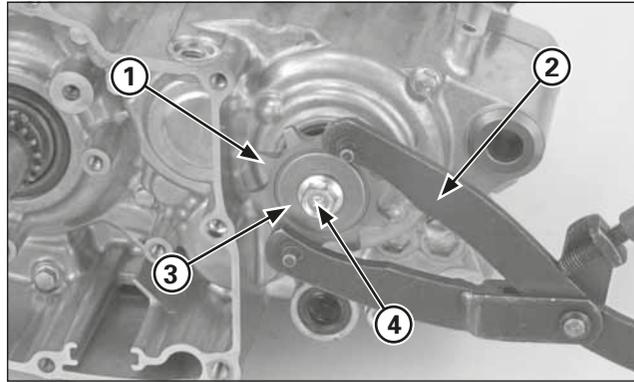
(1) DRIVE PIN
(2) OIL PUMP DRIVEN GEAR



(1) NEW O-RING
(2) COUNTERSHAFT COLLAR

Install the drive pin into the oil pump drive shaft hole.
Install the oil pump driven gear while aligning its groove with the drive pin.

Apply grease to the new O-ring and install it into the countershaft collar groove.
Install the countershaft collar.



(1) DRIVE SPROCKET
(2) UNIVERSAL HOLDER
(3) SPRING WASHER
(4) BOLT

Install the drive sprocket.
Install the spring washer and drive sprocket bolt.
Hold the drive sprocket with universal holder, tighten the special bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 31 N·m (3.2 kgf·m, 23 lbf·ft)

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



(1) AXLE PINCH BOLT
(2) AXLE

Front Wheel

Removal

Loosen the axle pinch bolt.

Support the motorcycle and front wheel off the ground. Remove the axle and front wheel.

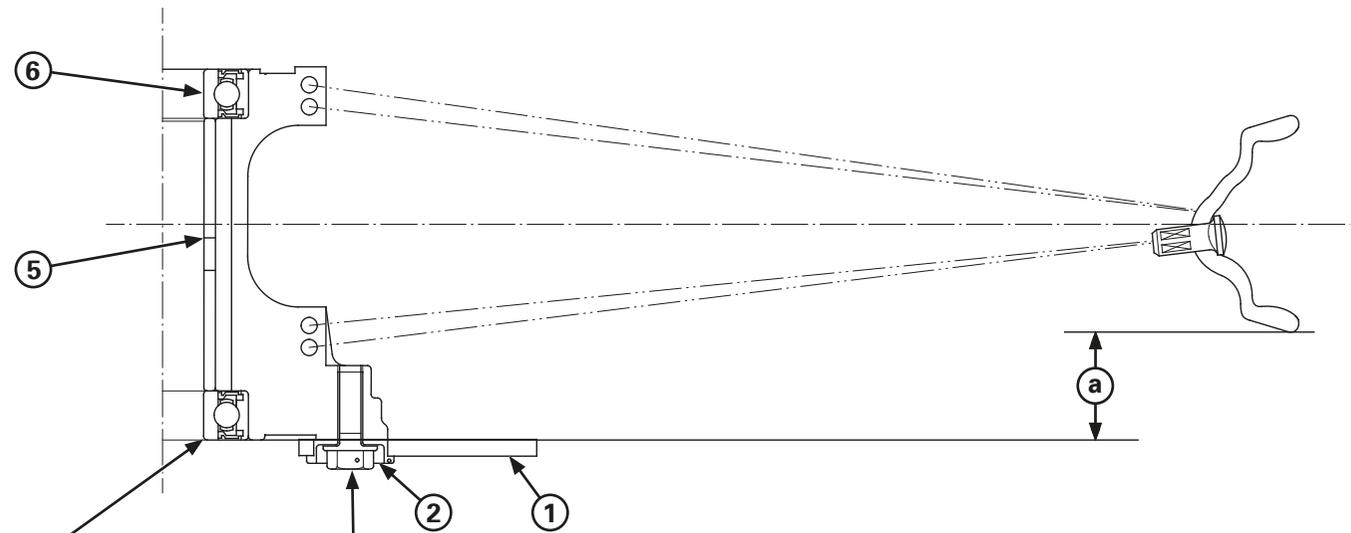
Do not depress the brake lever after the front wheel is removed. The caliper pistons will move and make reassembly difficult.

Disassembly/Assembly

WARNING

A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power, and can cause a serious injury or death.

Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.



- (4) Drive the bearing into the hub until it stops.
 (3) When unassembling change bolt for new one's
 Apply a locking agent to the threads
Torque: 18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m)

- (1) BRAKE DISC
 (2) COLLAR
 (3) DISC BOLT
 (4) LEFT WHEEL BEARING
 (5) DISTANCE COLLAR
 (6) RIGHT WHEEL BEARING

(a) 25 ± 1 mm ($1.0 \pm 0,0394$ in)

Spokes: Check spoke tension frequently between the first few rides. As the spokes, spoke nuts and rim contact points seat-in, the spokes may need to be retightened.

Once past this initial seating-in period, the spokes should hold their tension. Still, be sure your race maintenance program includes checking spoke tension and overall wheel condition on a regular basis.

Frame servicing



(1) AXLE

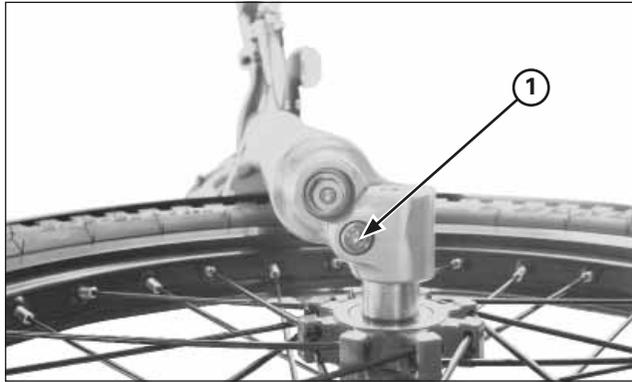
Installation

Clean the surfaces where the axle and axle clamps contact each other.
Place the front wheel between the fork legs, while inserting the brake disc between brake pads without damaging them.

Apply thin layer of grease to the axle surface.
Apply grease to the axle threads.
Install the axle from the right side through the wheel.

Tighten the axle to the specified torque.

Torque: 69 N•m (7.0 kgf•m, 51 lbf•ft)



(1) AXLE PINCH BOLT

While keeping the fork parallel, tighten the axle pinch bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 21 N•m (2.1 kgf•m, 17 lbf•ft)



(1) FRONT FENDER
(2) TOP BRIDGE
(3) BOTTOM BRIDGE
(4) FORK LEG

Fork

Removal

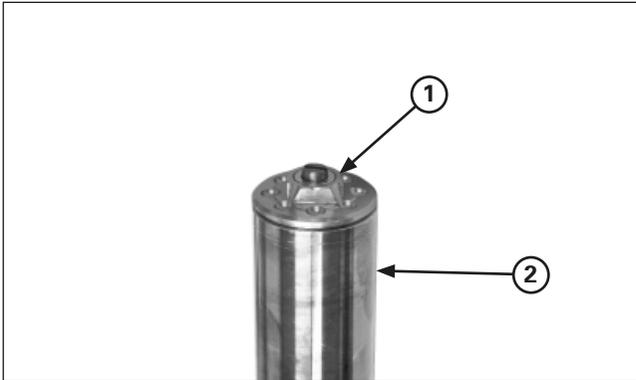
Remove the front wheel (page 4-1).

Remove the front fender.
Loosen the top bridge pinch bolt.
If the forks are to be disassembled, loosen the fork bolt.

NOTICE

To avoid damaging the fork bolt threads, loosen the top bridge pinch bolt before loosening the fork bolts.

Loosen the bottom bridge pinch bolts, and pull the fork tube down and out.



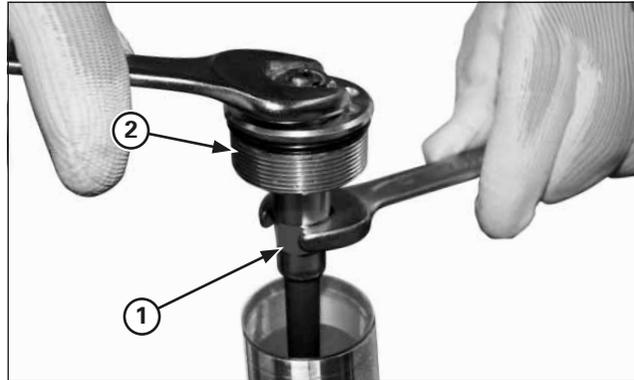
(1) FORK BOLT
(2) FORK LEG

Right Fork Disassembly

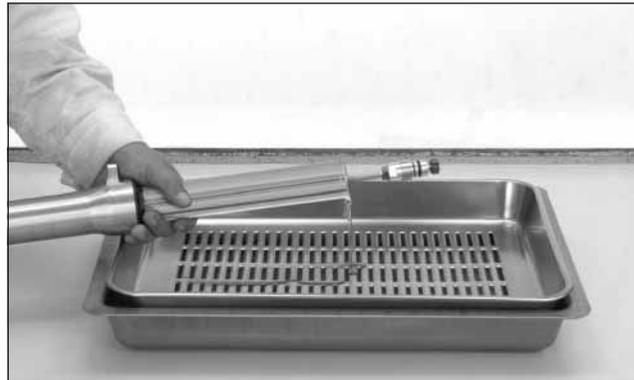
Before disassembling the fork, clean the entire sliding surface and the bottom of the fork slider.

Be careful not to scratch the fork tube. A scratched fork tube will damage the seal, causing an oil leak.

Hold the fork tube, remove the fork bolt and slide the fork tube down.

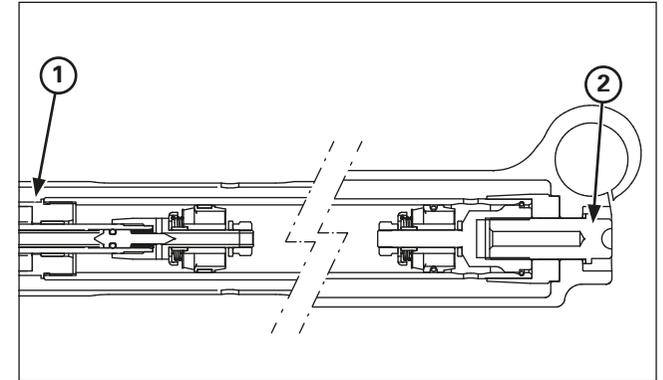


(1) LOCK NUT
(2) FORK BOLT



Make sure the damping adjuster is in clicked position and is not in between the position. Hold the lock nut and remove the fork bolt from the damper rod. Do not remove the lock nut from the damper rod.

Pour out the fork fluid.

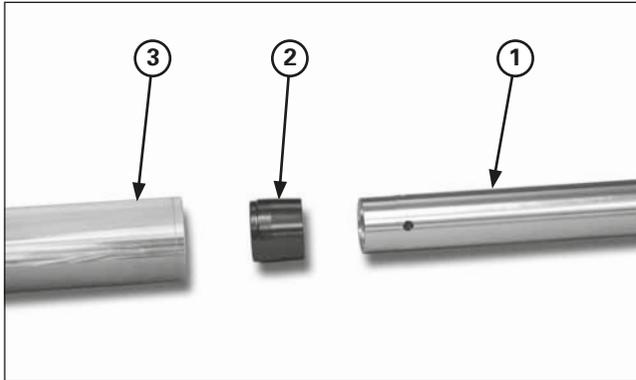


(1) FORK DAMPER
(2) RIGHT FORK CENTER BOLT

Hold the axle holder in a vise protected with a piece of woods or soft jaws to avoid damage. Do not overtighten.

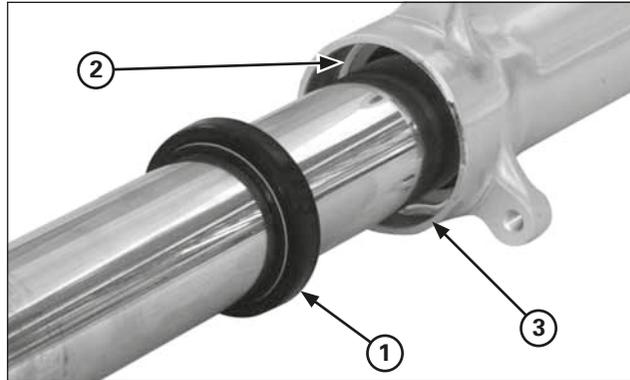
Loosen the right fork center bolt. Remove the center bolt and sealing washer.

Frame servicing

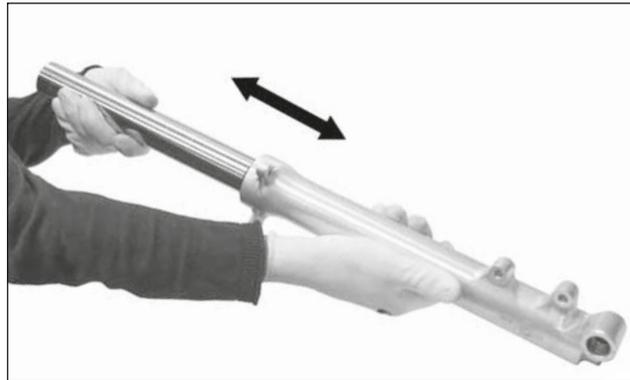


- (1) FORK DAMPER
- (2) CENTERING PLATE
- (3) FORK TUBE

Remove the fork damper assembly and centering plate from the fork tube.

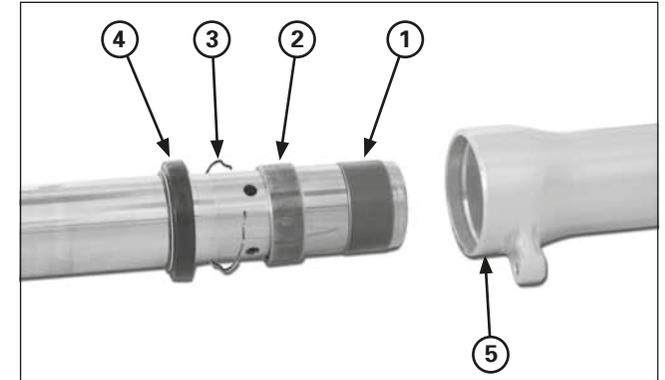


- (1) DUST SEAL
- (2) STOP RING
- (3) FORK SLIDER



Remove the dust seal and stop ring being careful not to scratch the fork tube.

In quick successive motions, pull the fork tube out of the slider.
Empty the fork fluid from the damper by pumping the damper rod 8 - 10 times.

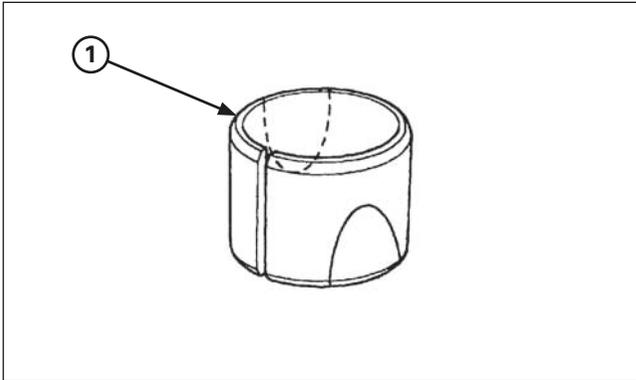


- (1) FORK TUBE BUSHING
- (2) GUIDE BUSHING
- (3) BACK-UP RING
- (4) OIL SEAL
- (5) FORK SLIDER

Check that the fork tube moves smoothly in the slider.
If it does not, check the fork tube bending or damage, and the bushings for wear or damage. If the slider and bushing are normal, check the fork tube.

Carefully remove the fork tube bushing by prying the slot with a screwdriver until the bushing can be pulled off by hand.
Be careful not to scratch the teflon coating of the bushing.

Remove the guide bushing, back-up ring and oil seal from the fork tube.



(1) BUSHING

Right Fork Inspection

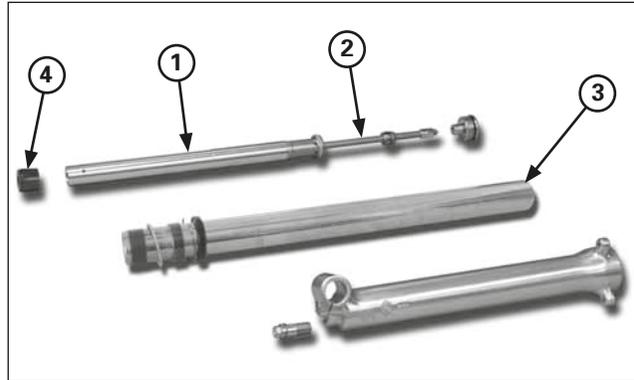
Check the following items (page 1-4):

- Fork tube for score marks, scratches and excessive wear
- Fork tube runout
- Fork slider for damage or deformation
- Fork damper for damage

Bushing/Back-up Ring

Check the bushings for excessive wear or scratches. Remove any metal powder inside the slider and guide bushings with a nylon brush and fork fluid. If copper appears on the entire surface, replace the bushing.

Replace the back-up ring if there is any distortion at the points shown.



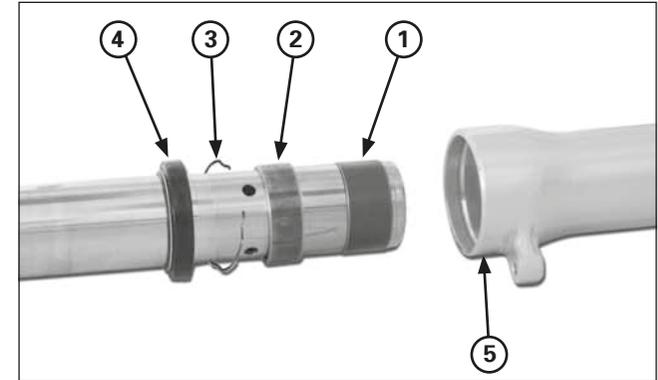
(1) FORK DAMPER
(2) DAMPER ROD
(3) FORK TUBE
(4) CENTERING PLATE

Fork Damper

Check the fork damper assembly for damage or deformation. Check the damper rod for bend or other damage.

Fork tube/centering plate

Check the fork tube for bent or deformation. Check the centering plate for damage.



(1) FORK TUBE BUSHING
(2) GUIDE BUSHING
(3) BACK-UP RING
(4) OIL SEAL
(5) FORK SLIDER

Right Fork Assembly

Clean the parts thoroughly with non-flammable or high flush point solvent before assembly.

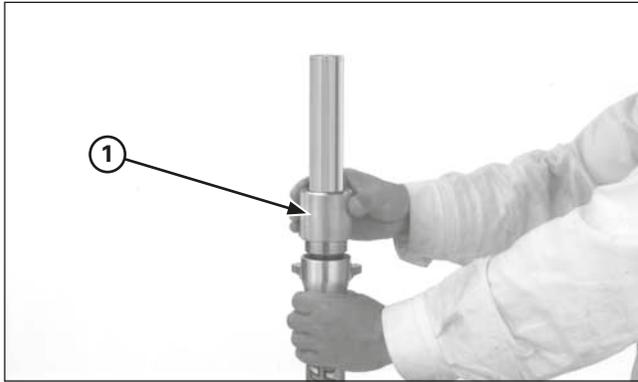
Install the following to the fork tube:

- Fork tube bushing
- Guide bushing
- Back-up ring

Coat the guide and fork tube bushings with recommended fork fluid.

Install the fork tube assembly into the slider.

Frame servicing

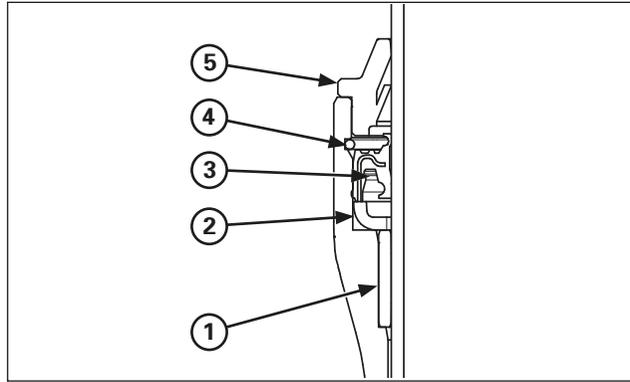


(1) FORK SEAL DRIVER

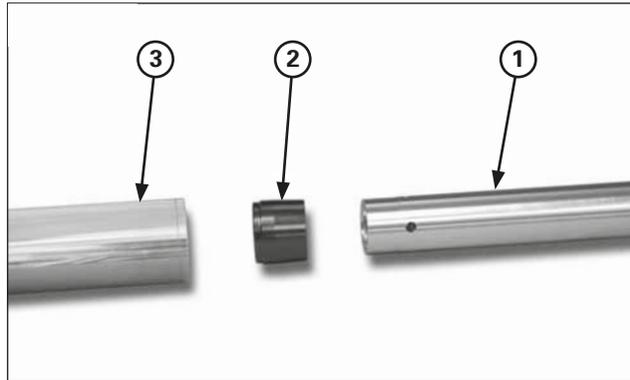
Using the special tool, drive the guide bushing and back-up ring until the stop ring groove is fully stuck in the fork slider base.

Install the oil seal (spring up) in the fork slider. Drive the oil seal using the special tool, performing a constant pressure until stops in back-up ring.

Tool:
Fork seal driver **07947-4630100**



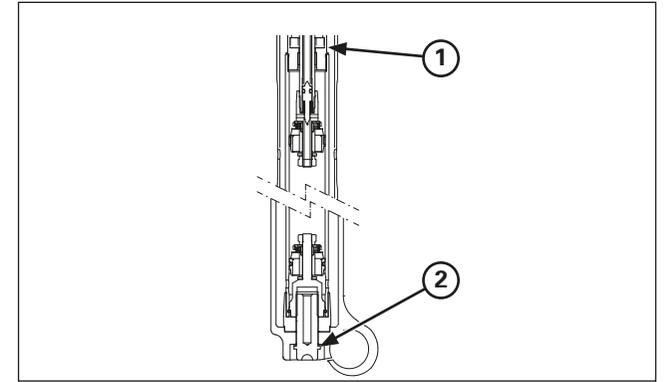
(1) GUIDE BUSHING (4) STOP RING
(2) BUCK-UP RING (5) DUST SEAL
(3) OIL SEAL



(1) FORK DAMPER
(2) CENTERING PLATE
(3) FORK TUBE

Install the stop ring into the slider groove securely.
Install the dust seal.

Install the centering plate and fork damper into the fork tube.



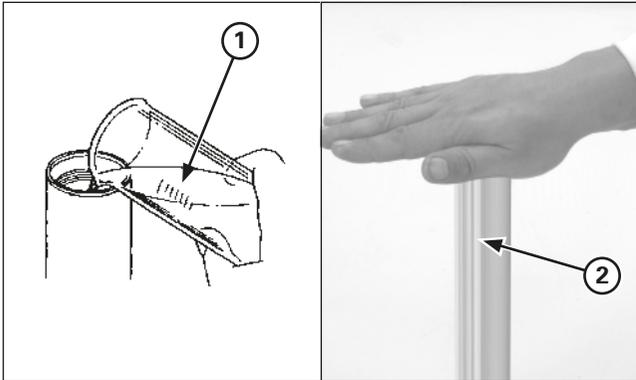
(1) FORK DAMPER
(2) RIGHT FORK CENTER BOLT

Hold the axle holder in a vise protected with a piece of woods or soft jaws to avoid damage.
Do not overtighten the vise.

Install the right fork center bolt with a new sealing washer.

Tighten the right fork center bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 23,5-25,5 N•m (2,4-2,6 kgf•m)



(1) FORK FLUID
(2) FORK TUBE

Pour recommended fork fluid in the fork leg.

Specified fork fluid:

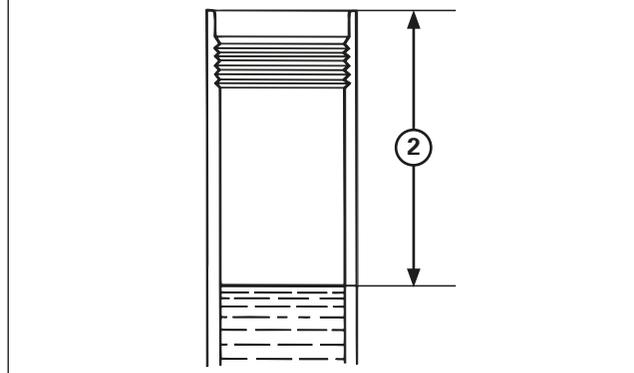
OJ Racing Special Fork Oil Type 01 (SAE 5W) or equivalent

Bleed the air as follows:

1. Extend the fork without bringing to its maximum extension. Cover the top of the fork tube with your hand and compress the fork slowly several times.

NOTICE

Totally extended fork may cause oil leakage.

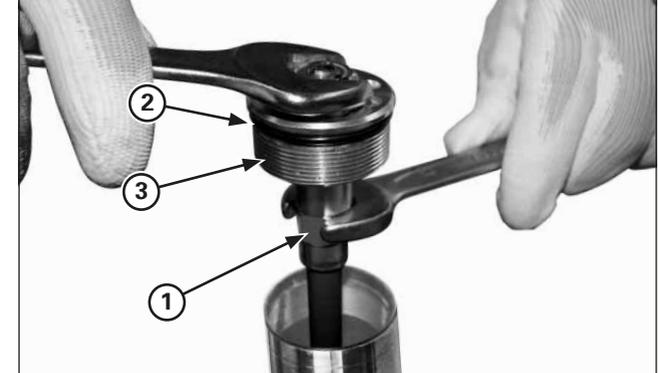
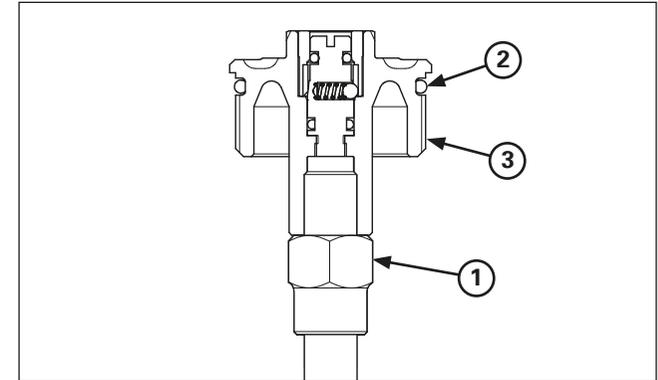


(1) FORK DAMPER ROD
(2) OIL LEVEL

2. Pump the damper rod 8 - 10 times.
3. Make sure no air in fork damper by slowly pull the damper rod up. If the resistance is felt at the top end, pump the damper rod again.

Wait 2 – 3 minutes before measuring the oil level.
Measure the oil level from top of the fork tube, with the fork fully compressed.

Standard oil level: 60 mm (2.36 in)
Oil capacity (orientative): 385 cm³
(13.0 US oz)
(13.5 Imp oz)



(1) LOCK NUT
(2) NEW O-RING
(3) FORK BOLT

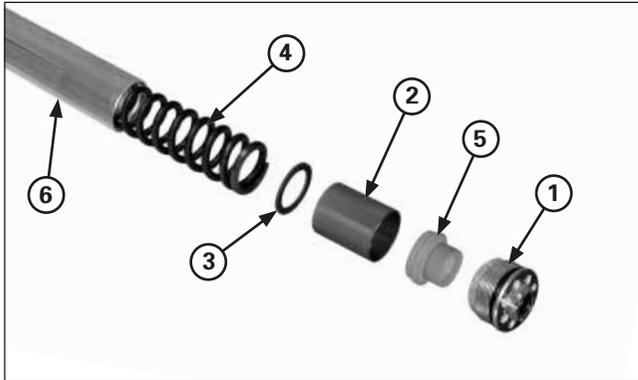
Install a new O-ring onto the fork bolt groove. Screw the fork bolt on the lock nut from the damper rod until it seats. Hold the lock nut and tighten the fork bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 14,7 N•m (1,5 kgf•m)

Apply recommended fork fluid to the O-ring, then screw the fork bolt into the fork tube.

Torque: 12,7 N•m (1,3 kgf•m)

Frame servicing



- (1) FORK BOLT
- (2) DISTANCE COLLAR
- (3) SPRING SEAT
- (4) FORK SPRING
- (5) TAPERED BUSHING
- (6) FORK TUBE

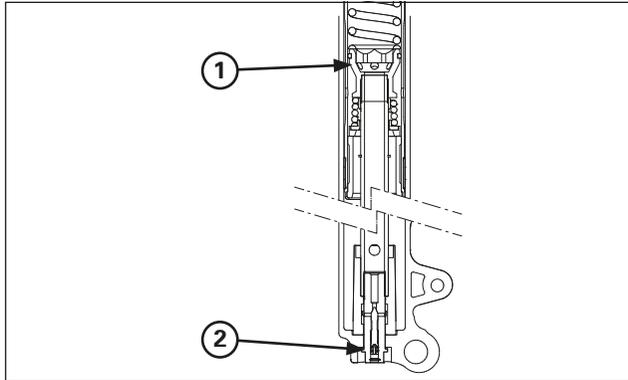
Left Fork Disassembly

Before disassembling the fork, clean the entire sliding surface and the bottom of the fork slider.

Be careful not to scratch the fork tube.
A scratched fork tube will damage the seal, causing an oil leak.

The fork bolt under spring pressure.
Before removing the fork bolt, turn the pre-load adjuster softest position.
Remove the fork bolt from the fork tube.

Remove the tapered bushing, distance collar, spring seat and fork spring.
Pour out the fork fluid.



- (1) CILINDER ASSY
- (2) CENTER BOLT

Hold the axle holder in a vise protected with a piece of wood or soft jaws to avoid damage.
Do not overtighten.

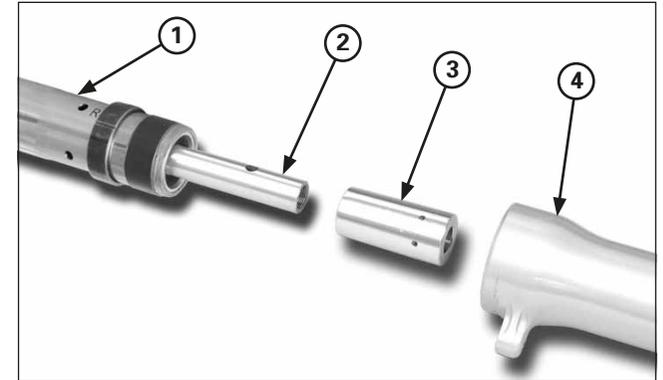
Hold the cylinder assembly using the special tool and tighten the central screw to the specified torque.

Tool:
Fork damper holder **07930-KA50100**

Remove the center bolt and sealing washer.

Remove the following items using the same procedure as the right fork disassembly (page 4-2):

- Dust seal
- Stop ring
- Fork tube, unlocking guide bushing on the fork leg.



- (1) FORK TUBE
- (2) CILINDER ASSY
- (3) TAPERED BUSHING
- (4) FORK SLIDER

Remove the tapered bushing from the cylinder assembly.

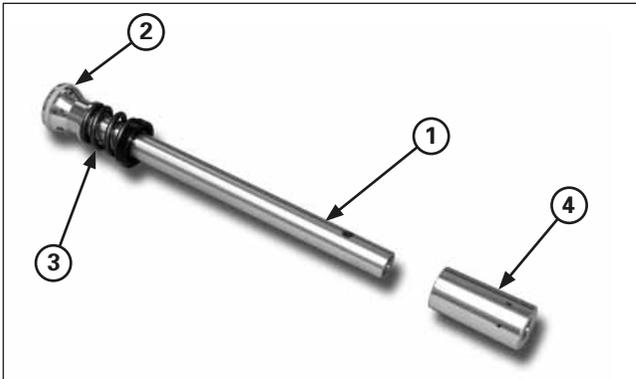
NOTICE

Be careful not to damage the tapered bushing.

Remove the cylinder assembly from the fork tube.

Remove the following items using the same procedure as the right fork disassembly (page 4-2):

- Oil seal
- Back-up ring
- Guide bushing
- Fork tube bushing

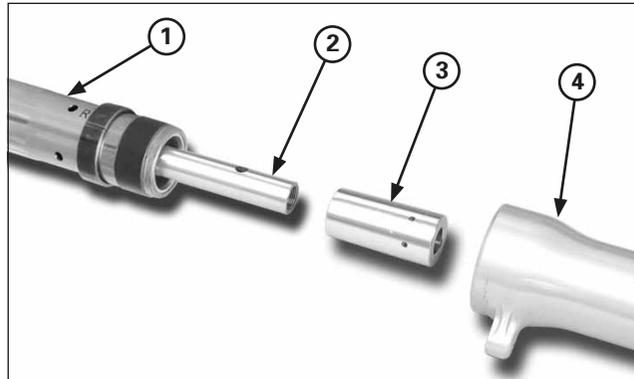


- (1) CILINDER ASSY
- (2) PISTON RING
- (3) REBOUND SPRING
- (4) TAPERED BUSHING

Left Fork Inspection

Check the following items (page 1-4):

- Inside fork slider for damage or deformation
- Fork tube runout
- Fork spring free length
- Fork tube for score marks, scratches and excessive wear
- Bushing/back-up ring (page 4-5)
- Fork piston ring for wear or damage
- Taped bushing for damage
- Rebound spring for fatigue or other damage



- (1) FORK TUBE
- (2) CILINDER ASSY
- (3) TAPERED BUSHING
- (4) FORK SLIDER

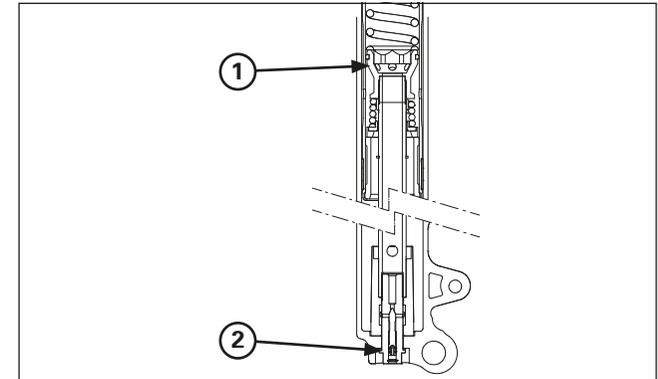
Left Fork Assembly

Clean the parts thoroughly with non-flammable or high flush point solvent before assembly.

Apply fork fluid to the piston ring.
Install the cilinder assy into the fork tube.
Install the tapered bushing on the end of the cilinder assy.

NOTICE

The tapered bushing is easy to scratched or deformed. Take care not to damage it when assembling it.



- (1) CILINDER ASSY
- (2) CENTER BOLT

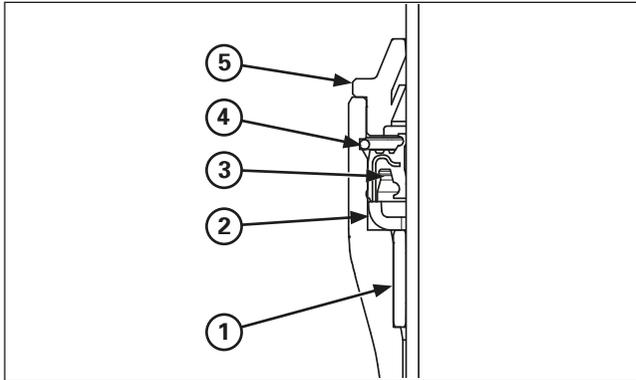
Hold the axle holder in a vise protected with a piece of wood or soft jaws to avoid damage.
Do not overtighten the vise.

Install the center bolt with a new sealing washer.
Hold the cylinder assembly using the special tool and tighten the center bolt to the specified torque.

Tool:
Fork damper holder **07930-KA50100**

Torque: 23,5-25,5 N·m (2,4-2,6 kgf·m)

Frame servicing



- (1) GUIDE BUSHING
- (2) BACK-UP RING
- (3) OIL SEAL
- (4) STOP RING
- (5) DUST SEAL

Install the following parts onto the fork tube using the same procedure as the right fork (page 4-5):

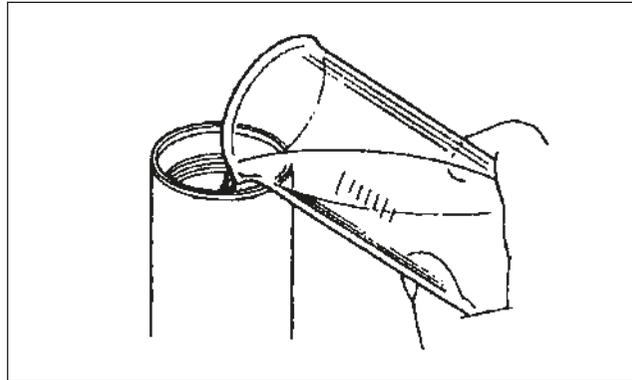
- Fork tube bushing
- Guide bushing
- Back-up ring

Using the special tool, drive the guide bushing and back-up ring until the stop ring groove is fully stuck in the fork slider base.

Install the oil seal (spring up) in the fork slider. Drive the oil seal using the special tool, performing a constant pressure until stops in back-up ring.

Tool:
Fork seal driver **07947-4630100**

Install the stop ring into the slider groove securely.
Install the dust seal.

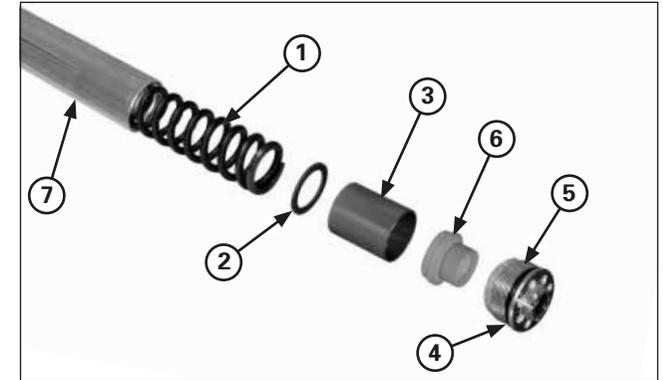


Pour half the required amount of recommended fork fluid in the fork tube.

Specified fork fluid:
OJ Racing Special Fork Oil Type 01 (SAE 5W) or equivalent

Pump the fork tube slowly 8-10 times.
Pour additional fluid to the specified capacity.

Oil level: **125 mm (4.9 in)**
Oil capacity (orientative): **375 cc**
 (12.7 US oz)
 (13.2 Imp oz)

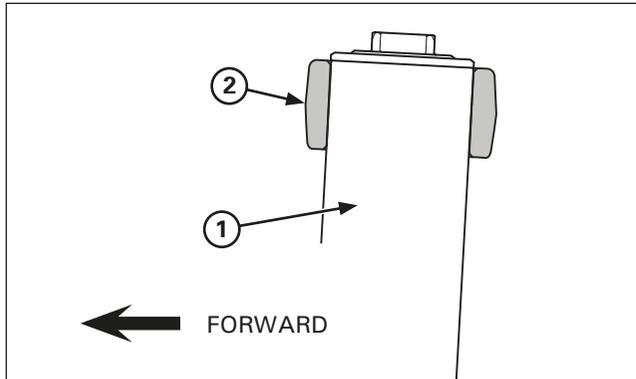


- (1) FORK SPRING
- (2) SPRING SEAT
- (3) DISTANCE COLLAR
- (4) O-RING (NEW)
- (5) FORK BOLT
- (6) TAPERED BUSHING
- (7) FORK TUBE

Install the fork spring, spring seat, distance collar and the tapered bushing.

Apply recommended fork fluid to the new O-ring, then screw the fork bolt into the fork tube.

Torque: 12.7 N·m (1.3 kgf·m, 9.3 lbf·ft)



- (1) FORK TUBE
- (2) TOP BRIDGE

Installation

Install the fork tube.

Raise the fork through the bottom bridge and top bridge.

Place the fork tubes in the top clamp level as shown in the picture.



- (1) BOTTOM BRIDGE PINCH BOLTS
- (2) FORK BOLT
- (3) TOP BRIDGE PINCH BOLTS

Tighten the bottom bridge pinch bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 21 N•m (2.1 kgf•m, 14 lbf•ft)

Overtightening the pinch bolts can deform the outer tube. Deformed outer tube must be replaced.

Tighten the fork bolt.

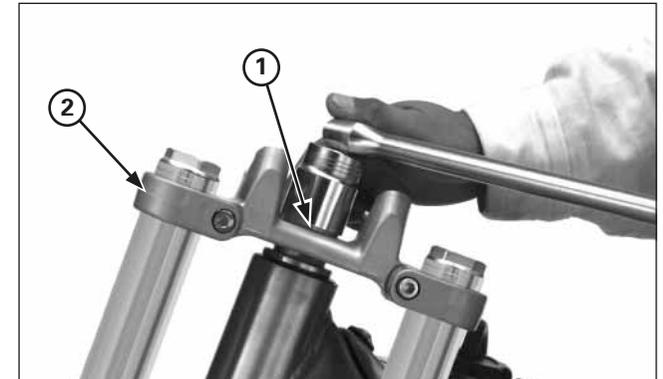
Tighten the top bridge pinch bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 21 N•m (2.1 kgf•m, 14 lbf•ft)

Return spring pre-load and rebound adjuster to their original positions as noted during removal.

Install the following:

- Front fender
- Front wheel (page 4-2)



- (1) STEM NUT
- (2) TOP BRIDGE

Steering stem

Disassembly

Remove the following:

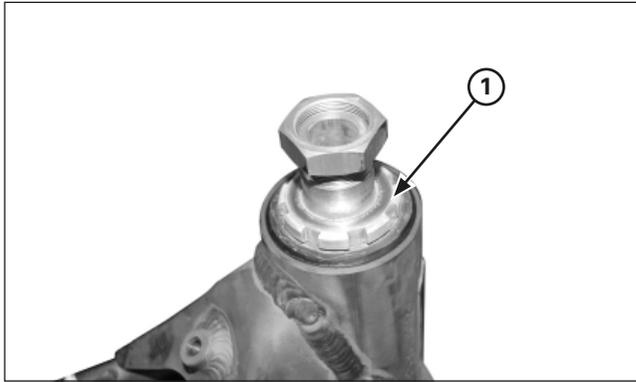
- Handlebar
- Front wheel (page 4-1)
- Front fender

Remove the steering stem nut and washer.

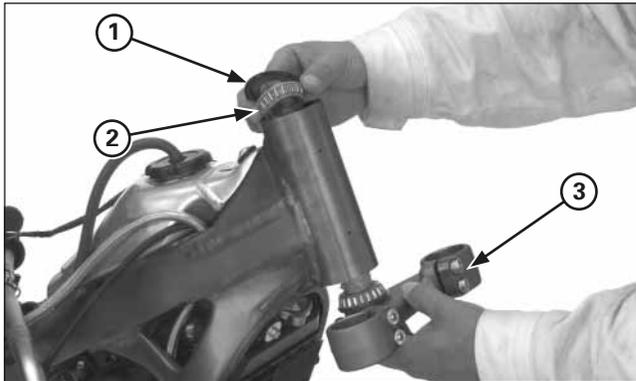
Remove the fork legs (page 4-2).

Remove the top bridge.

Frame servicing



(1) ADJUSTING NUT

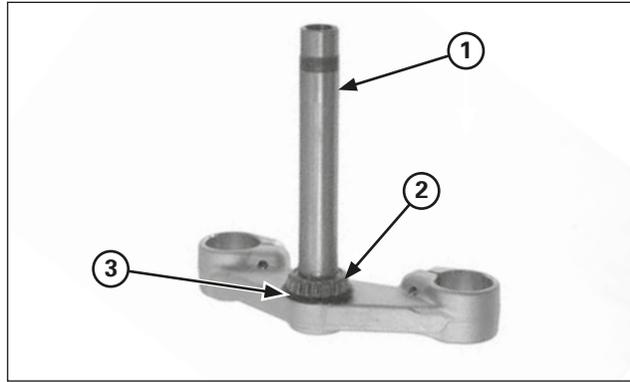


(1) DUST SEAL
(2) UPPER BEARING
(3) STEERING STEM

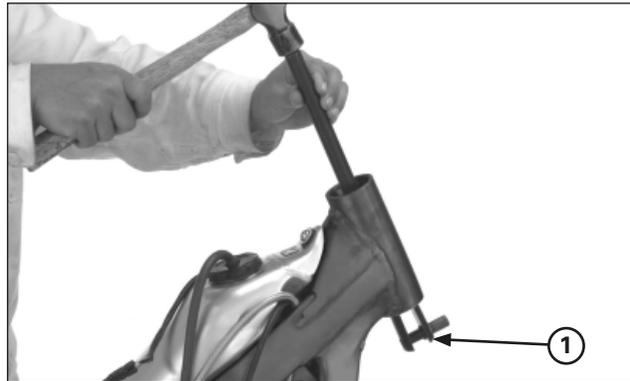
Remove the stem bearing adjusting nut.

Remove the following;

- Dust seal
- Upper bearing
- Steering stem/lower bearing



(1) STEM
(2) LOWER BEARING
(3) DUST SEAL



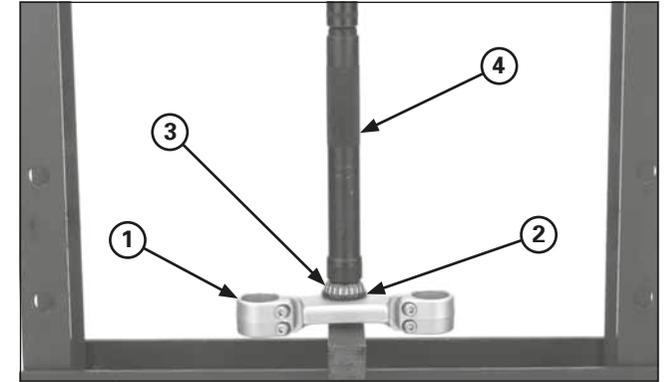
(1) BALL RACE REMOVER

Remove the lower bearing and dust seal from the steering stem.

Remove the upper and lower bearing races from the steering head using the special tools.

Tool:

Ball race remover **07948-4630100**

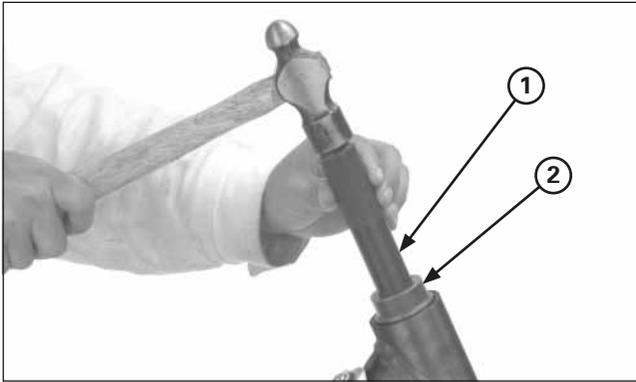


(1) STEM
(2) DUST SEAL
(3) BEARING
(4) STEERING STEM DRIVER

Install new dust seal onto the steering stem.
Install the new lower bearing into the steering stem using a hydraulic press and driver.

Tool:

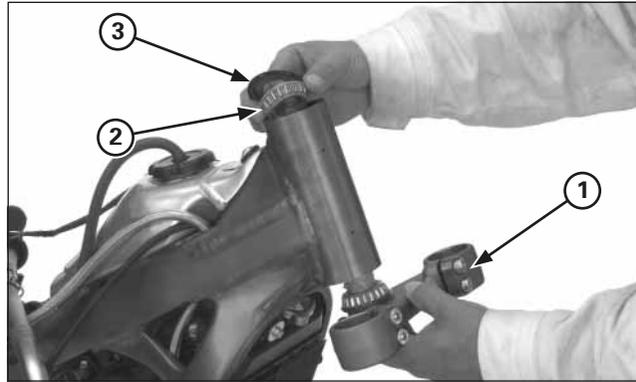
Steering stem driver (Generic tool)



- (1) DRIVER
- (2) ATTACHMENT

Tools:

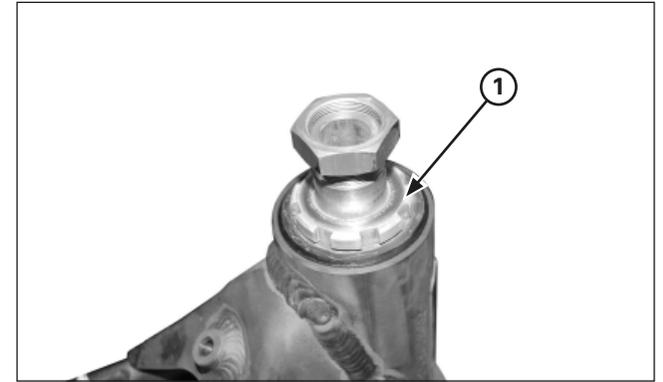
Driver 07749-0010000
Attachment, 42 x 47 mm 07746-0010300



- (1) STEM
- (2) UPPER BEARING
- (3) DUST SEAL

Install new bearing races.

Pack the upper and lower bearings with grease.
Install the steering stem, upper bearing and dust seal.



- (1) ADJUSTING NUT

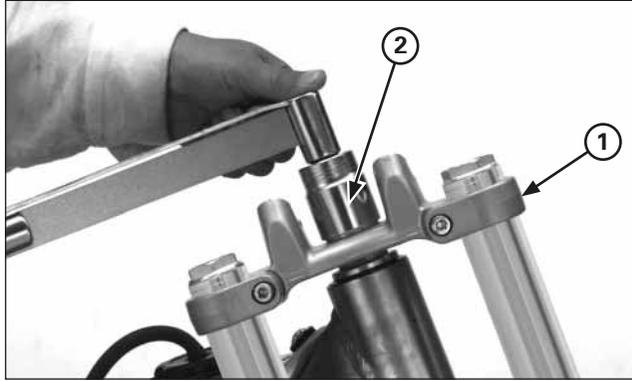
Screw the stem bearing adjusting nut all the way with your fingers.

Frame servicing



Turn the steering stem lock-to-lock 5 times to seat the bearings and retighten the adjusting nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 5 N•m (0.5 kgf•m, 3.7 lbf•ft)



(1) TOP BRIDGE
(2) STEM NUT

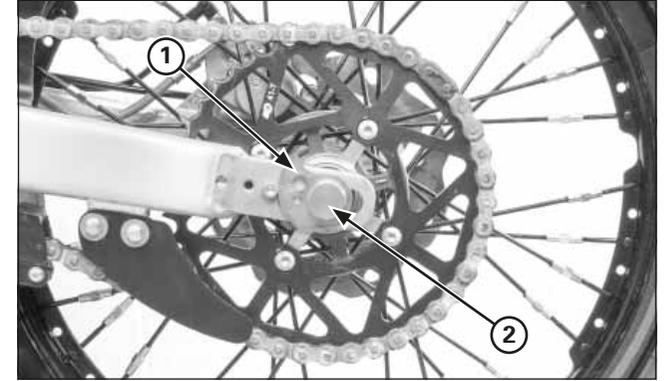
Apply grease to the stem nut threads and seating surfaces. Install the top bridge, washer and stem nut. Temporarily install both fork legs. Apply grease to the top bridge pinch bolts threads and seating surfaces. Install and tighten the top bridge pinch bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 21 N•m (2.1 kgf•m, 15.4 lbf•ft)

Tighten the stem nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 99 N•m (10 kgf•m, 65 lbf•ft)

Recheck the steering stem adjustment before installing the removed parts.



(1) ADJUSTER
(2) AXLE

Rear Wheel

Removal

Raise the rear wheel off the ground and support it with a block or maintenance stand under the engine.

Remove the following:

- Rear axle protectors.
- Axle nut and drive chain adjuster
- Drive chain
- Axle, drive chain adjuster and rear wheel

Do not depress the brake pedal after the rear wheel is removed.

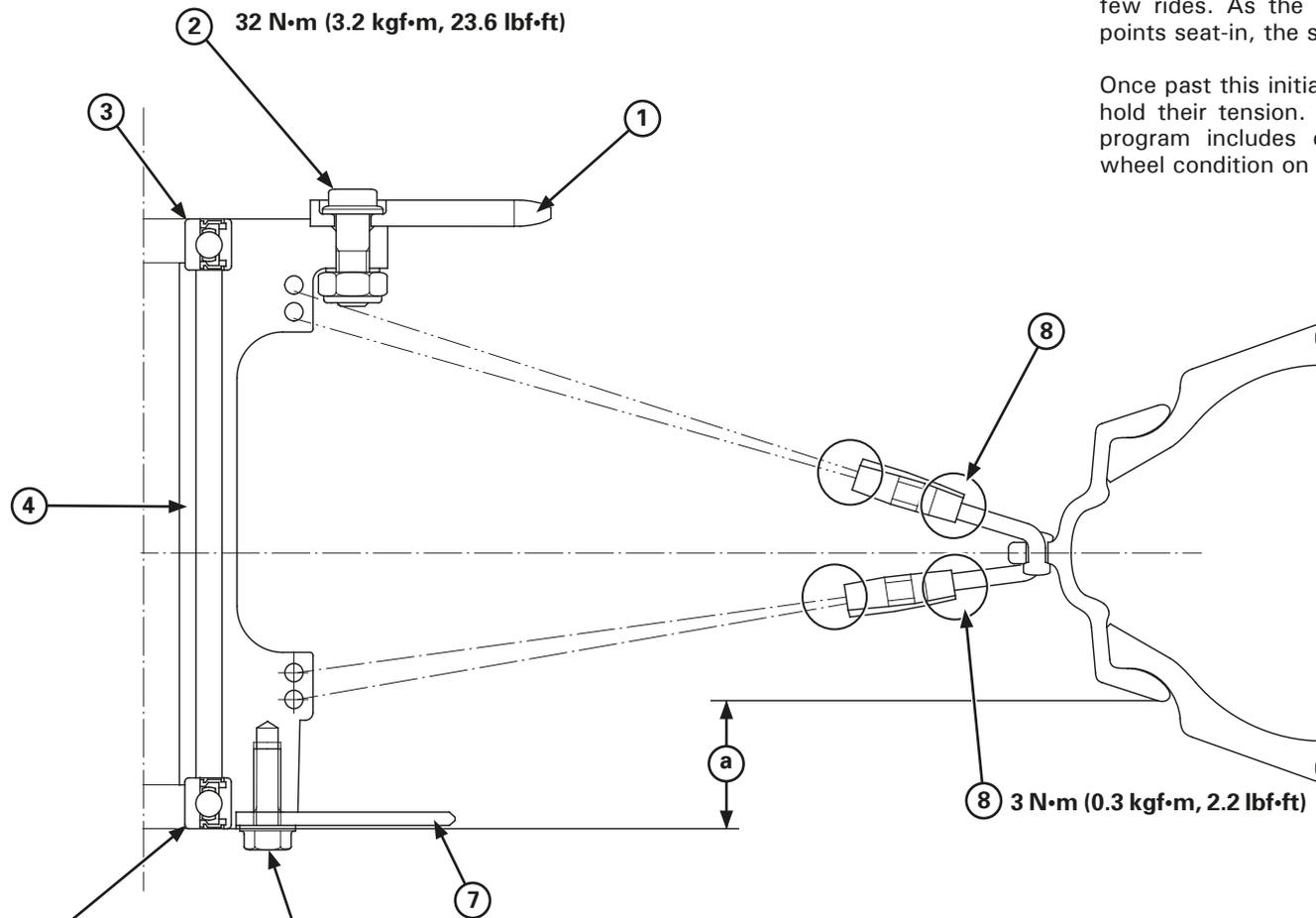
The caliper pistons will move and make reassembly difficult.

Disassembly/Assembly

WARNING

A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power, and can cause a serious injury or death.

Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.



② 32 N·m (3.2 kgf·m, 23.6 lbf·ft)

④

⑤ Drive the bearing into the hub until it stops.

⑥ When unassembling change bolt for new one's. Apply a locking agent to the threads

Torque: 17 N·m (1.7 kgf·m, 12.5 lbf·ft)

Spokes: Check spoke tension frequently between the first few rides. As the spokes, spoke nuts and rim contact points seat-in, the spokes may need to be retightened.

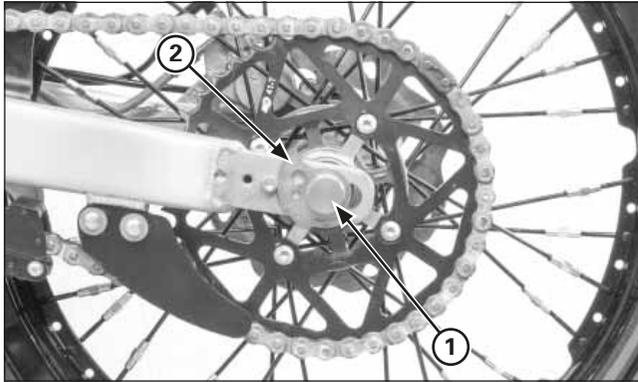
Once past this initial seating-in period, the spokes should hold their tension. Still, be sure your race maintenance program includes checking spoke tension and overall wheel condition on a regular basis.

⑧ 3 N·m (0.3 kgf·m, 2.2 lbf·ft)

- (1) DRIVEN SPROCKET
- (2) DRIVEN SPROCKET BOLT/NUT
- (3) LEFT WHEEL BEARING
- (4) DISTANCE COLLAR
- (5) RIGHT WHEEL BEARING
- (6) DISC BOLT
- (7) BRAKE DISC
- (8) REAR WHEEL NIPPLE

(a) 30 ± 0.5 mm

Frame servicing



(1) AXLE
(2) ADJUSTERS

Installation

Install the rear brake caliper aligning with the caliper slide rail.

Apply thin layer of grease to the axle.

Place the rear wheel between the swingarm being careful not to damage the disc.
Insert the rear axle into the left chain adjuster, side collar and wheel.



(1) AXLE NUT

Apply grease to the axle nut threads and seating surface.
Install the right chain adjuster and axle nut.

Install the drive chain.

If the master link retaining clip was removed, install the drive chain with the closed end of the clip in the direction of wheel rotation.

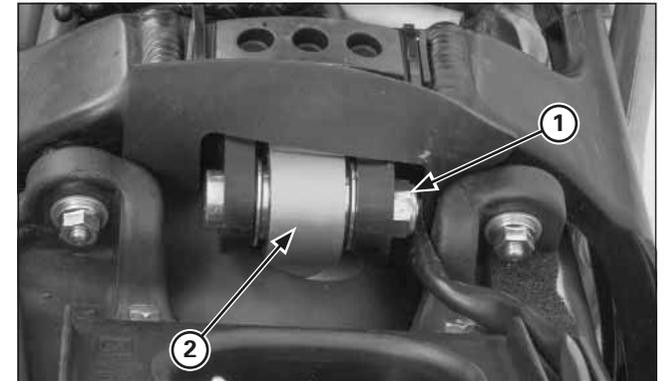
Check and adjust the drive chain slack (page 2-11).

Tighten the axle nut.

Torque: 69 N·m (7.0 kgf·m, 51 lbf·ft)



(1) LOWER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT

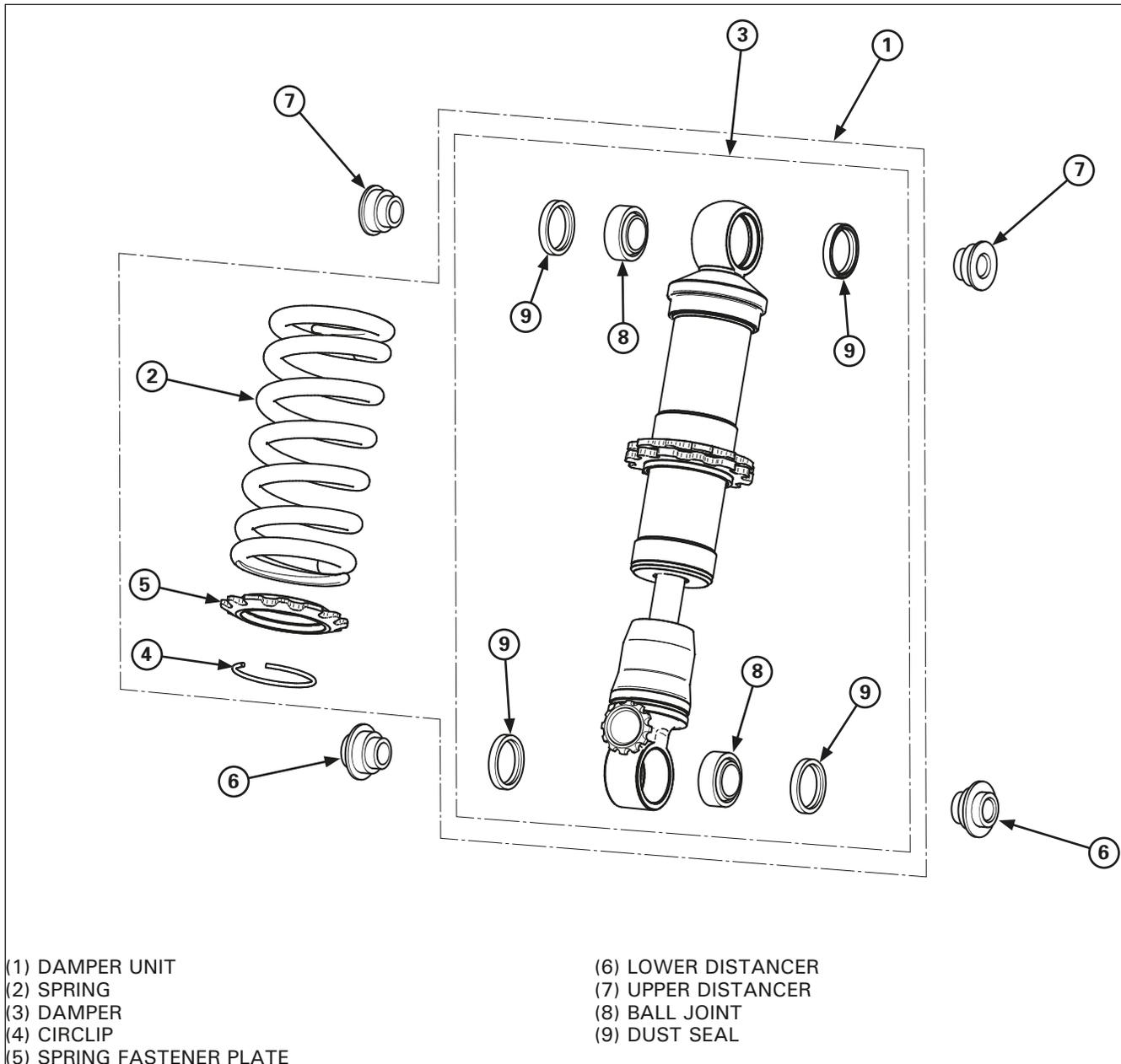


(1) UPPER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT
(2) SHOCK ABSORBER

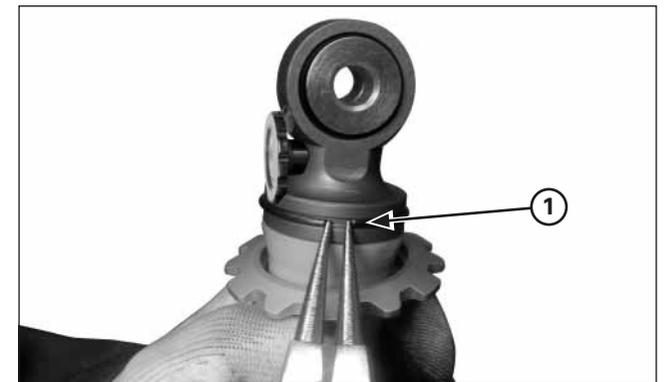
Shock Absorber

Removal

Remove the seat box- rear fender assy
Remove the air cleaner housing.
Raise the rear wheel off the ground and support it with a block or maintenance stand under the engine.
Remove the shock absorber lower mounting bolt/nut.
Remove the upper mounting bolt/nut and shock absorber.



(1) SPANNER WRENCH



(1) CIRCLIP

Removal

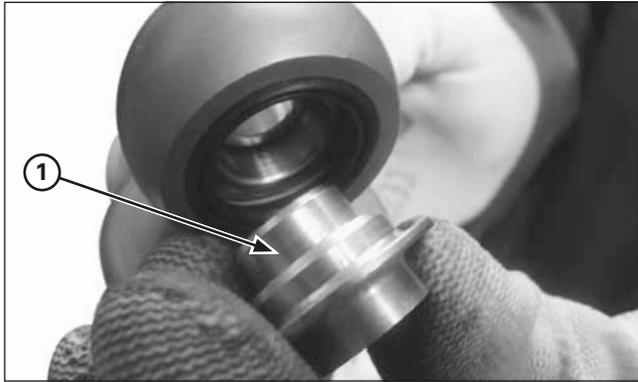
Secure the damper in a bench vise

Loosen the lock nut and the spring adjuster using the spanner wrench (07702-0020001).

Move the spring up next to the fastener plate.

Remove the Seeger fastener ring and remove the spring plate and the spring from the damper body.

Frame servicing



(1) DISTANCE COLLAR

Remove the distance collar.

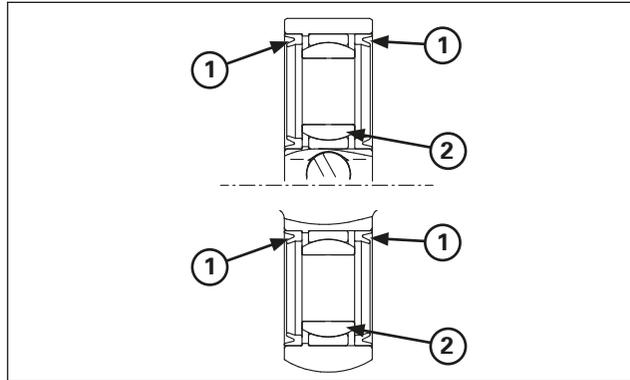
Remove the stopper ring, spring seat and spring.

Inspection

Check the following items:

- Upper and lower spherical bearing for wear or damage
- Spring for damage and measure the free length
- Damper for oil leakage from the damper rod

Replace the damper unit if an oil leak is detected.



(1) DUST SEALS
(2) SPHERICAL BEARING

Spherical Bearing Replacement

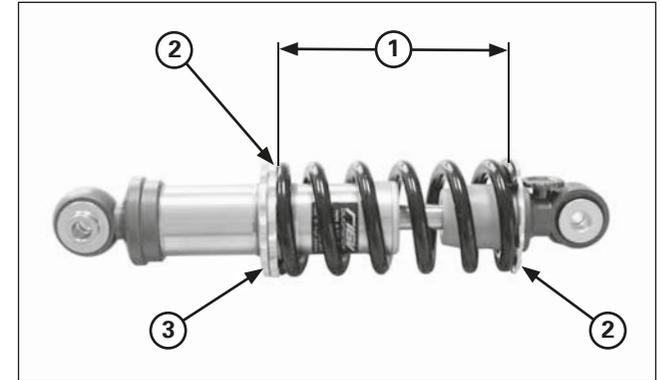
Remove the collars and dust seals.
Check the spherical bearing for smooth rotation or damage.

Remove the stop ring
Press the spherical bearing out using the special tool.

Tool:
Spherical bearing driver 07HMF-KS60100

Press a new spherical bearing into the shock absorber pivot until its seats using same tool.
Install the new stop ring into the groove.

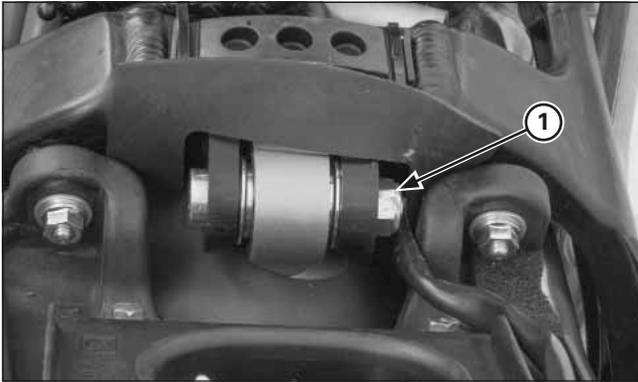
Apply grease to the dust seal lips.
Install the dust seals and collars.



(1) PRE-LOAD LENGTH
(2) ADJUSTER
(3) LOCK NUT

Adjust the spring pre-load length (page 1-4).
Hold the spring adjuster and tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

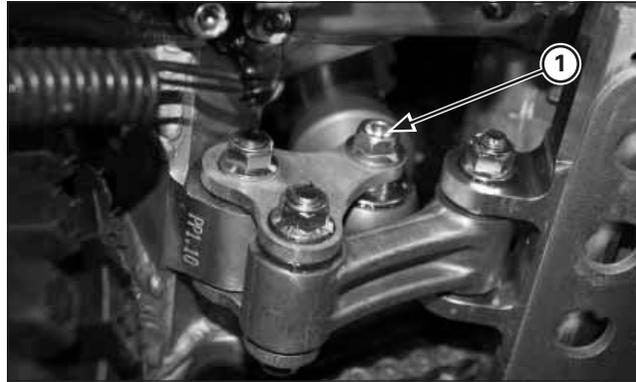
Torque:
Tightening angle $50^{\circ} \pm 10$ after contact between nuts



(1) UPPER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT

Installation

Set the shock absorber into the frame and install the upper mounting bolt from the left side. Install the nut.

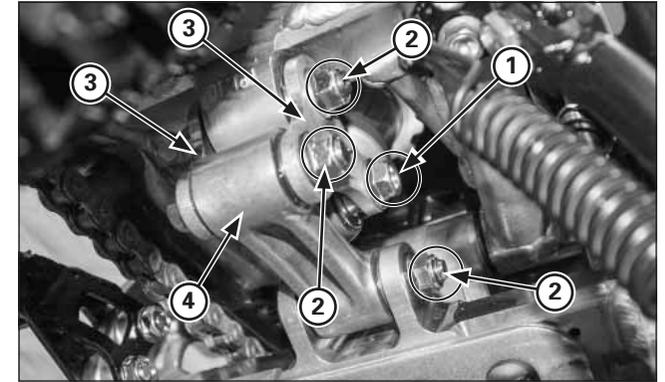


(1) LOWER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT

Move the swingarm aligning the lower mount, then install the lower mounting bolt from the right side.

Install and tighten the upper and lower mounting nuts to the specified torque.

Torque:
Upper mounting bolt: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m, 29 lbf·ft)
Lower mounting bolt: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m, 29 lbf·ft)



(1) LOWER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT
 (2) BOLTS/NUTS
 (3) CUSHION ARM PLATES
 (4) CUSHION LINK

Shock Linkage

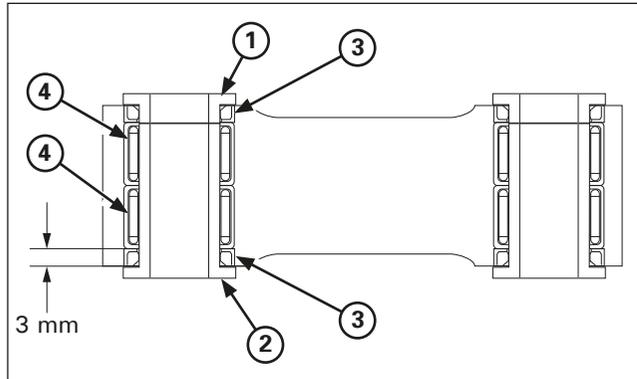
Removal

Raise the rear wheel off the ground with a block or maintenance stand under the engine.

Remove the following:

- Rear cushion lower mounting bolt/nut
- Cushion arm plate-to-cushion link bolt/nut
- Cushion arm plates-to-swingarm bolt/nut
- Cushion arm plates
- Cushion link-to-frame socket bolt/nut
- Cushion link

Frame servicing



- (1) PIVOT COLLAR A
- (2) PIVOT COLLAR B
- (3) DUST SEALS
- (4) NEEDLE BEARINGS

Needle Bearing Replacement

Remove the pivot collars and dust seals.
Check the cushion link needle bearings for damage.

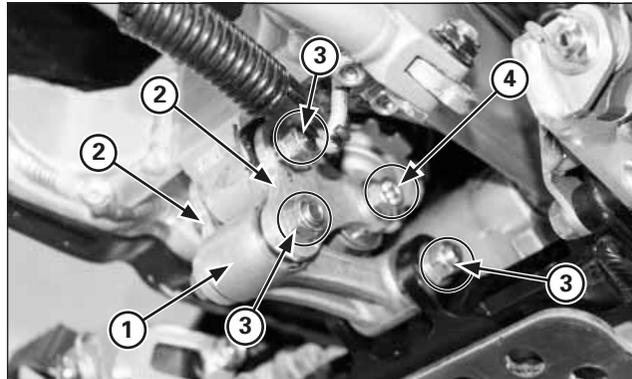
Remove the cushion link needle bearings using the special tool.

Tool:
Bearing driver **07946-MJ00000**

Press new needle bearings into the cushion link to 3 mm (0.12 in) below the surface of the cushion link using the special tool, on both sides.
Face the bearing with its marked side facing out.

Tool:
Bearing driver **07946-MJ00000**

Apply multi-purpose grease to the collars and dust seal lips.
Install the dust seals and pivot collars.



- (1) CUSHION LINK
- (2) CUSHION ARM PLATES
- (3) BOLTS/NUTS
- (4) LOWER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT

Installation

Install the following:

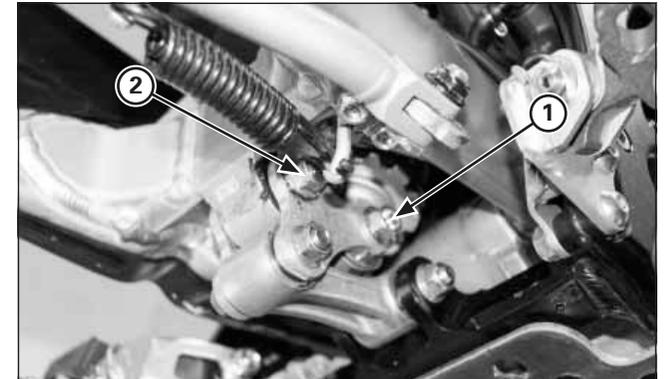
- Cushion link
- Cushion link-to-frame socket bolt/nut
- Cushion arm plates
- Cushion arm plates-to-swingarm bolt/nut
- Cushion arm plate-to-cushion link bolt/nut
- Rear cushion lower mounting bolt/nut

Tighten the cushion arm plate and cushion link nuts to the specified torque.

Torque: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m, 29 lbf·ft)

Tighten the rear cushion lower mounting nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m, 29 lbf·ft)



- (1) SHOCK ABSORBER LOWER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT
- (2) SHOCK ARM PLATES-TO-SWINGARM BOLT/NUT

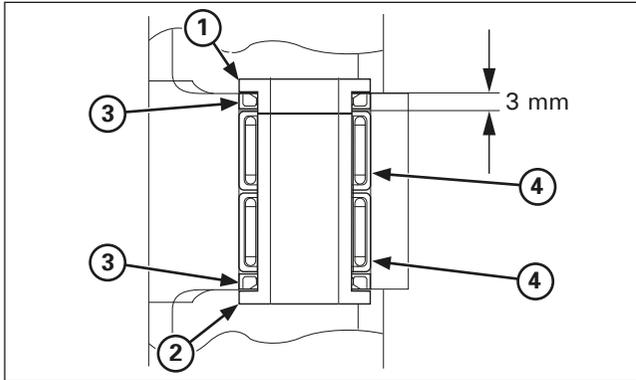
Swingarm

Removal

Remove the following:

- Rear wheel (page 4-14)
- Shock absorber lower mounting bolt/nut
- Cushion arm plates-to-swingarm bolt/nut

Frame servicing



- (1) PIVOT COLLAR A
- (2) PIVOT COLLAR B
- (3) DUST SEALS
- (4) NEEDLE BEARING

Link Bearing Replacement

Remove the pivot collars and dust seals.
Remove the pivot bearings using the special tool.

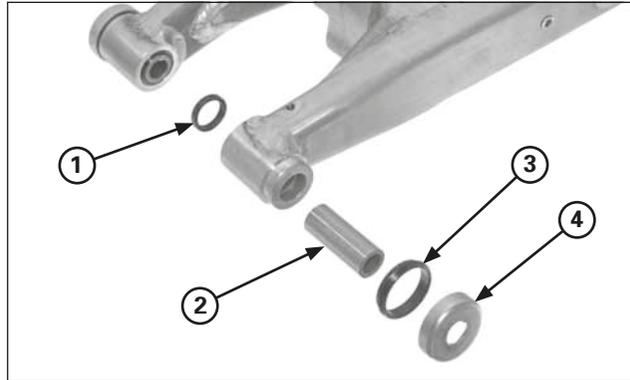
Tool:
Bearing driver **07946-MJ00000**

Press a new pivot bearing in using the special tools .

Tool:
Bearing driver **07946-MJ00000**

Face the bearing with its marked side facing out.
Press the needle bearing so that it is 3.0 mm (0.12 in)
below the swingarm end.

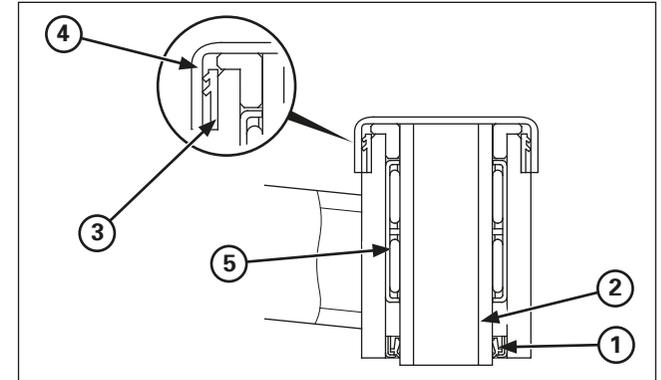
Install the dust seals and pivot collars.



- (1) DUST SEAL
- (2) PIVOT COLLAR
- (3) DUST SEAL
- (4) DUST SEAL CAP

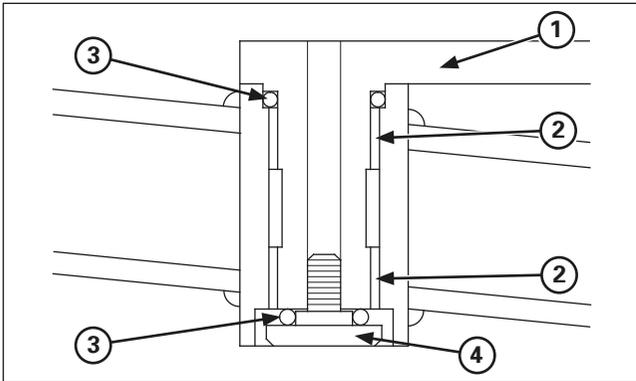
Assembly

Apply grease to the bearings, pivot collars and lips of a
new dust seals.



- (1) DUST SEAL
- (2) PIVOT COLLAR
- (3) DUST SEAL
- (4) DUST SEAL CAP
- (5) NEEDLE BEARING

Install the pivot collars, dust seals and dust seal caps.
Note the direction of the dust seal.



- (1) CHAIN TENSIONER
- (2) BUSHINGS
- (3) O-RINGS
- (4) PIVOT BOLT

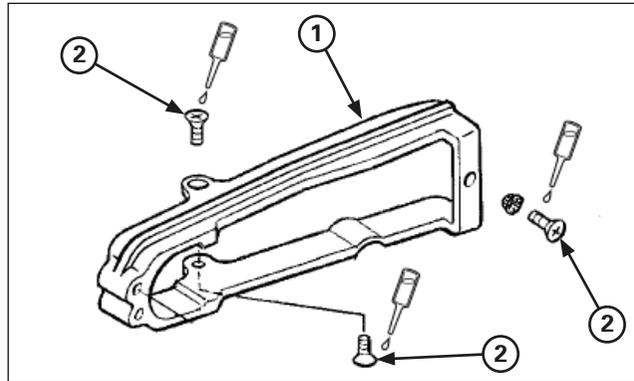
Apply grease to the pivot chain tensioner, bushings and O-rings.

Install the drive chain tensioner pivot bushings into the swingarm.

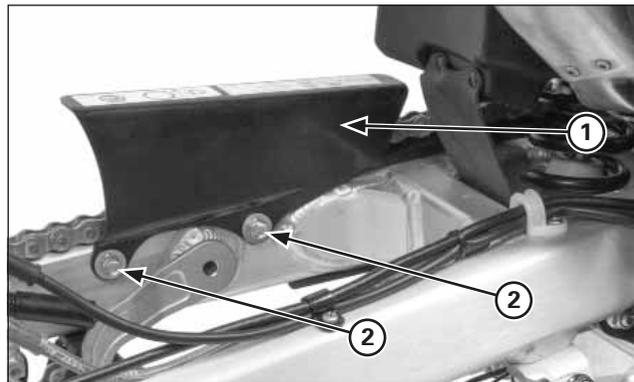
Install a new O-ring onto the chain tensioner pivot.

Install the chain tensioner into the swingarm.

Install a new O-ring and tighten the pivot bolt.



- (1) DRIVE CHAIN SLIDER
- (2) SCREWS

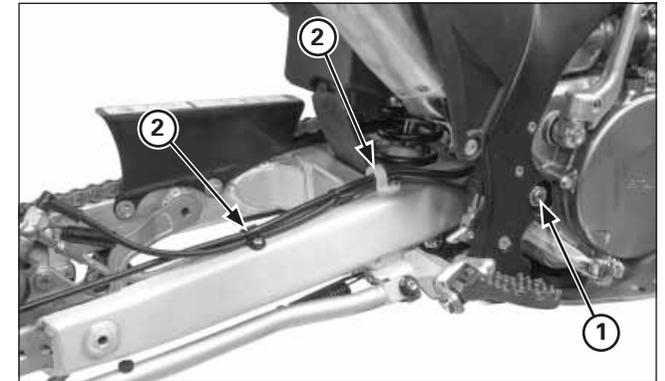


- (1) DRIVE CHAIN GUARD
- (2) SCREWS

Install the drive chain sliders onto the swingarm.
Apply a locking agent to the drive chain slider screw threads and tighten the screw.

Install the drive chain guard and tighten the bolts.

Torque: 0.6-0.7 N·m (0.06-0.07 kgf·m)



- (1) PIVOT BOLT/NUT
- (2) HOSE CLAMPS

Installation

Apply thin coat of grease to the swingarm pivot bolt surface.

Install the swingarm into the frame.

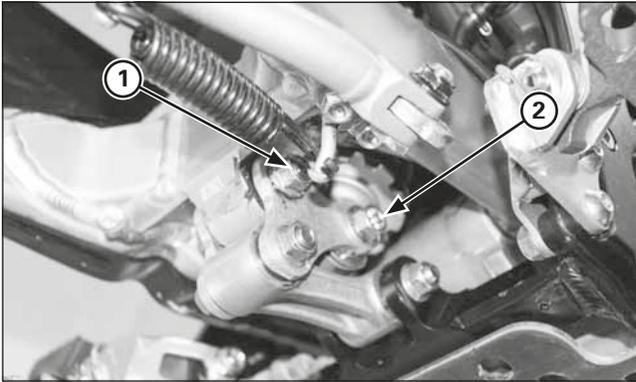
Install the swingarm pivot bolt from the left side.

Install and tighten the swingarm pivot nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 69 N·m (7.0 kgf·m, 51 lbf·ft)

Install the brake caliper onto the swingarm rail.
Install the brake hose clamps and tighten the screws.

Frame servicing



- (1) SHOCK ARM PLATES-TO-SWINGARM BOLT/NUT
(2) SHOCK ABSORBER LOWER MOUNTING BOLT/NUT

Install the following:

- Shock arm plates-to-swingarm bolt/nut
- Rear cushion lower mounting bolt/nut

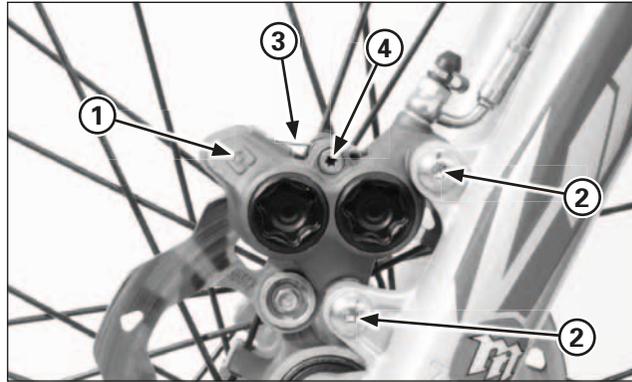
Tighten the shock arm plate bolt.

Torque: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m, 29 lbf·ft)

Tighten the shock absorber lower mounting bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m, 29 lbf·ft)

Install the rear wheel (page 4-16)



- (1) CALIPER
(2) BOLTS
(3) PAD SPRING
(4) PAD PIN

Front Brake Pad Replacement

Clean the brake disc with a high quality degreasing agent if they are contaminated with oil or grease. Replace the pads if they are contaminated.

Remove the brake caliper mounting bolts.
Remove the pad pin.
Remove the spring from the pads.

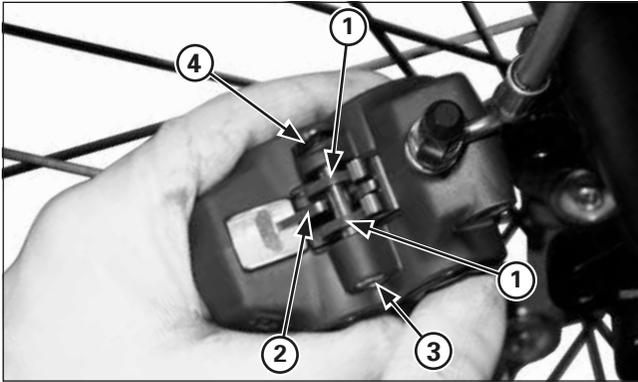


Push the pistons all the way in to allow installation of new brake pads.

Check the brake fluid level in the reservoir as this operation causes the level to rise.

Remove the brake pads.

Clean the brake caliper inside especially around the caliper pistons.



- (1) NEW PADS
- (2) PAD SPRING
- (3) PIN
- (4) CIRCLIP

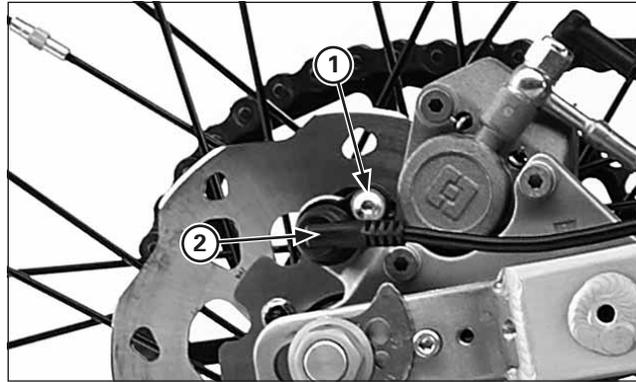
Install the new pads, the spring from the pads and secure with the pad pin.

Torque: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 lbf·ft)

Install the caliper to the fork so the disc is positioned between the pads, being careful not to damage the pads. Apply a locking agent to the caliper mounting bolt threads. Install and tighten the mounting bolts.

Torque: 26 N·m (2.7 kgf·m, 20 lbf·ft)

Operate the brake lever to seat the caliper pistons against the pads.



- (1) BOLT
- (2) SPEED SENSOR
- (3) SPEED SENSOR BRACKET

Rear Brake Pad Replacement

Clean the brake disc with a high quality degreasing agent if they are contaminated with oil or grease. Replace the pads if they are contaminated.

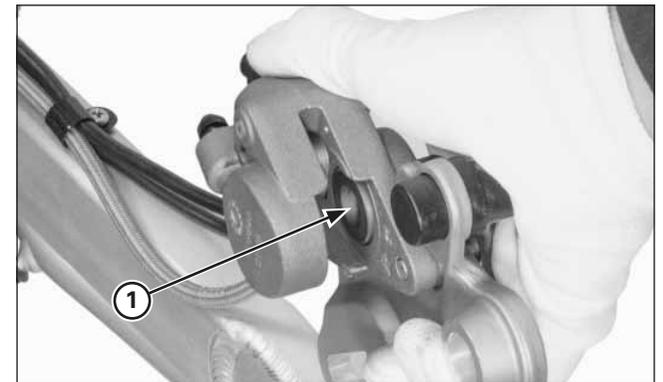
NOTICE

*Before replacing the rear brake pads, remove the speed sensor.
The speed sensor may be damaged if struck or pulled.*

Speed sensor removal (2ED)

- Remove the following:
- Speed sensor bolt
 - Remove the sensor from the sensor mount.

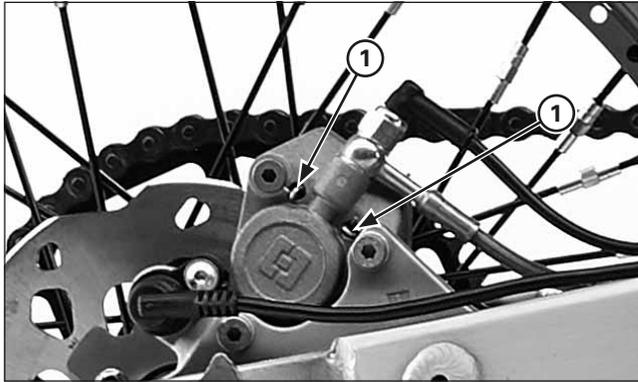
Detach the speed sensor from the rear brake calliper for easier removal.



- (1) CALIPER PISTON

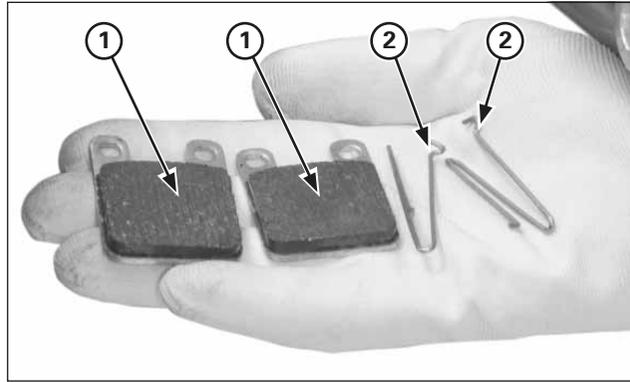
Remove the rear wheel (page 4-14)
Push the piston all the way in to allow installation of new brake pads.
Check the brake fluid level in the reservoir as this operation causes the level to rise.

Frame servicing



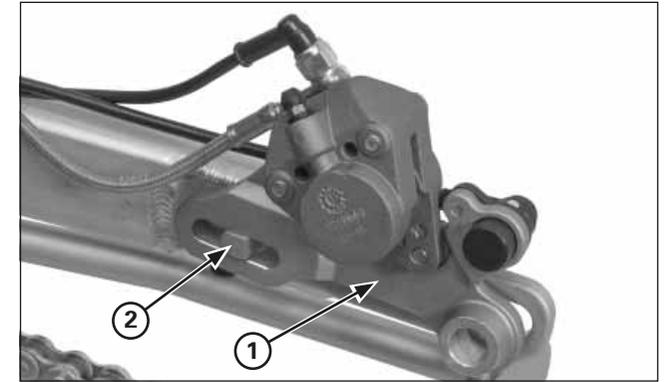
(1) PAD PIN

Remove the pad pin and brake pads.
Clean the brake caliper inside especially around the caliper pistons.



(1) CALIPER BRACKET
(2) PAD PIN

Install the new pads and secure them with the pad pin.



(1) BRAKE CALIPER BRACKET
(2) SWINGARM BOSS

Install the brake caliper bracket aligning its slit with the boss on the swingarm.

Install the rear wheel (page 4-16).
Operate the brake pedal to seat the caliper pistons against the pads.



- (1) OIL BOLT
- (2) MOUNTING BOLTS
- (3) BRAKE CALIPER

Front brake caliper

Removal

NOTICE

*Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts.
Place a shop rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.*

Drain the brake system.
Place a clean container under the caliper.

- Remove the following:
- Brake hose oil bolt
 - Sealing washers
 - Brake hose eyelet
 - Caliper mounting bolts
 - Brake caliper
 - Spring pin for the pads
 - Brake pads (page 4-24)



Inspection

Clean the inside of the caliper.
Check the oil leakage from the caliper cylinders.

If any part of the caliper is damaged, replace the caliper as an assembly.

Installation

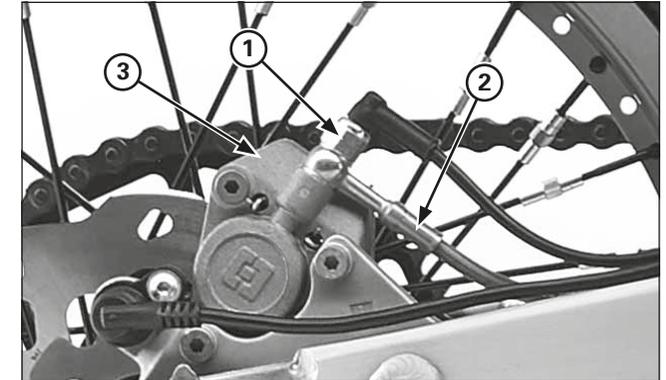
Apply locking agent to the caliper mounting bolt threads.
Install the brake caliper and disc cover, and then install and tighten the caliper mounting bolts.

Torque: 26 N•m (2.7 kgf•m, 20 lbf•ft)

Connect the brake hose eyelet joint with two new sealing washers, then tighten the oil bolt.

Torque: 27 N•m (2.8 kgf•m, 20 lbf•ft)

Bleed the air in the front brake system.



- (1) OIL BOLT / STOP SWITCH
- (2) BRAKE HOSE
- (3) BRAKE CALIPER

Rear brake caliper

Removal

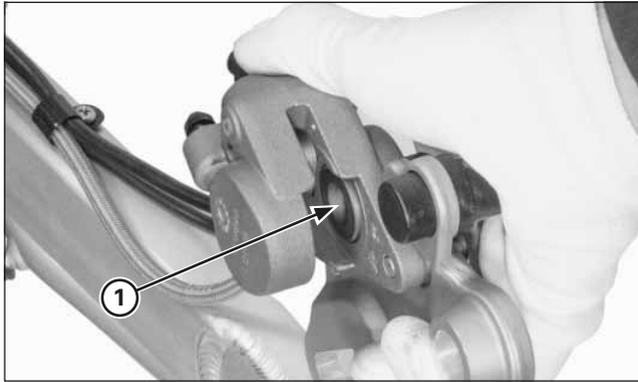
NOTICE

*Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts.
Place a shop rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.*

Drain the brake system.
Place a clean container under the caliper.

- Remove the following:
- Brake hose oil bolt
 - Sealing washers
 - Brake hose eyelet
 - Rear wheel (page 4-14)
 - Brake caliper/bracket
 - Spring pin for the pads
 - Brake pads (page 4-25)

Frame servicing

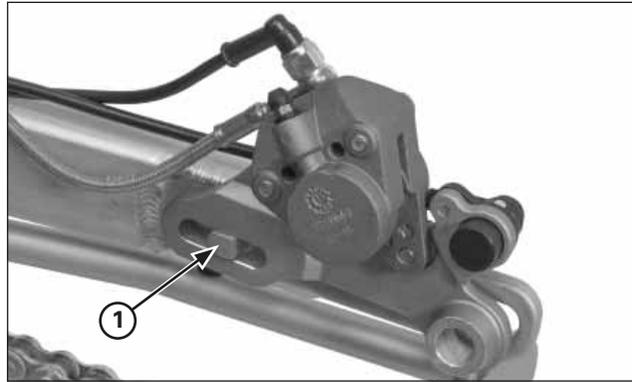


(1) CALIPER PISTON

Inspection

Clean the inside of the caliper.
Check the oil leakage from the caliper cylinder.

If any part of the caliper is damaged, replace the caliper as an assembly.



(1) SWINGARM BOSS

Installation

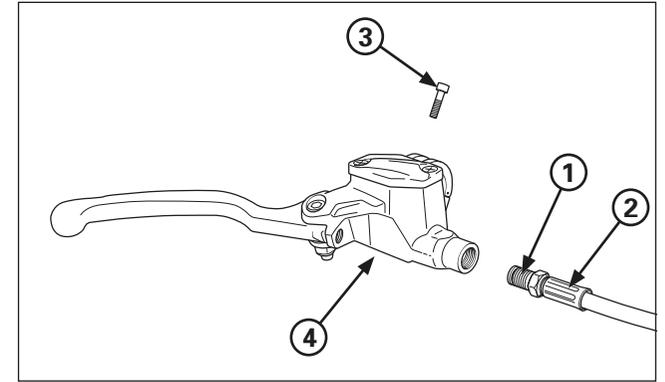
Install the brake caliper onto the swingarm rail.
Connect the brake hose eyelet joint with two new sealing washers.

Install the rear wheel (page 4-16).

Tighten the oil bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 26 N·m (2.7 kgf·m, 20 lbf·ft)

Bleed the air in the rear brake system.



- (1) OIL BOLT
- (2) BRAKE HOSE
- (3) BOLT
- (4) MASTER CYLINDER

Front master cylinder

Removal/Installation

NOTICE

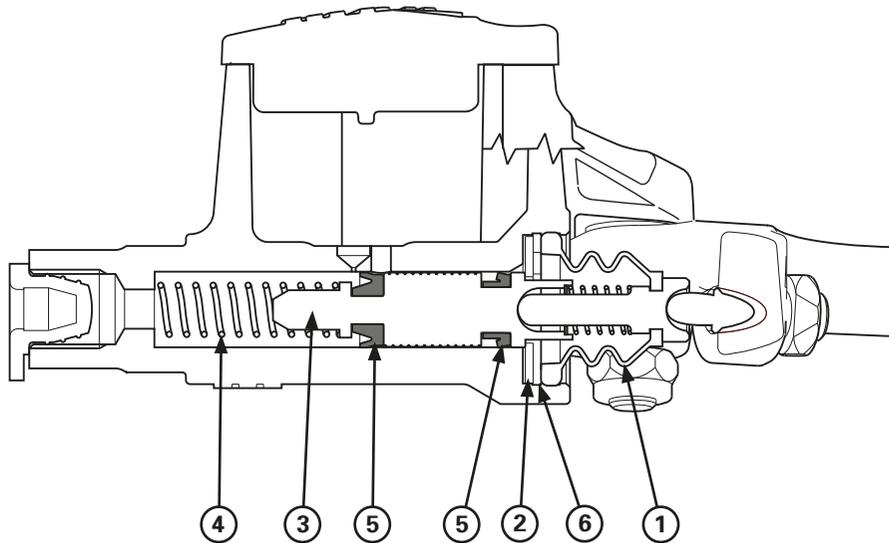
- *Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a shop rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.*
- *When removing the brake hose bolt, cover the end of the hoses to prevent contamination. Secure the hoses to prevent fluid from leaking out.*
-

Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic system into a suitable container.

Remove the following:

- Brake lever
- Brake hose bolt
- Master cylinder holder bolt
- Master cylinder

- (1) BOOT
- (2) SNAP RING
- (3) PISTON ASSEMBLY
- (4) SPRING
- (5) OIL SEAL
- (6) CIRCLIP



Disassembly/Assembly

NOTICE

- *Keep the master cylinder piston, cups, spring and snap ring as a set; don't substitute individual parts.*
- *When installing the cups, do not allow the lips to turn inside out and be certain the snap ring is firmly seating in the groove.*

Remove the snap ring and disassemble the master cylinder.

Inspection

- Check the following items:
- Master cylinder and piston for scoring, scratches or other damage
 - Master piston O.D. and master cylinder I.D.

Installation

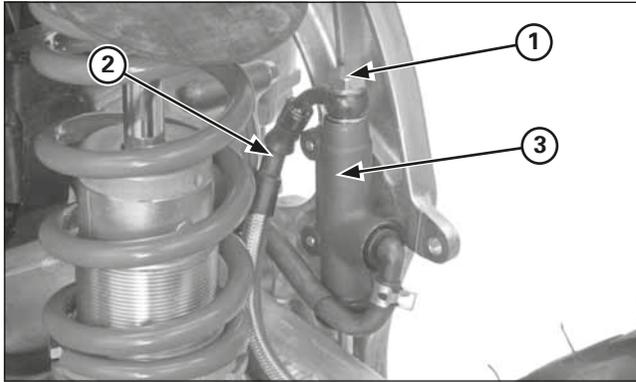
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

- Brake hose oil bolt: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 lbf·ft)**
- Master cylinder holder bolt: 5.5.N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 4.1 lbf·ft)**

Bleed the air in the front brake system.

Frame servicing



- (1) OIL BOLT
- (2) BRAKE HOSE
- (3) MASTER CYLINDER

Rear master cylinder

Removal/Installation

NOTICE

- *Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a shop rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.*
- *When removing the brake hose bolt, cover the end of the hoses to prevent contamination. Secure the hoses to prevent fluid from leaking out.*

Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic system into a suitable container.

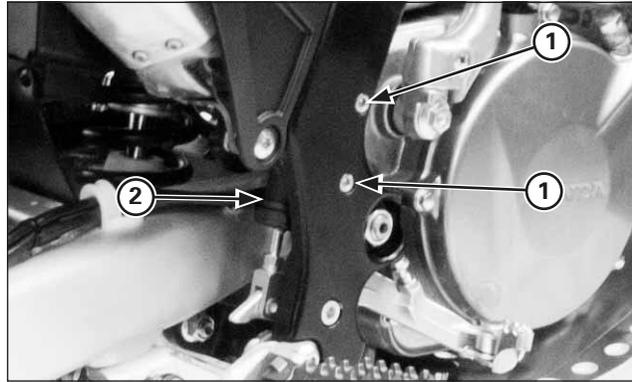
Remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy.

Remove the air cleaner housing.

Remove the exhaust muffler.

Remove the reservoir tank from the bracket.

Remove the brake hose oil bolt and disconnect the brake hose.



- (1) BOLTS
- (2) MASTER CYLINDER

Remove the mounting bolts and master cylinder.

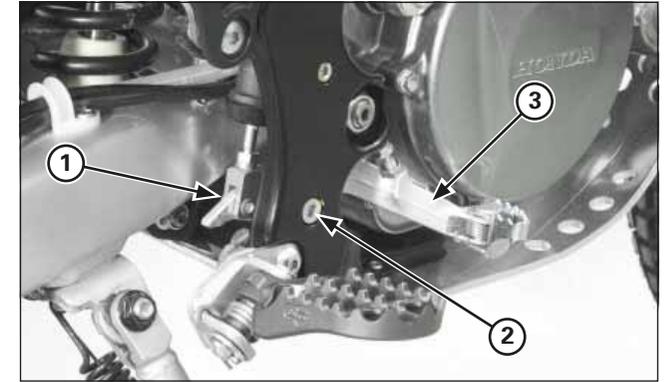
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Connect the brake hose with two new sealing washers, then tighten the oil bolt.

Torque:

Brake hose oil bolt: 26 N·m (2.7 kgf·m, 19.1 lbf·ft)

Bleed the air from the rear brake system.

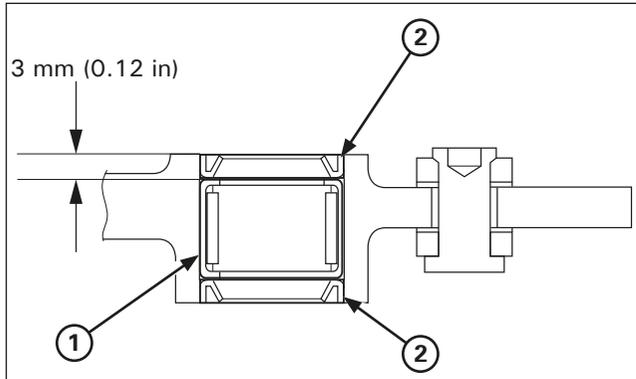


- (1) NUT
- (2) BOLT
- (3) BRAKE PEDAL

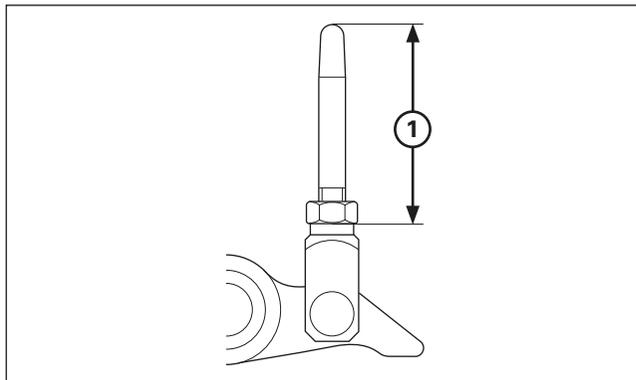
Brake pedal

Removal

Remove the brake pedal pivot nut and bolt.
Remove the brake pedal and collar.



- (1) BEARING
- (2) DUST SEALS



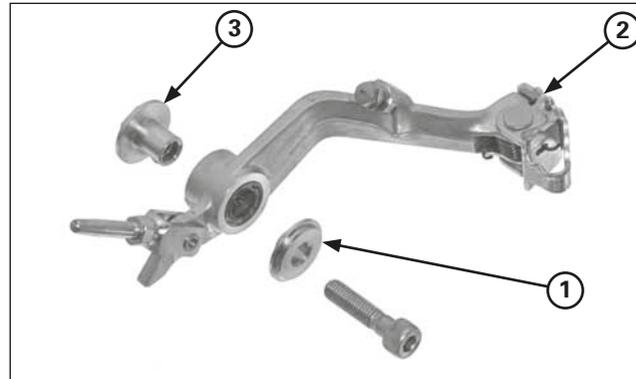
- (1) STANDARD LENGTH; 35 MM

Pivot Bearing Replacement

Remove the dust seals.

Remove the pivot bearing and press a new needle bearing so that it is 3 mm (0.12 in) below the pedal end. Apply grease inside needle bearing

Adjust the brake pedal height by loosening the lock nut and turning the push rod.
Push rod height must be adjusted between 32.5–37.5 mm.

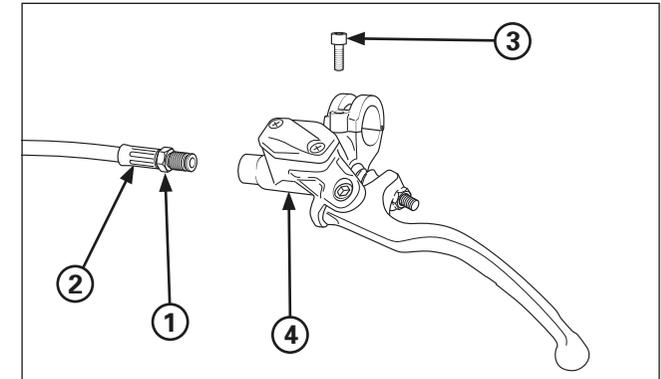


- (1) COLLAR B
- (2) PEDAL
- (3) NUT/COLLAR A

Installation

Install the brake pedal and collars.
Install and tighten the pivot nut and bolt.
Apply sealant to the threads of pivot bolt.

Torque: 29 N•m (3.0 kgf•m, 22 lbf•ft)



- (1) OIL BOLT
- (2) BRAKE HOSE
- (3) BOLT
- (4) MASTER CYLINDER

Clutch master cylinder

Removal/Installation

NOTICE

- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a shop rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
- When removing the clutch hose bolt, cover the end of the hose to prevent contamination. Secure the hose to prevent fluid from leaking out.

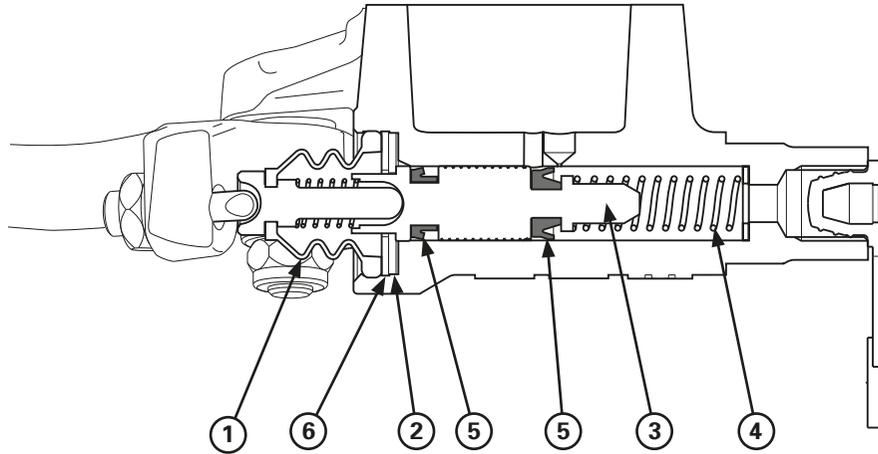
Drain the clutch fluid from the hydraulic system into a suitable container.

Remove the following:

- Clutch lever
- Clutch hose bolt
- Master cylinder holder bolt
- Master cylinder

Frame servicing

- (1) BOOT
- (2) SNAP RING
- (3) PISTON ASSEMBLY
- (4) SPRING
- (5) OIL SEAL
- (6) CIRCLIP



Disassembly/Assembly

NOTICE

- *Keep the master cylinder piston, cups, spring and snap ring as a set; don't substitute individual parts.*
- *When installing the cups, do not allow the lips to turn inside out and be certain the snap ring is firmly seating in the groove.*

Remove the snap ring and disassemble the master cylinder.

Inspection

Check the following items:

- Master cylinder and piston for scoring, scratches or other damage
- Master piston O.D. and master cylinder I.D.

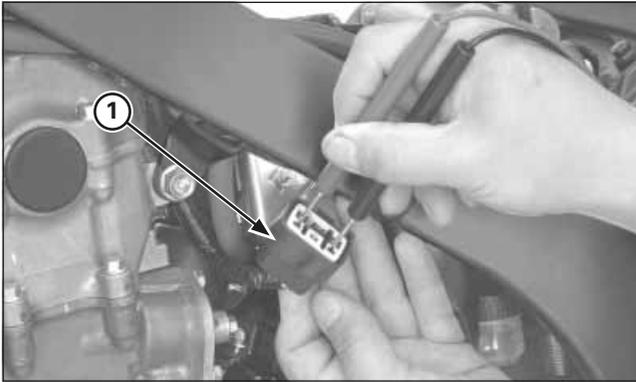
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

Brake hose oil bolt: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 lbf·ft)
Master cylinder holder bolt: 5.5 N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 4.0 lbf·ft)

Bleed the air from the clutch system.



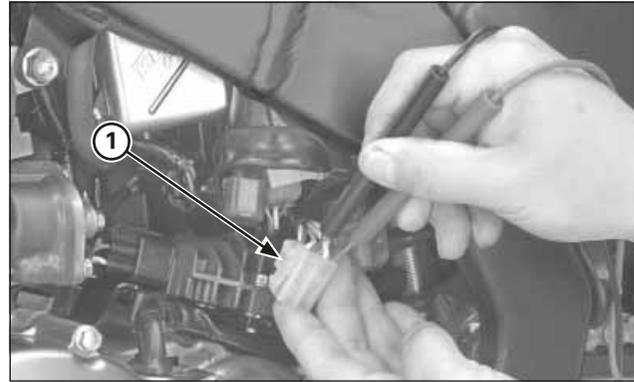
(1) 6P (BLACK) CONNECTOR

Charging system inspection

Alternator charging coil

Disconnect the regulator rectifier 6P (Black) connector. Measure the resistance between the Yellow terminals of the wire harness side.

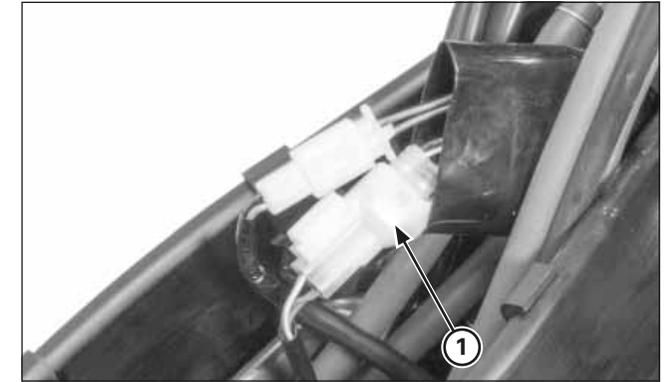
Standard: 0.7 – 1.0 Ω (20°C/68°F)



(1) 3P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

If the resistance is out of specification, disconnect the alternator 3P (Natural) connector and measure the resistance between the yellow terminals of the alternator side connector.

If the measured resistance at regulator/rectifier 6P (Black) connector is incorrect and the alternator 3P (Natural) connector is correct, check the wire harness. If the resistance is still out of specification, replace the stator assembly.



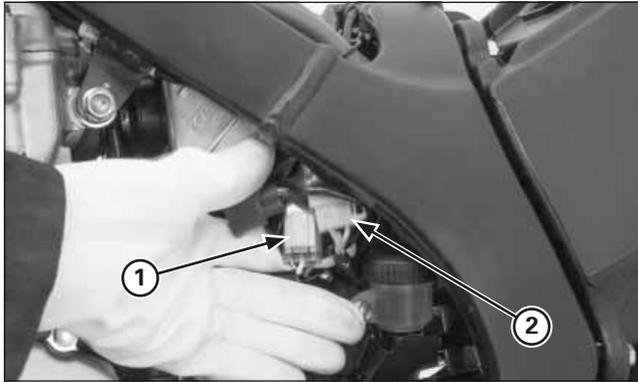
(1) 4P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

Regulated Voltage Inspection

Disconnect the power 4P (Natural) connector. Connect the digital voltmeter to the Red (+) and Green (-) terminals. Start the engine, check for regulated voltage.

Standard: 13.5 – 14.5 V/1,800 min-1 (rpm)

Electrical servicing

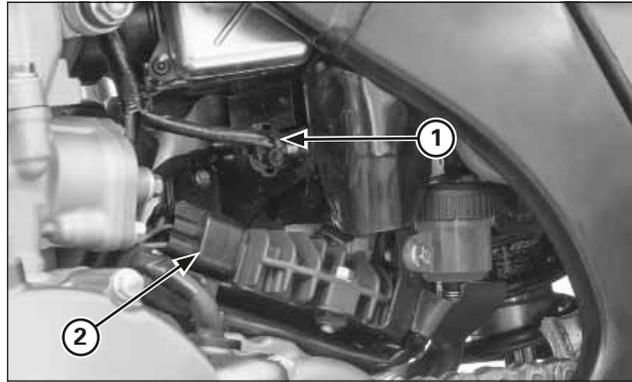


- (1) 2P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR
- (2) 3P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

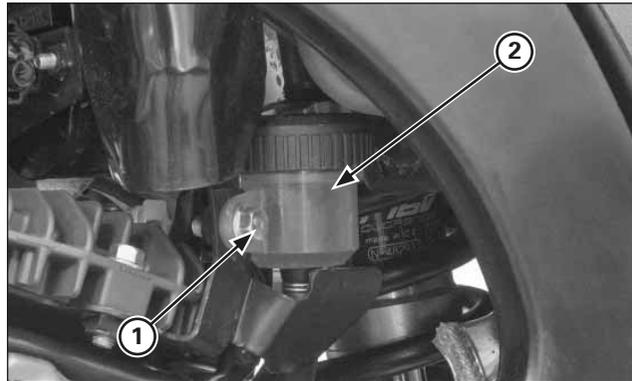
Regulator/Rectifier Removal/installation

Remove the throttle body (page 3-14).

Disconnect the alternator 3P (Natural) connector and ignition pulse generator 2P (Natural) connector.



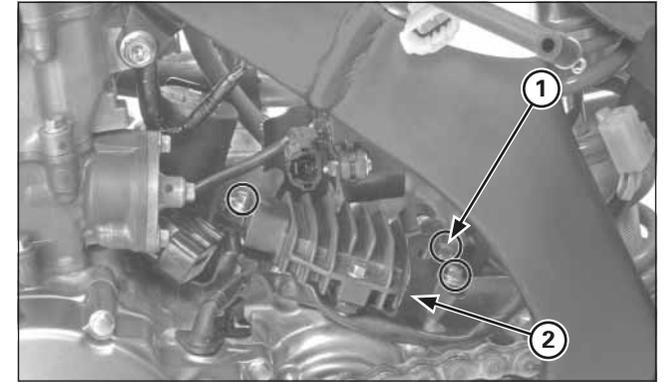
- (1) 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
- (2) 6P (BLACK) CONNECTOR



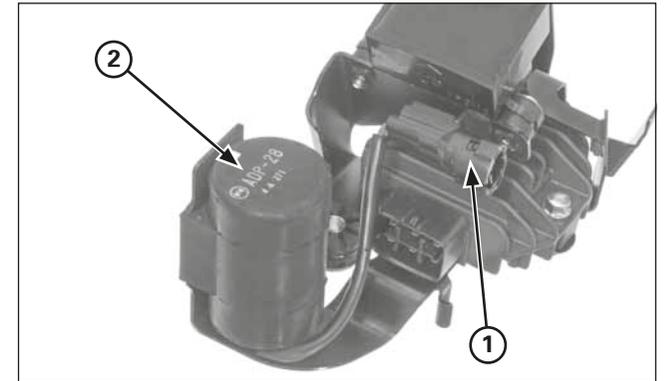
- (1) BOLT
- (2) BRAKE RESERVOIR

Disconnect the condenser 2P (Black) and regulator/rectifier 6P (Black) connector.

Remove the rear brake reservoir tank mounting bolt.



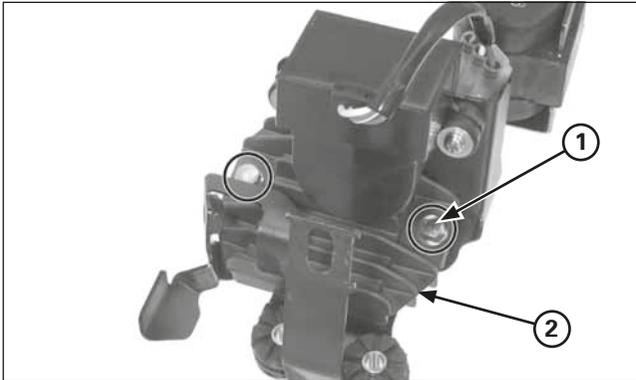
- (1) BOLTS
- (2) ELECTRIC STAY ASSEMBLY



- (1) 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
- (2) CONDENSER

Remove the electric stay mounting bolts, then remove the stay assembly from the engine.

Release the condenser 2P (Black) connector, then remove the condenser from the electric stay.

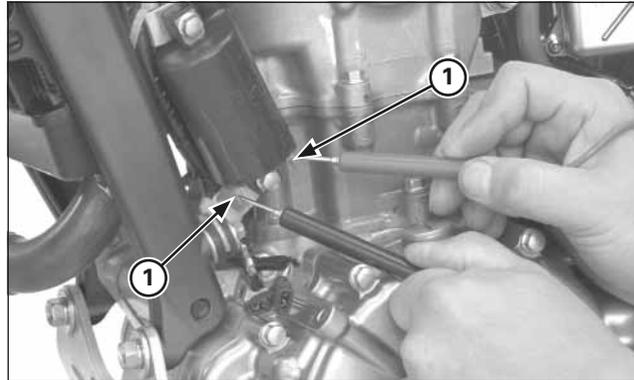


(1) BOLTS
(2) REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

Remove the bolts and regulator/rectifier from the electric stay.

Install the regulator/rectifier and condenser in the reverse order of removal.

Install the rest of the components in the reverse order of disassembly.



(1) PRIMARY TERMINALS

Ignition system inspection

Ignition coil inspection

Disconnect the wires from the ignition coil of the terminals and measure the ignition primary coil resistance between the primary terminals.

Standard: 2.6 - 3.2 Ω (20°C/68°F)

Measure the secondary coil resistance.

Standard:

With plug cap:	17.3 - 22.8 kΩ (20°C/68°F)
Without plug cap:	13.5 - 16.5 kΩ (20°C/68°F)

Replace the ignition coil if the resistance is out of specification.



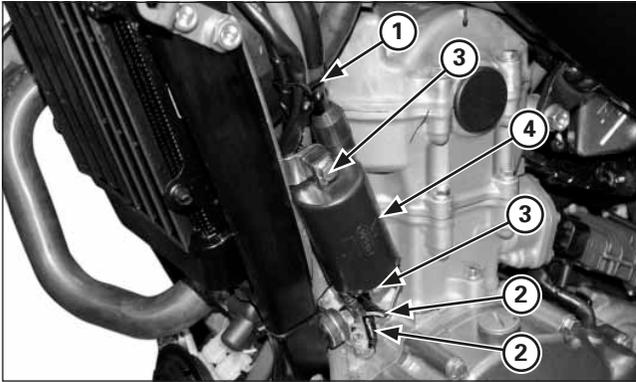
(1) SPARK PLUG CAP
(2) TIE-WRAP

Ignition coil Removal/Installation

Remove the fuel tank/injector assembly.

Remove the spark plug cap.
Remove the tie-wrap and release the spark plug wire from the fan motor bracket.

Electrical servicing

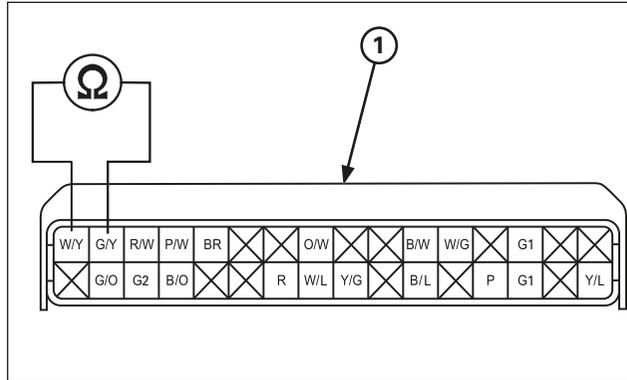


- (1) WIRE CLAMP
- (2) PRIMARY WIRES
- (3) BOLTS
- (4) IGNITION COIL

Remove the wire clamp.

Disconnect the primary wires from the ignition coil.
Remove the mounting bolts and ignition coil.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
Route the spark plug wire properly and secure it with tiewrap.

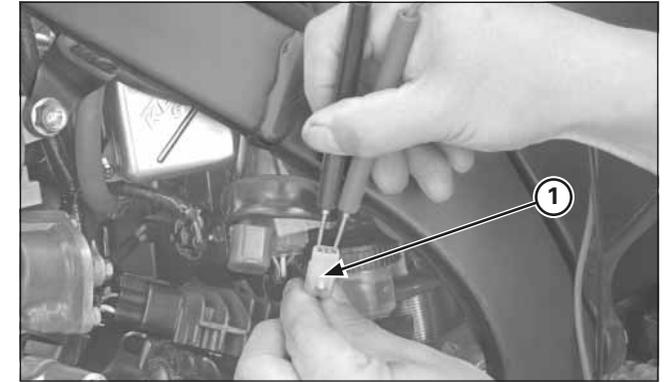


(1) 32P (BLACK) CONNECTOR

Ignition Pulse Generator Inspection

Check the ignition pulse generator resistance at the ECM 32P (Black) connector (page 5-5).

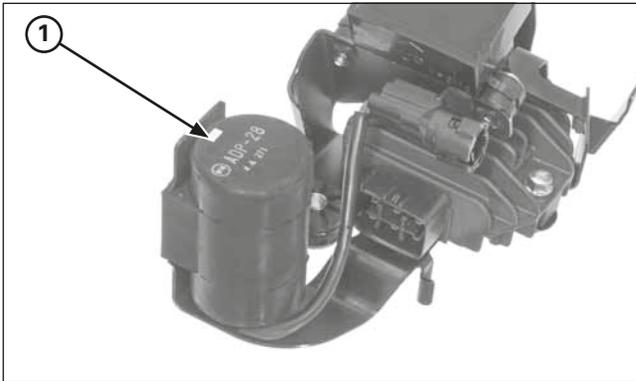
Connection: White/yellow – Green/yellow
Standard: 85 - 115 Ω (20°C/68°F)



(1) 2P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

If the resistance is out of specification, measure the resistance at the ignition pulse generator 2P (Natural) connector.

If the measured resistance at ECM 32P (Black) connector is incorrect and the ignition pulse generator 2P (Natural) connector is correct, check the wire harness.
If the resistance is still out of standard, replace the ignition pulse generator/stator assembly (page 3-53).



(1) CONDENSER

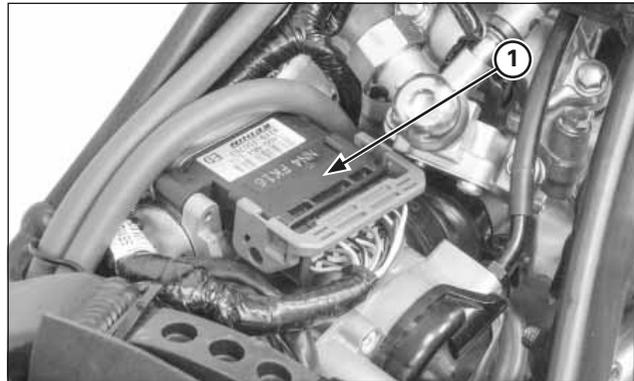
Condenser Inspection

If the engine does not start, check for the items “engine does not start” in the PGM-FI Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) Failure Code chart on page 5-9.

If all items are correct, replace the condenser unit with new one, and inspect again.

If the engine starts, the replaced condenser is faulty.

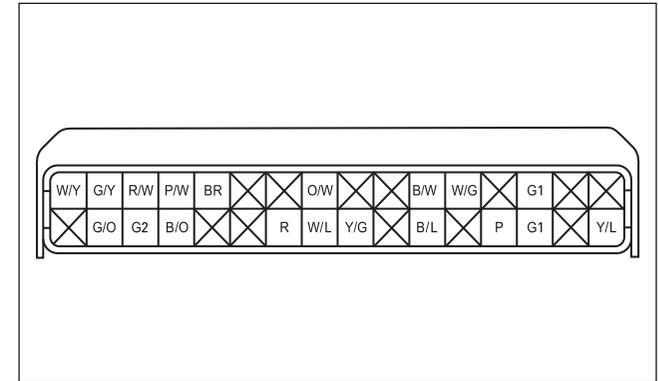
If the engine does not starts, check for wire harness.



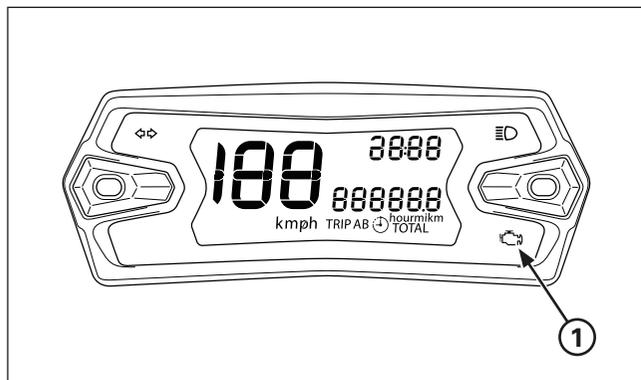
(1) 32P (BLACK) CONNECTOR

PGM-FI System inspection

Place the motorcycle upright position and remove the seat, front covers, side covers and the seat-rear fender assy. Disconnect the ECM 32P (Black) connector. Check for the following at the ECM terminals of the wire harness side.



Item	Terminal	Standard
Ignition pulse generator	G/Y – W/Y	85 – 115 Ω (20 °C/68 °F)
Ignition coil (primary coil)	Y/L – R	2.6 – 3.2 Ω (20 °C/68 °F)
INJ (Injector)	P – R	11.1 – 12.3 Ω (20 °C/68 °F)
Engine stop switch	B/W – Ground	Continuity exist only when switch is pushed
ECT (Engine Coolant Temperature) sensor	P/W – G/O	2.3 – 2.6 kΩ (20 °C/68 °F)
Sensor ground	G1 – Ground	Continuity
Power ground	G1 – Ground	Continuity



(1) MALFUNCTION INDICATOR (MIL)

PGM-FI

NOTICE

If the MIL indicator comes on while driving, you may have a problem with the PGM-FI electronic injection system.

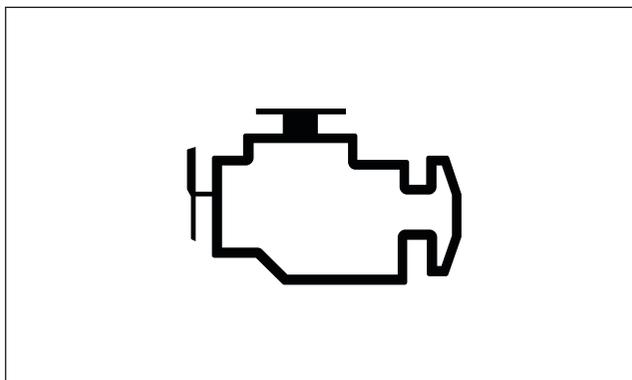
Slow down and stop the motorcycle in a safe place.

Re-start the motorcycle.

If the MIL indicator is still on after 5 seconds, inspect the motorcycle at your Montesa dealer as soon as possible.

OBD system (diagnosis system)

This motorcycle complies with the Euro 4 standard and with the OBD diagnosis system phase1. The existing PGM-FI injection system is equipped with a self-diagnosis system. When there is an anomaly in the injection system, the engine control module (ECM) turns on the engine trouble indicator (MIL) and stores an error code (DTC) in its memory. With the OBD diagnosis system, a generic diagnostic tool (DST) available in shops can be connected to consult and clear the DTC error codes and the frozen data.

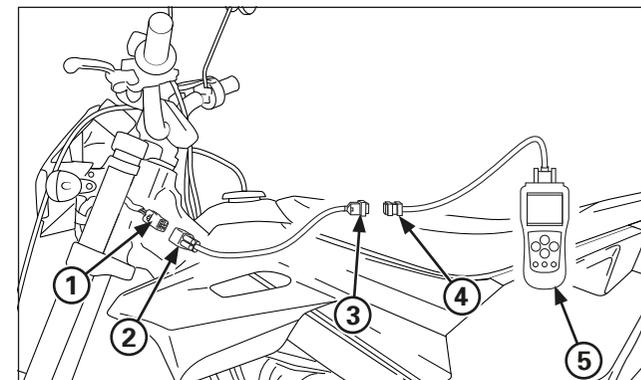


Fail-safe function

The PGM-FI system is provided with a fail-safe function to secure a minimum running capability even when there is trouble in the system. When any abnormality is detected by the self-diagnosis function, running capability is maintained by pre-programmed value in the simulated program map. When any abnormality is detected in the injector, the fail-safe function stops the engine to protect it from damage.

MIL Check

When the engine is started the MIL will stay on for 5 seconds and then go off. If the MIL does not come off, troubleshoot DTC code. If the MIL does not come on, troubleshoot the MIL circuit.



(1) 4P OBD (RED)

(2) 4P CONNECTOR

(3) 16P CONNECTOR

(4) OBD CONNECTOR

(5) DST

Connection of a generic diagnostic tool (DST)

The DTC error codes read by the generic diagnostic tool (DST), follow the format of the ISO standard and the connector of the DST is also the 16-pin of the ISO standard. Therefore, in order to connect the generic diagnosis tool (DST) to the motorcycle, it is necessary to use an adapter (reference 070MZ-K530101) for the 4-pin OBD connector (red), which is located behind the headlight housing. To use the DST, refer to the instruction manual included with the purchased model.

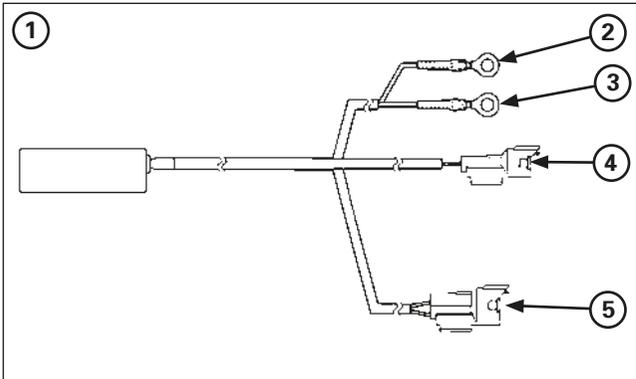
Connect the diagnostic tool (DST) as shown in the illustration and start the motorcycle.

Check the active DTC codes and confirm the error code in the code list on page "MIL and DTC (ISO) error codes of the PGM-FI electronic injection system" on page 6-9.

Stop the motorcycle and solve the fault.

Start the motorcycle and with the help of the DST proceed to erase the fault codes stored in the speedometer.

Once the speedometer failure codes have been eliminated with the DST, even if it is not necessary, it is recommended to also delete the codes stored in the ECM (see page 6-7).



- (1) PGM WARNING UNIT ASSEMBLY
- (2) RED WIRE EYELET
- (3) GREEN WIRE EYELET
- (4) 2P (BLACK) CONNECTOR
- (5) 4P (RED) CONNECTOR

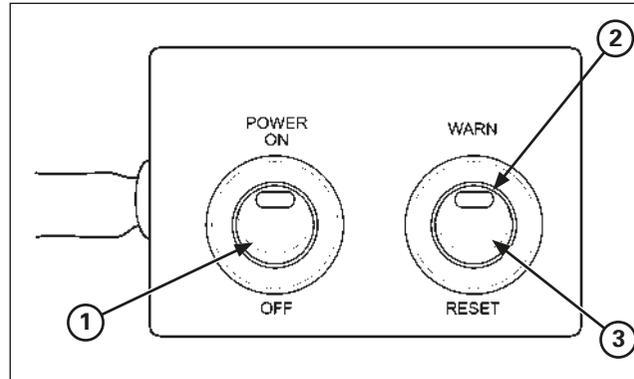
DTC readout procedure

- Disconnect the fuel pump 2P (Black) connector.
- Disconnect the condenser 2P (Black) connector and connect the warning unit 2P (Black) connector to the wire harness side.

Tool:

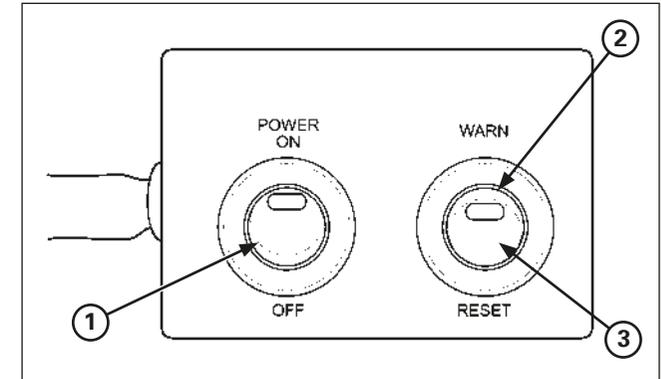
PGM-FI warning unit assembly 38880-NN4-H00

- Make sure PGM-FI warning unit assembly power switch is in OFF position.
- Connect the warning unit 4P (Red) connector to the service check 4P (Red) connector.
- Connect the fully charged 12 V battery to the warning unit terminals (red wire eyelet to the battery positive terminal and green wire eyelet to the negative terminal).



- (1) POWER SWITCH
- (2) MIL
- (3) WARN/RESET SWITCH

- Turn the PGM warning unit "WARN/RESET" switch to the warning side as shown.
- Turn the power switch ON, check that the MIL.
- If the ECM has no self diagnosis memory data, the MIL will illuminate, when you turn the power switch ON.
- If the ECM has self diagnosis memory data, the MIL will start blinking when you turn the power switch ON.
- Note how many times the MIL blinks, and determine the cause of the problem (See page 5-9).

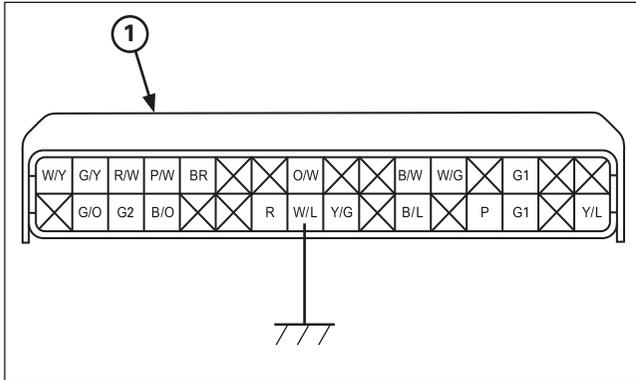


- (1) POWER SWITCH
- (2) MIL
- (3) WARN/RESET SWITCH

Self-diagnosis Reset Procedure

- Connect the PGM-FI warning unit assembly to the wire harness and 12 V battery same procedure as Self-diagnosis (see previous step).
- Before turn ON the power switch, turn the warning/reset switch to the warning side.
- Turn the power switch ON, then turn the warning/reset switch to reset side.
- The MIL lights about 5 seconds.
While the MIL lights, turn the warning/reset switch to the warning side.
- Self-diagnosis memory data is erased, if the MIL turns off and start blinking.
- The "WARN/RESET" switch must be switched to "WARN" side while the indicator lights. If not, the MIL will not start blinking
- Note that the self-diagnosis memory data cannot be erased if you disconnect the battery from the warning unit assembly before the MIL starts blinking.
PGM-FI Self-diagnosis Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) Failure Codes

Electrical servicing

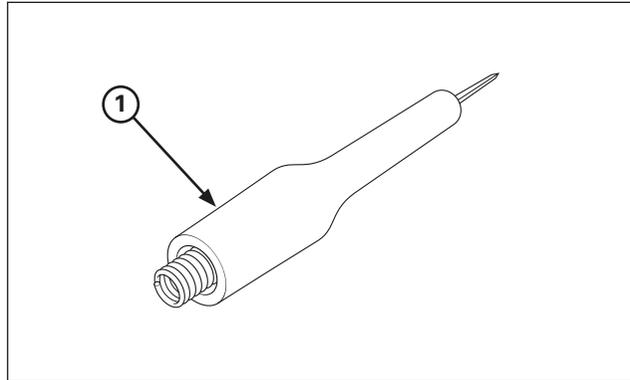


(1) 32P CONNECTOR GENERAL INSTALLATION

Mil circuit troubleshooting

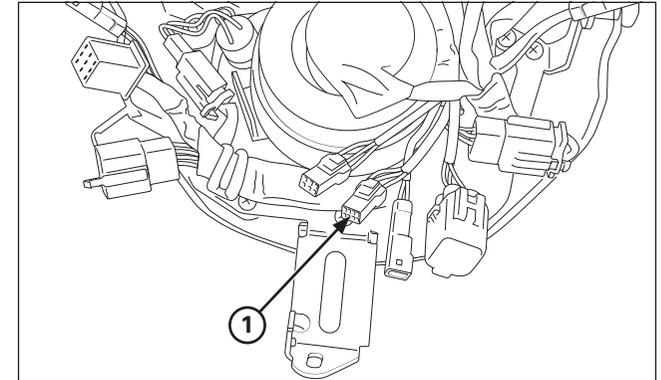
If the MIL does not come on when the engine start, check as follows:

- Stop the engine
- Disconnect the ECM 32P (Black) connector
- Ground the White/blue wire terminal of the wire harness side ECM 32P (Black) connector with a jumper wire



(1) PROBE

Tool:
Test probe 07ZAJ-RDJA110



(1) 4P (WHITE) CONNECTOR

- Start the engine the MIL should come on.
- If the MIL comes on, replace the ECM with a known good one and recheck the MIL indication.
- If the MIL does not come on, check for open circuit between green wire terminal of MIL 4P (White) connector and White/blue wire terminal of the wire harness side ECM 32P (Black) connector.
- If the wire is OK, replace the combination meter.

MIL and DTC (ISO) error codes for the PGM-FI injection system.

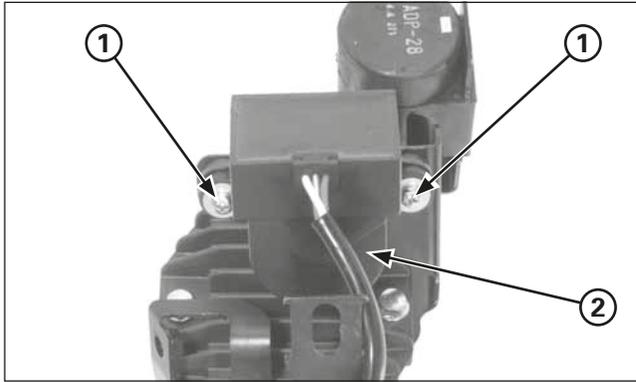
- The PGM-FI MIL denotes the failure codes (the number of blinks from 0 to 54). When the indicator lights for 1.3 seconds, it is equivalent to ten blinks. For example; a 1.3 second illumination and two blinks (0.5 second x 2) of the indicator equals 12 blinks. Follow code 12 troubleshooting.
- When more than one failure occurs, the MIL shows the blinks in the order of lowest number to highest number. For example; if the indicator blinks once, then seven times, two failures have occurred. Follow codes 1 and 7 troubleshooting.

Number of blinks (*)		ISO error codes (**)	Causes	Symptoms
0	No blinks		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Faulty ECM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine does not start
	No blinks		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Faulty ECM (PGM-FI warning indicator output) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine operates normally
	Stay lit		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short circuit in service check connector • Faulty ECM (PGM-FI warning indicator output) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine operates normally
1	Blink	P0160	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or short circuit in MAP sensor line (in the ECM) • Faulty MAP sensor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor idle
7	Blinks	P0116	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose or poor contact on ECT sensor • Open or short circuit in ECT sensor wire • Faulty ECT sensor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hard starting at a low temperature (Simulate using numerical values; 90 °C/194 °F) • Cooling fan does not stop
8	Blinks	P0121	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or short circuit in TP sensor line (in the ECM) • Faulty TP sensor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor engine response when operating the throttle quickly (Simulate using numerical values; throttle open 0°)
9	Blinks	P0111	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or short circuit in IAT sensor line (in the ECM) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine operates normally (Simulate using numerical values; 25 °C/77 °F)
12	Blinks	P0200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose or poor contact on injector connector • Open or short circuit in injector wire • Faulty injector 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine does not start
21	Blinks	P0130	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose or poor contact on O2 sensor • Open or short circuit in O2 sensor wire • Faulty O2 sensor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine operates normally
54	Blinks	P1000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose or poor contact on bank angle sensor connector • Open circuit in bank angle sensor wire • Faulty bank angle sensor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine starts but stops after few seconds.

(*) Warning unit

(**) Generic diagnosis tool (DST)

Electrical servicing

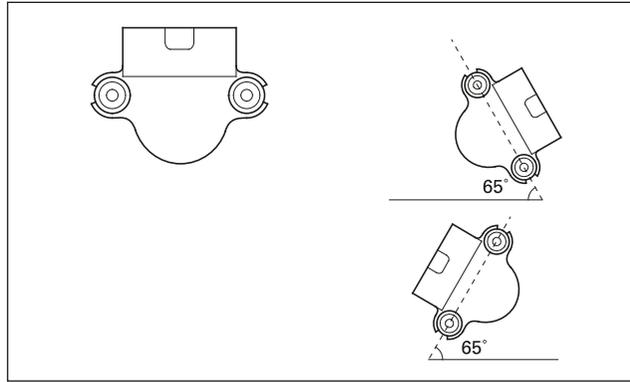


- (1) SCREWS
- (2) BANK ANGLE SENSOR

Bank angle sensor inspection

Remove the electric stay assembly from the frame (page 5-2).

Remove the screws and bank angle sensor from the sensor bracket.



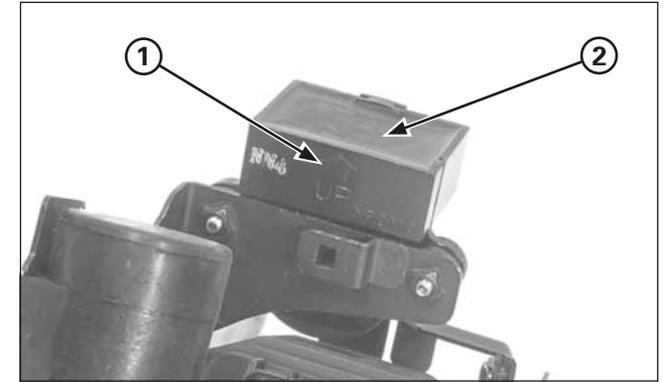
Connect the bank angle sensor 3P (Natural) connector. With the arrow mark on the bank angle sensor facing up, start the engine.

Incline the bank angle sensor approximately 65 degrees to the left or right, make sure that the engine stops after few seconds.

If the engine stops, the bank angle sensor is normal. If the engine does not stop, replace the bank angle sensor.

With the arrow/UP mark on the bank angle sensor facing up again, restart the engine.

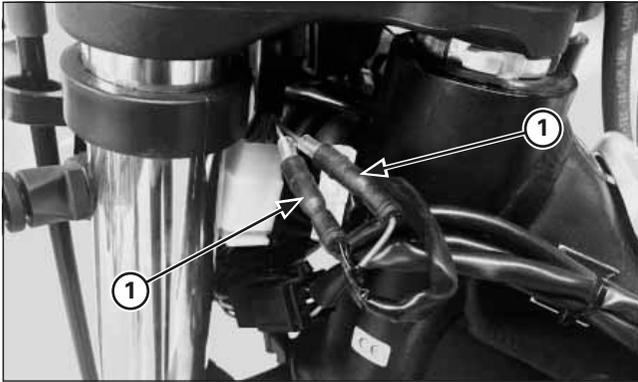
The engine starts, the bank angle sensor is normal.



- (1) ARROW/UP MARK
- (2) BANK ANGLE SENSOR

Install the bank angle sensor in the reverse order of removal.

Install the bank angle sensor with its arrow/UP mark facing up as shown.

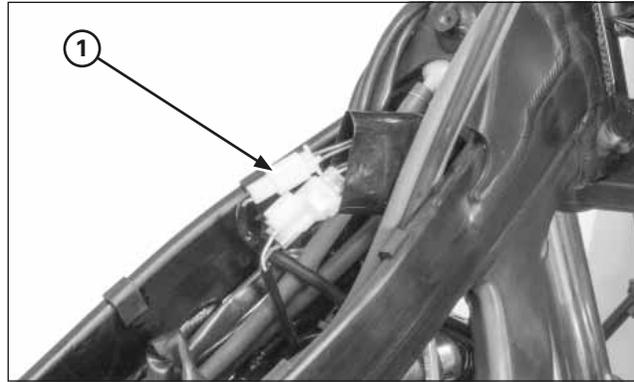


(1) CONNECTORS

Engine stop switch inspection

Disconnect the engine stop switch connectors. Check the engine stop switch for continuity. There should be continuity only when the engine stop button is pushed.

Replace the switch if it is out of specification.



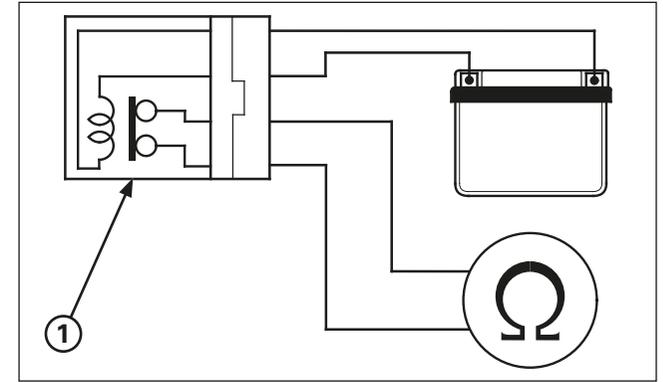
(1) 2P (NATURAL) CONNECTOR

Cooling fan system inspection

Fan motor inspection

Remove the fuel tank. Disconnect the fan motor 2P (Natural) connector.

Directly connect a 12 V battery to the fan motor 2P (Natural) connector terminals of the fan motor side. The fan motor is correct when the fan motor operate when the 12 V battery is connected. If the fan motor does not operate, replace the fan motor assembly.



(1) FAN MOTOR RELAY

Fan motor relay inspection

Remove the fan motor relay. Connect the ohmmeter to the fan motor relay connector terminals.

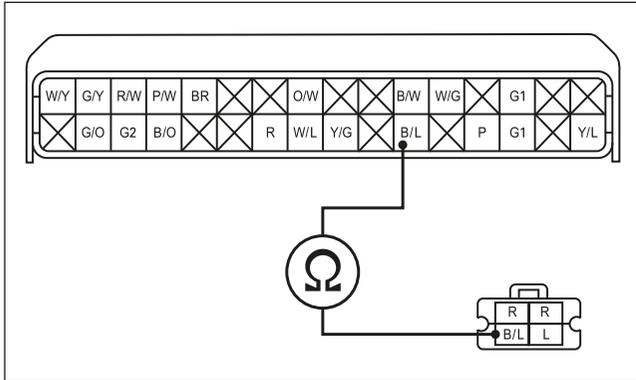
Connection: Red – Blue

Connect the 12 V battery to the following fan motor relay terminals.

Connection: Red – Black/Blue

There should be continuity only when the 12 V battery is connected. If there is no continuity when the 12 V battery is connected, replace the fan motor relay.

Electrical servicing

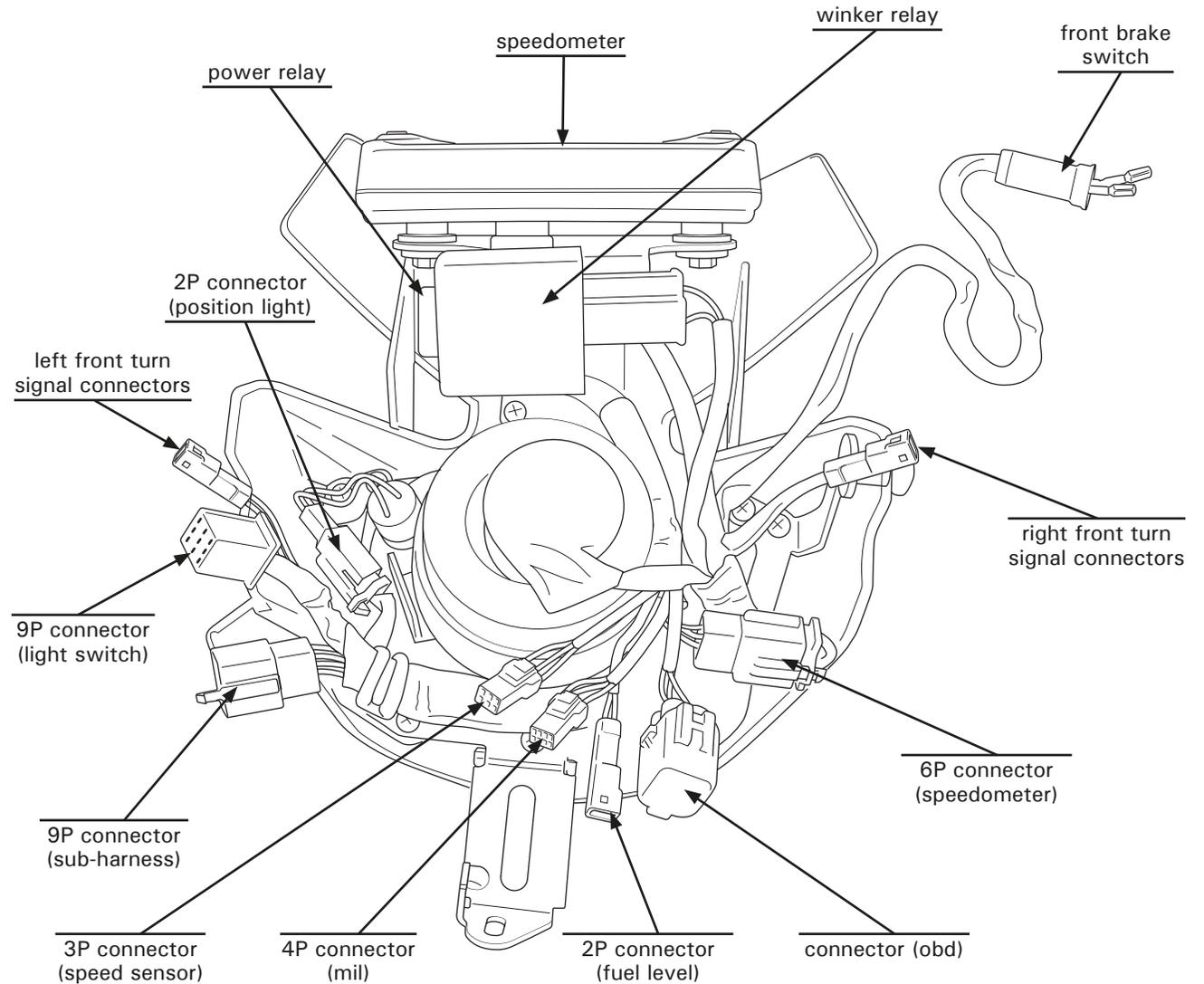


Wire harness inspection

Check for continuity of the Black/Blue wire between the fan motor relay 2P (Natural) connector and ECM 32P (Black) connector. There should be continuity. If there is no continuity, repair or replace the wire harness.

Lights / instruments / switches

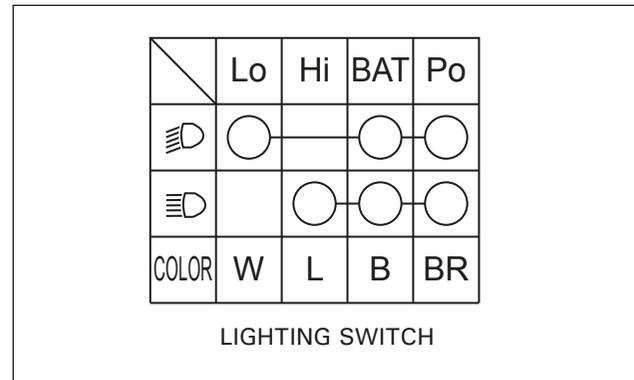
System location



Servicing information

- Bear in mind the following when replacing the front headlight bulb.
 - Use clean gloves when replacing the bulb. Do not touch the front headlight bulb with your fingertips, since this could produce hot spots on the bulb and cause it to break.
 - If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
- Ensure that you replace the dust cover after changing the front headlight bulb.
- The bulb for the front headlight gets very hot when it is on and remains hot for a while after the front headlight has been turned off. Ensure that you leave it to cool before carrying out any maintenance work.
- Continuity checks can be carried out using the switches on the motorcycle.
- The following colour codes are used throughout this section.

COLOUR CODES	
B	Black
Y	Yellow
L	Blue
G	Green
R	Red
W	White
V	Violet
BR	Brown
O	Orange
SB	Light blue
LG	Light green
P	Pink
GR	Grey



Checks:

If the engine starts but the front headlight or the position light do not work, check the following:

- Bulb blown or not of the specified wattage.
- Loose connector.
-

Start the engine and check the voltage between the following terminals of the connector 9P (white) on the harness side:

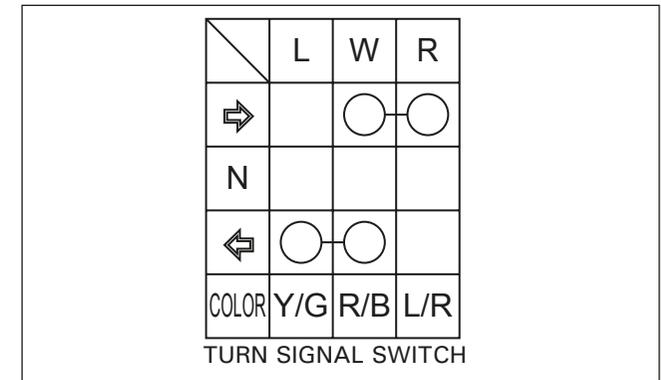
Connection: Black (+) and Ground (-)
Standard: 12V approximately.

If there is no voltage, check the following:

- Open circuit in the black wire between the ignition relay and the connector 9P (white) on the handlebar.

If there is voltage, disconnect the connector 9P from the left switch on the handlebar.

Check the continuity between the terminals in each switch position, as shown in the table.



Indicator light/Indicator light relay.

Checks:

If the engine starts but the indicator lights do not work, check the following:

- Bulb blown or not of the specified wattage.
- Loose connector.
- Operation of the indicator light switch:

Disconnect the connector 9P from the left switch on the handlebar.

Check the continuity between the terminals in each switch position, as shown in the table.

If the previous elements are working properly, start the engine and check the voltage between the following terminals of the connector on the harness side:

Connection: Red/Black (+) and Ground (-)
Standard: 12V approximately.

If there is no voltage, check the following:

- Open circuit in the black wire between the indicator light relay 2P (white) and the ignition relay black wire..



(1) BRAKE LIGHT LAMP

Checking indicator line:

Connect the terminals of the connector 2P (white) of the indicator relay with a jumper wire.

Connection: Red/Black – Black

Start the engine and move the indicator switch to position \updownarrow or \leftarrow .

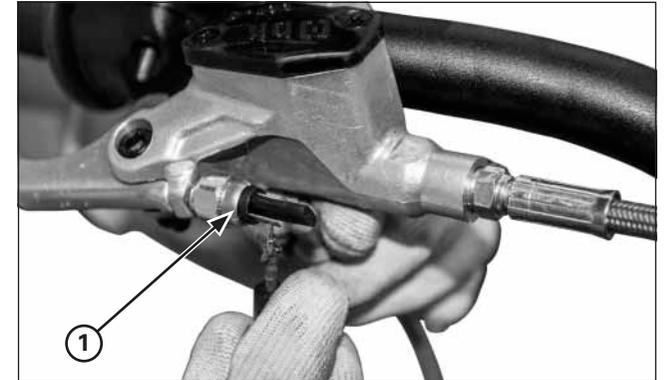
Check that the indicator lights are working.

- If the indicator lights come on, replace the indicator relay with one that you know is working correctly and carry out the checks again.
- If the indicator lights are not working, check to see if there is an open circuit in:
 - Yellow/green wire (left side)
 - Blue/red wire (right side)
 - Green wires for the indicators.

Brake light.

If the engine starts but the brake light does not work, check the following:

- Burnt out led.
- Loose connector.
- Open circuit in the Black wire between the ignition relay and the brake switch.



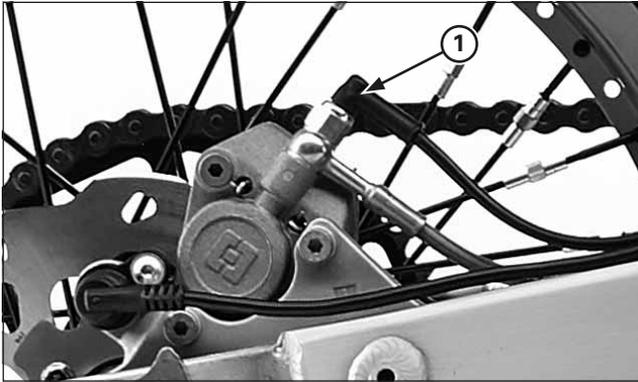
(1) 2P CONNECTOR FOR THE BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

Brake light switch.

Front:

Disconnect the connector 2P from the front brake light switch.

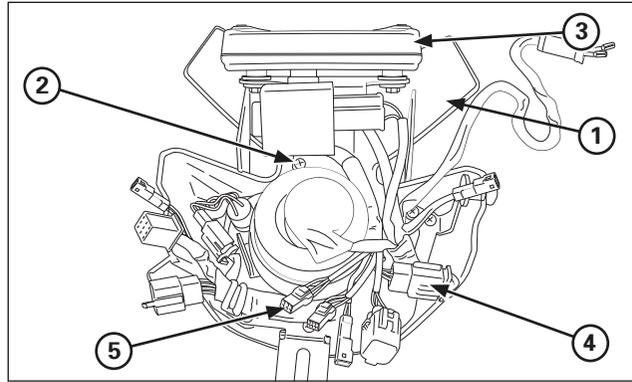
There should be continuity with the brake lever applied, and there should be none when this lever is not applied.



(1) CONNECTOR 2P FROM THE REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH.

Rear:

Disconnect the connector 2P from the rear brake light switch.
There should be continuity with the brake pedal applied, and there should be none when this pedal is not applied.



(1) HOUSING FOR THE HEADLIGHT
(2) BOLTS
(3) SPEEDOMETER
(4) CONNECTOR 6P
(5) CONNECTOR 3P

Speedometer

Removal/Installation

- Remove the housing for the headlight.
- Remove the screws and the speedometer
- Disconnect the connectors 6P (white) and 3P (white) from the speedometer.

Carry out the installation in the reverse order to removal.

TORQUE:

3 Pinch bolts for the speedometer: 1.0 N•m (0.1 kgf•m)



(1) SPEEDOMETER

Checks:

Check for loose or defective contacts in the connectors 6P and 3P of the speedometer.

When starting the engine, check that the speedometer light comes on.

If the speedometer does not work at first, check the power lines and ground for the speedometer.

If the speedometer works initially but later does not move when in motion, check the system for the speed sensor.

Checking the power/ground lines

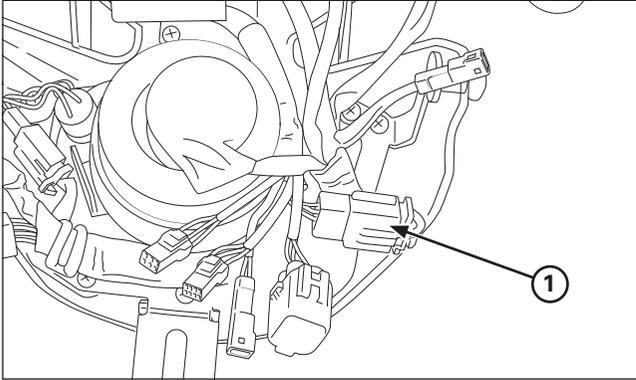
- Remove the speedometer.

NOTICE

Do not disconnect the connector 6P on the speedometer [1] during the checks.

With the connector 6P of the speedometer connected, check the following in the connector on the harness side.

Electrical servicing



(1) CONNECTOR 6P

Power input line

Measure the voltage between the connector 6P of the speedometer and the ground.

Connection: White/Red(+) and Ground (-)

With the engine on, around 12V should be received.

If there is no voltage, check the existence of an open circuit in the White/Red wire.

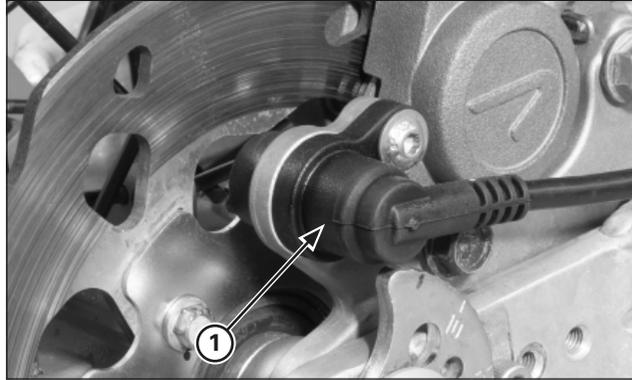
Ground line

Measure the continuity between the connector 6P of the speedometer and the ground.

Connection: Green – Ground

There must be continuity at all times.

If there is no continuity, check the existence of an open circuit in the green wire.



(1) SPEED SENSOR

Speed sensor

System check

NOTICE

- *Before starting this inspection, visually check the speedometer system components.*

Checking the air gap

Safely support the motorcycle with a lifting device or equivalent and raise the wheel off the ground.

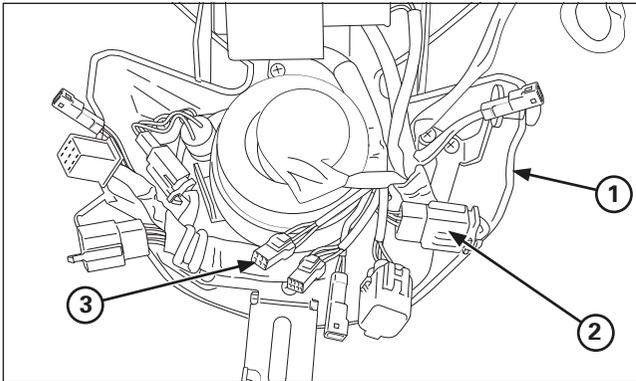
Measure the gap (air gap) between the sensor and the pulse generator ring at different points by turning the wheel slowly.

It must be within the specification.

Standard: 0.5 – 1.5 mm (0.031 – 0.035 in)

The air gap cannot be adjusted.

If it is not within the specification, check whether there are deformities, damage or if any of the parts assembled are loose.



(1) HOUSING FOR THE UPPER HEADLIGHT
 (2) CONNECTOR 6P
 (3) CONNECTOR 3P

Checking the speed sensor

Remove the housing for the upper headlight.

Check if there are loose or defective contacts in the connector 3P (white) of the speed sensor.

Disconnect the connector 3P (white) of the speed sensor.

Start the engine.

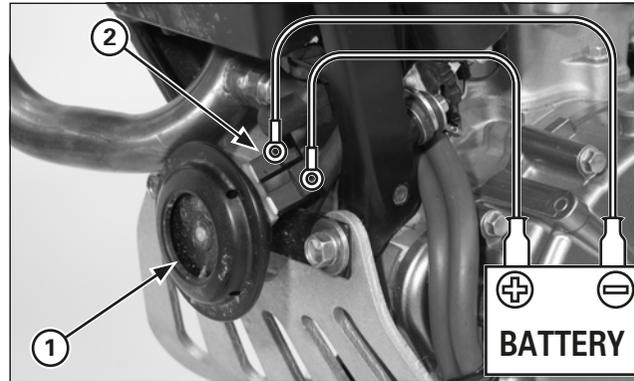
Measure the voltage between the terminals of the connector 3P (white) of the speedometer on the wire side.

Connection: Red (+) and Blue (-)
Standard: 5V approximately.

If the standard voltage appears, replace the speed sensor.

If there is no standard voltage, check the following:

- The blue wire in case there is an open circuit.
- The red wire in case there is an open circuit.
- Speedometer.



(1) HORN
 (2) CONNECTORS

Horn

Checks:

If the engine starts but the horn does not work, check the following:

- Loose connection.

If there is no loose connector, disconnect the connectors from the horn.

Connect the 12 V battery to the horn's terminals. If the horn does not sound, replace it with a new unit and repeat the test.

If the horn sounds, do the following procedure:

Start the engine and check the voltage between the following terminals of the connector 9P (white) on the harness side:

Connection: Black (+) and Ground (-)
Standard: 12V approximately.

	GND	Ho
FREE		
PUSH		
COLOR	G	LG

HORN SWITCH

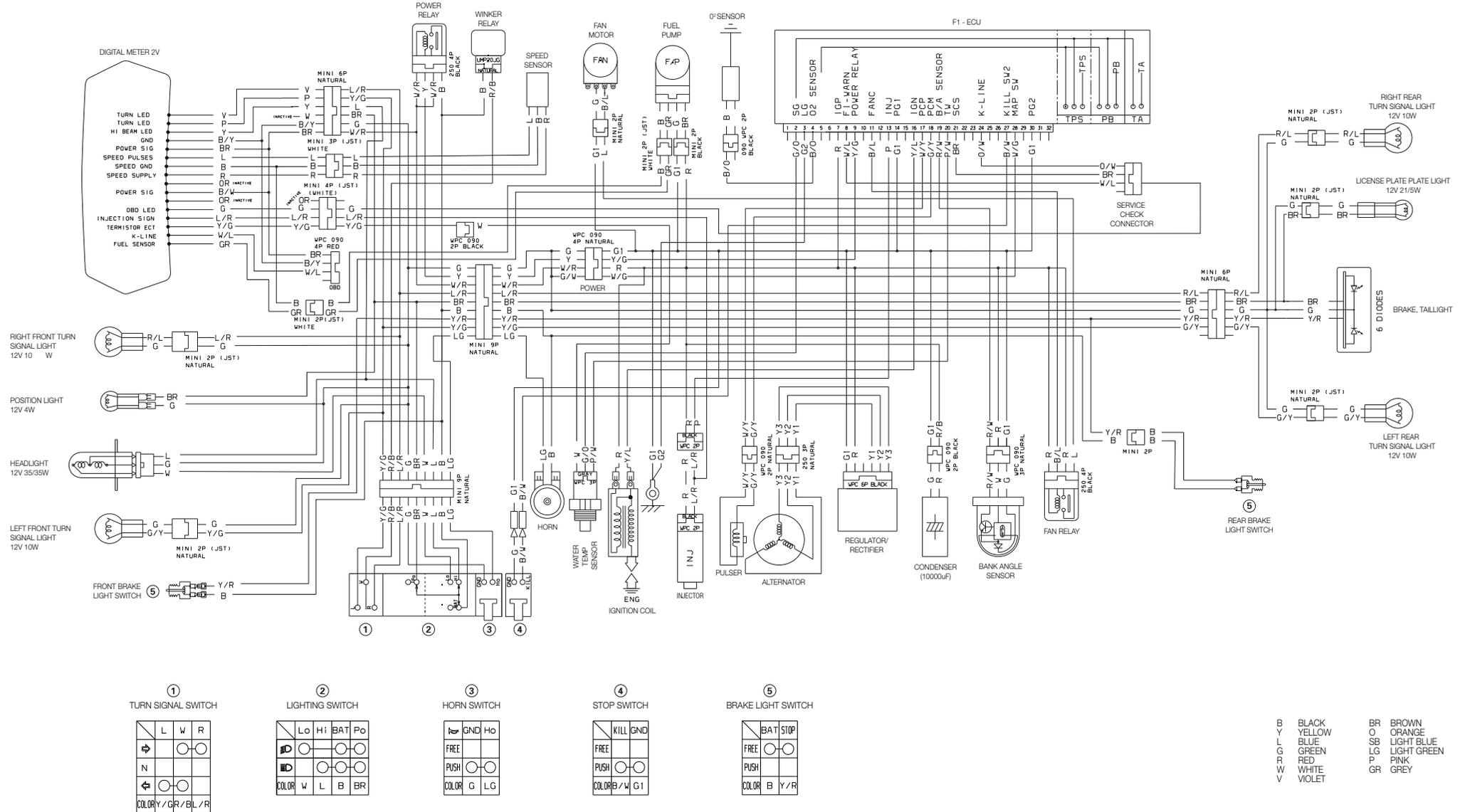
If there is no voltage, check the following:

- Open circuit in the Black wire between the ignition relay and the connector 9P (white) on the handlebar.

If there is voltage, check the continuity between the terminals in each switch position, as shown in the table.

Electrical servicing

Wiring diagram



6. Manufacturer and authorized representative for the European and UK markets

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Memo



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